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THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

VOL XXX

ATLANTA, GA., THURSDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 11, 1897.-TWELVE PAGES

PRICE FIVE CENTS

THREE ARE IN JAIL CHARGED WITH MURDER

Steinau, O'Quinn and Simon in Fulton County Jail.

THE HABEAS CORPUS TRIAL

Developments in the Murder Case of Policeman Ponder.

CORONER'S INQUEST NEXT SATURDAY

The Decision of Judge Lumpkin-Lively Scene in Court-Some Hot Shot from Lawyers-Commitment Trial To Follow on Warrants.

Louis Steinau, Walter O'Quinn and Julius Simon three of the men who have been in custody two days on suspicion of being imkin, of the superior court, yesterday afterhabeas corpus was called in his court at \$:20 o'clock.

There was no inquest vesterday morning. it being deemed advisable to postpone an investigation until 8:30 o'clock Saturday

Steinau, O'Quinn and Simon with the murder of Ponder yesterday afternoon, and these warrants played an important part in the habeas corpus proceedings.

The warrants were sworn out at the instigation of the city attorney, and it was done after he had held a long conference with the police authorities. Judge Anderson was made cognizant of all the evidence and seems to have become convinced that there was enough facts in the possessions of the detectives to make out strong cases against the three men on the charge of

And there were other very sensational developments in the matter which makes a new chapter in the cases. The city detectives, with the assistance of the receiver a large lot of whisky and cigars were recently taken from Steinau's wholesale store. and it is believed that the goods were taken for the purpose of defrauding the creditors. The officers have located a lot of the goods in the city after a most diligent search.

This discovery plays a most important part in the murder case as well as in the burglary, if the theory of the detectives is correct.

As soon as it was known that the coroner's inquest had been postponed interest centered in the writs of habeas corpus which were heard before Judge Lumpkin at 3:30 o'clock in the afternoon. There was a fair-s:zed audience in the superior courtroom when the hour for the hearing arrived. About a quarter after 3 o'clock Steinau, O'Quinn and Simon were brought from the police barracks by three officers and they took seats close together and near their attorneys, Messrs. J. J. Spalding and George Westmoreland.

At another table were seated City Attorney James A. Anderson, Chief of Police W. P. Manly and three or four of the city

detectives. Judge Lumpkin walked to the bench and taking his seat said:

"The hour has arrived for the hearing of the habeas corpus writs for Louis Steinau, Walter O'Quinn and Julius Simon."

City Attorney Anderson stated that the bodies of the three men were in court. It was ascertained that Solicitor Hill was not present and this caused some delay. Later Mr. B. H. Hill arrived and stated to the court that the solicitor was home sick and he would represent him.

Mr. Westmoreland said his clients had never been served with a copy of the responses to the writs, and he was furnished with the copies by the city attorney. There were two papers, one for the cases of O'Quinn and Simon and one for Louis Steinau. These responses were as follows:

Response to Steinau's Plea.

"Louis Steinau vs. W. P. Manly, Chief of Police-The undersigned, W. P. Manly, chief of police of the city of Atlanta, said county, responding to the writ of habeas

county, responding to the writ of habeas corpus served on him in the case above stated and to so much of the petition as he is advised it is material to answer, states to the court:

"It is true that the petitioner is in respondent's custody and respondent produces his body here in court in obedience to the writ of habeas corpus.

"As to the cause of arrest and detention of petitioner this respondent shows that about 6 o'clock p. m.. on the %th instant, one Thomas J. Ponder, a member of the police force of the city of Atlanta, while on duty as a patrolman and in the discharge of such duty, entered the whole-sale liquor house of the petitioner and was murdered in the house by some one unlawfully therein, as said place of business had been put in the charge of R. B Blackburn, Est, as receiver of Fulton superior court that day; that on the afternoon of said day and Blackburn had actually taken charge of said place and had at about 5:30 p. m. of that day locked the three doors furnish-

ing means of ingress and egress to and from said store.

"3. Respondent further shows that the facts and circumstances connected with said killing so far as they have come to his knowledge and attention indicate in his opinion that petitioner was either the actual perpetrator of the murder in question or was legally responsible for the same, and for this reason he was arrested and detained.

"4. Respondent further shows that since."

and for this reason he was arrested and detained.

"4. Respondent further shows that since the issuance of the writ of habeas corpus in this case a warrant has been taken against said petitioner and two other persons, writs of habeas corpus in whose cases are returnable at the same time, charging them with the murder in question, which warrants have been by the magistrate issuing them set for hearing at 1 o'clock p. m., on the 12th day of November, 1897, and that the coroner's inquest in the case has been postponed to the 18th instant, and that the interests of public justice require that petitioner be remanded either to the custody of respondent or of the sheriff of Fulton county to await the preliminary inquiry under the warrant here shown to the court, and respondent prays that an order so remanding petitioner may be made."

Response to Simon and O'Quinn.

"The undersigned, W. P. Manly, chief of police of the city of Atlanta, said county, responding to the writs of habeas corpus served on him in the case above stated and to so much of the petition as he is advised it is material to answer, states to the court: stated and to so much of the petition as he is advised it is material to answer, states to the court:

"I. It is true that petitioners are in respondent's custody and respondent produces their bodies here in court in obedience to the writs of habeas corpus.

"2. As to the cause of "rrest and detention of the two petitioners this respondent shows that about 6 o'clock on the 8th instant one Thomas J. Ponder, a patrolman of the city of Atlanta, while en duty and in the discharge of such duty, entered the wholesale liquor house of L. Steinau on Wall street, said county, and was murdered in the house by someone unlawfully therein, as said business had been put in charge of R. B. Blackburn as receiver of Fulton court that day: that on the afternoon of said day said Blackburn had actually teken charge of said place and had about 5:30 p. m. of that day locked the three doors furnishing means of access, ingress and egress to and from said store.

"3. Respondent furtiler shows that these two petitioners were conducting business, or aiding to conduct a retail liquor business next door, east of said wholesale liquor house; that Simon, one of the petitioners, is a brother-in-law of L. Stelnau, and



LOUIS STEINAU.

In Whose Place of Business Patrolman Ponder Was Killed, and Who Is Now Held on a Warrant Charging Him With Complicity in the Murder.

NACK TELLS HOW **CULDENSUPPE DIED**

Thome's Accomplice Goes on the Stand In Court.

THE BARBER USED A PISTOL Woman Describes How the Dead Man Was Lured to the Cottage.

She Describes the Manner in Which the Bath Rubber Was Murdered and Quartered.

New York, November 10.—There was an extraordinary turn of affairs today in the

then came running down, and when he met me he said:

"Tve shot him; he is dead."
"He was very excited and I was half lead," said the self-confessed murderess, 'What did you do then?" asked Judge

Weller.
"He asked me to go home and come back at 5 o'clock. When I came back that evening Thorne had everything packed in bundles. He handed me a bundle which he said contained Guidensuppe's clothes, and he took another bundle which was wrapped up in a gray-colored paper. He said that it was Guidensuppe's head and that it was done up in plaster of paris. He it was done up in plaster of paris. He took the trolley car and went over to New York on a ferry boat."

"On which ferry boat."
"I don't know: I am a stranger to the city and can't say. When we reached New York I went home and Thorne went to some other place. I cut open the bundle and found clothes."
"Whose clothes?" asked the prosecution

on, "William Gullensuppe's," replied the witness, emphatically.
"I saw Thorne that evening again and he told me to meet him the following morning (Saturday) at the Thirty-fourth street

ferry."
In relating what had been done with the various parts of Guldensuppe's corpse, Mrs. Nack said that when she went back to the cottage at 5 o'clock Thorne had everything tied up in parcels, some of them in the oil cloth that she had purchased in Long Island City. When they were ready to leave the cottage she took one parcel and Thorne another. Hers contained Gulden-

Thorne another. Hers contained Gulden-suppe's clothing and in Thorne's parcel was the dead man's head, which he had incased in plaster paris in the washtub of the cottage. They went directly to a ferry—which one she did not know—and she went to the front of the boat and Thorne

went to the front of the boat and Thorne staid on the rear.

Scon after the boat was in mid-stream Thorne rejoined her and said that he had thrown the head overboard On reaching New York she went to her home, where she burned the parcel containing the clothing. On June 26th they went back to the cottage and found the other bundles still there. On leaving, Thorne carried one of the bundles with him, and they again crossed the ferry, and Thorne stayed on the rear of the boat until it had nearly reached New York, when he came to her and said that he had dropped his bundle in the water. It contained a part of the dismembered body.

The woman spoke fairly intelligible English, with a very strong German accent.

lish, with a very strong German accent.

Thorne listened to every word with his ltps closely compressed, his hands clasped and resting on his knees. Frequently his lips became dry and parched and occasionlips became dry and parched and occasionally he would moisten them with his tongue. His face bore that same stolid look of indifference which it has worn all through, but his eyes were restless. When he was not gazing at his accuser he was casting furtive glances around the courtroom and up into the galleries, which were crowded with men and women.

Mrs. Nack told of the purchasing of the oil cloth and other wrappings and identified some of the letters which she got from Thorne.

Mrs. Nack claimed that she never loved

Mrs. Nack claimed that she never loved Thorne, but that he made her assist him. The remainder of the afternoon was taken up by bath rubbers who had worked alongside of the murdered man in Murray Hill baths, One of them was Guidensuppe's nephew, and he, as well as the others, positively identified the portions of the mutiliated and headless body which had been picked up within a week after the awful crime had been committed. The people, through the prosecutor, produced one expert witness, Coroner Tuthill, of New York. He described the different portions of the body which were brought to the morgue and proved conclusively that they belonged to the same person. Mrs. Nack claimed that she never loved to the same person.

A few minutes after 4 o'clock the court-teem was unbearable, owing to the dense crowd which had gained admission, and a recess of a few minutes was allowed by the court. During the recess one of the jurymen, Angus Larson, was attacked with stornach trouble, and as the physicians who attended him said that he would be unable to remain in court, an adjournment was taken until half-past 9 o'clock drawals, it is claimed, have been going on drawals, it is claimed, have been going on tomorrow morning, when it is expected that the juror will be sufficiently recovered to allow the trial to go on.

Thorne's lawyers have decided to put him on the stand when the proper time comes, and they promise that when he tells all he knows the court and jury as well as the spectators and the reading public will

be treated to another rensation.
'The evidence of the people will probably be concluded early tomorrow afternoon. but Thorne may not be examined as a witness in his own behalf before Friday. Throughout the day Thorne behaved won-derfully well, and his self-control under the existing circumstances was remarka-ble. At times he seemed deeply interested, and his lurking sneer which has always been in evidence, was not so palpable as on the previous days.
On two occasions, when Mrs. Nack was

On two occasions, when Mrs. Nack was closely pressed by Lawyer Howe. Thorne enjoyed her discomfiture and laughed out-right. There is scarcely any doubt as to the fate which awaits the barber, but as yet the prosecution has not stated what immunity shall be given to Mrs. Nack for the unlooked-for position in which she has placed herself today.

BONDS PUT UP AS SECURITY. Secretary Gage Will Be Kept Busy Signing His Name.

Washington, November 10.—The secretary of the treasury today received from the National City bank of New York \$9,600,000 in United States bonds as security for a part of the Union Pacific purchase money to be deposited with it and other New York banks with a view to preventing a con-traction of the circulation by reason of the withdrawal by the reorganization committee of the amount of their bid for the Union Pacific road. The National Bank of the Republic also

has deposited \$800,000 in bonds for the same

the Union Pacific sinking fund will enta! upon Secretary Gage considerable labor, as he will be obliged to sign his name 9,248 times, a duty that will occupy all of his time not otherwise taken up for a week

HAS SIGNED ENGLISH RIDER. American Manager Will Bring Chase Over To Meet Speedy Cyclists.

New York, November 10 .- A. A. Chase the English middle distance bicycle rider weeks and meet the speedlest men on the American cycle path.

Chase has held the world's record for

fifty miles, one hundred miles and twelve hours, and last month eclipsed all past performances in road racing when he covred 100 miles in 4:16:35. He is also holder of the world's profes-sional championship of 100 kilometers.

VENTRE SENT BACK TO FRANCE. Alleged Anarchist Placed Aboard the Steamer Normandie.

COÉS INTO COURT

Bill for Receiver Filed Yesterday Against the Association.

STOCKHOLDERS ARE PLAINTIFFS

Judge Pardee, of the Federal Court, Grants a Restraining Order.

CASE IS SET FOR HEARING FRIDAY

The Association Claims That the Bill Is Wholly Unnecessary and That the Assets Exceed the Liabilities in the Ratio of Two to One.

A bill for receiver and injunction was yesterday filed in the United States federal court against the Southern Home Building and Loan Association of Atlanta. The bill was brought by stockholders of

the association who reside in Alabama and who claim that the association cannot pay its withdrawal stock and that it is being conducted at a great loss to the stock-holders. The charge is also made of insolvency and the court was asked to name a receiver to take charge of the association's business and hold the assets subject to the future orders of the court. Judge Don A. Pardee took the bill under

consideration yesterday at 1 o'clock and later in the afternoon he signed a restraining order, granting a rule nisi, requiring the association, by its officers or counsel, to show cause before him at noon Friday why the prayers of the petitioners should not be granted and why a receiver should why the prayers of the petitioners should not be granted and why a receiver should not be appointed and the restraining order be made permanent. The bill was presented Judge Pardee by Attorneys Andrews & Davies, Thompkins & Alston and Arnold & Arnold, who represent the stockholders appearing as plaintiffs against the association.

tion.

The petition charges that the Southern Home Building and Loan Association, with its principal office in Atlanta at the corner of Broad and Alabama streets, is insolvent and that it is now practically in voluntary liquidation. It charges that the liquidation is being conducted at the enormous expense to the association of \$1,300 per month and that the association is now being maintained by "force pump" methods and that there is really no substantial basis to its existence.

existence.

The bill shows forty grounds upon which the receiver is asked for and is quite lengthy, consisting of many pages of close-ly typewritten manuscript. It alleges that more than 600 members have filed applica-tions for withdrawals and that the applica-tions are now on file in the office of the association and have never been satisfied

its obligations along this line. These with-drawals, it is claimed, have been going on since last February. Depreciation of Values.

It is claimed that the association has lost a large amount of money on account of the depreciation of values in real estate in Texas and other far western and southern states. The bill states that so great has been the depreciations that the association has been afraid to foreclose its mortgages and force a sale, as the sale would disclose the weak condition of the association and would have have alarmed its stockholders. It is claimed that the last statement issued by the association shows that the Texas and other far western and southern sued by the association shows that the sum of \$400,000 has been charged to the account of profit and loss since the state-nent before the last was issued, which covered the fiscal year of the association. It is further claimed that the association for the past year has practically made no loars on real estate or other securities other than its own stock, in this way cutting off the means of profits by the accru-ing of interest.

The bill charges that the association is doing little, if any, business and that the main occupation of its officers just now is in getting up funds with which to keep the association going and with which to pay some of the most urgent withdrawals.

The Loan Fund in Danger. It is claimed that in order to pay off tome of the withdrawals and expenses it became necessary for the officers to in-vade the loan fund during the year ending

September 15th.

The assessment is shown to be 60 cents on each share of stock, 10 cents of which was relegated to the expense account. The petition shows that last year the expenses ate up the expense account proper and that the loan fund was then entered into expenses.

Since September 15th, the ending of the past fiscal year, it is claimed that the officers have abandoned the 10 per cent exofficers have abandoned the 10 per cent ex-pense assessment and have been taking the expenses out of the profits entirely. The plan of the Southern Home Building and Loan Association shows that a share of stock, all payments being kept up, should mature in eighty-four months. The petition shows that on the books of the association is stock which is ninety-six months old and is yet worth only \$76, when, as a matter of fact, it should have been worth \$100 at the expiration of eighty-four months. In the market, it is claimed that this stock pracically has no value.

Other Charges in the Bill.

Under the old plan in regard to the pay-ment of expenses before the change of the rule last September, says the petition, 60 cents per month was paid by every member of the association, which gave the loan fund 50 cents and expenses 10 cents. Under

fund 50 cents and expenses 10 cents. Under the present rule, each member still pays 60 cents, but the expenses are taken from the profits altogether, it is claimed.

The bill shows there are three sources of profits to the association—fines and forfeitures, withdrawals and interest on loans. Taking the two classes of stockholders, the borrowing class and the non-borrowing, its evident, says the petition, that neither one of these classes being faithful and persecutation. one of these chases being latitud and per-sistent payers will yield any profit to the association through the first and second sources of profits and the contention is that borrowing stockholders between themselves and the



JULIUS SIMON-Sketched from Life-

The Dashing and Swell Saloonist, a Brother-in-Law of Louis Steinau, and Who Is Held on a Warrant Sworn Out by Detectives, Charging Murder.

tention were demanded and yet none were

O'Quinn, the other petitioner, was a bartender in said retail liquor store, and that said Steinau, according to respondent's information and belief, was interested in said retail liquor store.

"4. Respondent further shows that there were two doors leading from Wall street into said wholesale liquor store and into said retail liquor store and also doors from both the wholesale and retail liquor stores leading into an alley in the rear of the building in which these stores are located, and that about eighteen or twenty feet from Wall street there was a door opening from one of these stores into the other.

"5. Respondent further shows that the facts and circumstances connected with

facts and circumstances connected with said homicide, so far as they have come to nis knowledge and attention, indicate, in his

said homicine, so far as they have come to his knowledge and attention, indicate, in his opinion, that petitioners were either the actual perpetrators of the murder in question or were legally responsible for the same, and for this reason they were arrested and detained.

"6. Respondent further shows that since the issuance of the two writs of habeas corpus in this case warrants have been issued against said petitioners and on another person, which case is returnable at the same time, charging them with the murder in question, which warrants have been by the magistrate issuing them set for hearing at 1 o'clock p. m. on the 12th day of November, 1897, and that the interests of public justice require that petitioners be remanded either to the custody of respondent or of the sheriff of Fulton county to await the preliminary inquiry under the warrants here shown to the court, and respondent prays that an order see remanding said two petitioners may be

During the reading of the responses by the attorneys there was much whispered talk which continued until Mr. Hill arose and stated:

"If your honor please, we are ready to go on with the proceedings. Warrants have been sworn out for the three men mentioned in the writ of habeas corpus and those warrants charge them with murder and are returnable day after tomorrow before the magistrate who issued them. We think the proceedings have been irregularly brought here, while there is no reason why your honor should not go into a hearing if the court sees fit to do so for the purpose of fixing ball for the deefndants."

Hot Shot from Spalding. There was quiet for a few moments be-fore Mr. Spalding arose, and when he did he was loaded with some hot shot. He

"If your honor please, on last Monday vening at 6 o'clock there was committed in this city a horrible crime which shocked the public sense of right and justice and prrified the public that such a thing should happen in a civilized community. Shortly after the deed was committed these three men before you seeking liberty were rude'y seized without any warrants and were taken to the police barracks. In going to the police station they were taken along a street where there were two justice courts and yet no step was made for the purpose of taking out warrants, which could have been easily done. They were placed under what might have been termed an inquisition, if that term is strong enough to express the unlawful treatment to which they were subjected. They se-cured attorneys and warrants for their de-

forthcoming. Then yesterday we took out this writ of habeas corpus. The coroner impaneled a jury and they went through the preliminary of viewing the dead body of the murdered man, but no inquest was held, as the officers asked for a postponement until yesterday morning. Then again, yesterday morning the jury met and the officers still claimed that they had not sufficient evidence. All the while these defendants were held without any due process of law. There had been an even visitors had been subjected to the inquisition and the people at Mr. Steinau's home were guarded by police. His wife and little children were at home unde the surveillance of the police and their protector was in a cell. This outrageous an appeal was made to the police commission. Now, when these men come before this court to show their innocence what is done? Have they ever been taken before : justice of a peace as the law requires? No. The officers swore out warrants and the set a day for the hearing without consulting the prisoners or giving them any chance to be heard from. All this was done, not by law, but by the power of might, and if it does not suit this power to try the cases Friday afternoon there will again be a postponement. I tell you, when the high power of might overrides law it is a time for the people to pause and think. Here are the defendants before your honor, each ready and able to prove his innocence beyond the cavil of a doubt. And they are in jail. These city officials talk as if we had not even the right to come here and state our side of the case because, forsooth, they have a piece of paper, a warrant which has not been sworn out by due reated in a country where liberty is boasted of is enough to shock the entire community. If this sort of thing goes on what protection will society have? I rein this courtroom to prove before any jury on the face of the earth that they are enare not even under arrest, but we are no

"What air. Spaiding says is misplaced

process of law. The idea of men being so | lying in jail with a couple of detectives Judge Anderson. here to stickle in the bark We merely want our rights in a court of justice.'

The State Replies.

in this forum, and is the language of a lawyer who defends criminals and denounces the police for prosecuting the murderer," said Mr. Hill, "The officers are only holding these prisoners what the of time and warrants have been sworn out turn them loose under the circumstances. If you desire to go into an investigation for the purpose of fixing a bond you can

remanding the prisoners to the custody

WALTER O'QUINN, Simon's Bartender, Who, According to the Detectives' Theory, Is the Man Who Fired the Shot That Killed Ponder.

only wished to get some kind of a hear- Thorne murder trial at Long Island City.

about the merits of the cases, and if the court went into a hearing he would like to postpone the matter until tomorrow morning. But he thought it better to let the cases take their regular course and be heard in the magistrate's court. "We simply wish to be treated with jus-

tice," said Mr. Spalding. Judge Lumpkin stated that he did not think it advisable for him to go into a hearing of the evidence in the case when there were warrants pending which were to be heard in two days. Mr. Spalding said that from the way the

officers had been dilly dallying there was no telling when the warrants would be heard from again.

Judge Anderson's Shot. Judge Anderson was next heard from. and when he spoke he returned some of Mr. Spalding's hot shot. The city attornev said in the course of his remarks: "I don't think Mr. Spalding means exctly all he said in his stump speech, for he surely does not know how it sounds for a lawyer to abuse the other policemen after one of their number has been murdered. Mr. Spalding has told what he says somebody else told him about his clients being innocent. If a hearing is gone into we can have all the witnesses here tomor-

see why he should take the cases out of

the ordinary channels of procedure. "It was the prosecution who suggested that this court go into a hearing tomorrow," sa'd Mr. Spalding, "and not us. These men claim that their rights have been violated and they wish in some way to be admitted to bail. We do not feel like chewing our ears night and day just to gratify the ambition of officers who are on the wrong track, and the sooner they find it out the better and the quicker will they ferret out the perpetrator of the murder of the policeman. "It is the first time I ever heard of bail being asked for on a mere motion," said

Mr. Spalding replied quickly and rather "It is the first time I ever heard of men being held two days in a prison without a The remarks of Mr. Spalding were fol-

lowed by a ripple of applause from the and the sheriff rapped for order. Prisoners Sent to Jail. Judge Lumpkin decided that he would

Mrs. Augusta Nack, who was indicted together with her erstwhlle paramour, Martin Thorne, for the murder of her former lover, William Guldensuppe, for whom she deserted her legal husband, appeared in the role of a state's wilness against Martin Park. the role of a state's witness against Thorne, to the consternation of the latter's law-

For several weeks rumors have been cur-

rent that both Thorne and Mrs. Nack were striving to gain a remiss on of a probable capital centence by giving sufficie mation to the representatives of the people for the convict on of the other. Despite these rumors, the legal representatives of the man and woman have strenuously nied that either of the prisoners was in-clined to turn informer. Late last night W.l.iam E. Howe, Thorne's

counsel, was awakened by a messenger boy, who brought to him the message that Mrs. Augusta Nack had made a full confess on, mplicating Martin Thorne as the murder of Guldensuppe, and that through her legal advisers she had offered to turn state's evidence against her former lover. Thorne was not told of the confession until brought into court this morning.
When he heard of it he showed evidences

of nervousness for the first time since his

He soon regained his composure, how-ever, and while he leaned forward and spoke to his lawyer, Mrs. Nack entered the courtroom accompanied by her lawyer and a deputy sheriff. The woman passed close to Thorne on her way to the district attorney's table. But while he carefully kept track of her every movement, she avoided looking at him.

For two hours and forty minutes Mrs.

Nack remained on the witness stand, the cynosure of all eyes, while she told the terrible story of how she lured Guldensuppe knew full well she was bringing her para-mour to the electric chair. Frequently the r eyes met, but the woman was not equal to the occasion, and she always had to turn away from Thorne's steadfast gaze. When asked why she had confessed, she replied that she wished to clear her conscience and then burst into tears. But when Lawyer Howe began his cross-examination he handled her unsparingly and made her own up to such acts of premedimade her own up to such acts of premedi-tation that the majority of those who heard her admissions said that she was the great-est culprit, and many of those who had previously evinced a decided antipathy to Thorne swerved around and pitied bim.

Mrs. Nack told of her relations with Guidensuppe. They lived together at 430 Ninth avenue and here the murdered man was known as her husband. She described

Thorne's coming there to board and of his fight with Guldensuppe. The witness told of Thorne's threats to kill Guldensuppe and detailed the renting of the Wordside house.

or the weedside house.

Gradually the lawyer led the witness up to the morning of Friday, June 25th, the day that the crime was committed. She said she and Guldensuppe left New York between 9 and 10 o'clock that morning, and after they had crossed the ferry boarded a trolley car, which left them at the Wood-

ONLY TWO DAYS OF LIFE FOR DURRANT

Blanche Lamont's Slayer Sentenced To Hang Tomorrow.

SHOWS REMARKABLE NERVE

Judge Baher's Short Time Causes Murmer of Horrnr in Courtroom.

SNEERS AS THE JUDGE SPEAKS

Prisoner Taken Back to San Quentin, Where He Will Be Executed Tomorrow Morning-He Tales Coolly to His Parents and Friends.

San Francisco, November 10 .- William Henry Theodore Durrant, the young medistudent condemned to death for the murder of Blanche Lamont and Minnie Williams in this city in April, 1895, was brought over from San Quentin prison toand upon being taken before Judge Baher shortly before noon, was sentenced to be hanged on Friday morning.

Cleanly shaved, with the exception of his mustache, which has been allowed to attain a luxuriant growth during his sojourn in the prison, attired in his best suit of clothes, over which he wore a faultlessly fitting overcoat, light in color, Durrant made a conspicuous figure on the train and ferry boat. His reappearance in public was the signal for the gathering of crowds, eager pressing forward of the multitude to see this arch-murderer, perhaps to speak with him, and the demonstrations along the line of his route showed that the interest of the people in his affairs has in no way abated. At the city hall e great crowds that impeded the and it was with difficulty that they were beaten back by the officers.

A patient mob also thronged the corri

dors and hammered relentlessly at the doors of both courtroom and ante-room But Sheriff Wheelan and his men were or hand and the rush was successfully stop ped when no more could gain admission to the courtroom.

At 11 o'clock Judge Baher called upon Durrant to stand at the bar. The young murderer stood up and then his marvelous self-control asserted itself. He looked in finitely cooler, wonderfully more so than

The defendant's attorneys entered technical objections to the proceedings, but the judge overruled them and pronounced judgment slowly and impressively, ordering that the young defendant be hanged on Friday November 12th, between the hours of sun-

As the words "Friday, November 12th," the judge's lips a murmur of horror ran through the room.

Two short days to prepare for death, after two years of false hope and encour-

Women hid their faces, while the mer would take it. He expected it; he never flinched. As the date of his doom was appeared on the corners of his mouth. 'It was the expression of one who would bid defiance to the last.

And when all was over and the officials began to clear the courtroom he resumed his seat and chatted unconcernedly with his father and some sympathizing friends. When the gaping mob was disposed of Durrant was handcuffed and taken back to San Quentin and the condemned cell.

A PRISONER FIRES THE JAIL. He Tries To Escape by the Fire Route, but Fails.

Waycross, Ga., November 10.-(Special.)-An escaped negro convict from Genoa, Fla., who was arrested here this afternoon by Chief of Police Miller, attempted to burn his way out of the city jail and was

himself seriously burned.

The alarm was sounded at 11 o'clock to-night. The jail was in flames before the fire companies arrived. Some one saw a negro running up the old Brunswick and Western Y from the city jail and supposed at first that the prisoner had escaped. After the flames were extinguished a search of the jail was commenced and the con-vict was found lying on the floor, writhing in agony. The prisoner was badly burned on his face and arms and body. His wrist on one hand was burned to the bone and the skin on his hand peeled off. He was speechless and unconscious.

Dr. Redding was summoned and adminis-

tered remedies. The brick walls of the fall were not mater ally damaged, though the wooden interior was burned. The jail was built three or four years ago. It is not thought that the negro had an outside ac-complice in the burning of the jail. From the jail the negro was carried to Wate Harley Hardware Company's warehouse, Later information has it that the negro had revived and is singing and preaching. He said he was bound to freeze before

By the Bursting of a Fly Wheel.

Huntsville, Ala., November 10.--(Special.) By the bursting of a fly wheel in Whit's By the bursting of a fly wheel in Whit's sawmill at Elkmont Springs, Tenn., George Cook, the engineer was killed, and Simon Whit, proprietor of the mill, received injuries from which he has since died. The accident was the result of the parting of a large boit. This broke the governor band and the mill machinery ran wild. In an instant the large fly wheel began to throw off large sections. One of these struck Cook in the breast and instantly crushed the life out of his body. Hearing the deafening roar, Simon Whit walked into the mill and, as he entered the door, a section of the fly wheel struck him on the thigh, inflicting injuries which caused his death a few hours later. The sawmill is a scene of wreckage and ruin. It was almost entirely demoi shed before the wild machinery could be stopped.

THREE ARE IN JAIL CHARGED WITH MURDER

Continued from First Page.

of the sheriff. The plea on the writ of habeas corpus was denied.

This appeared to satisfy the defendants, but the city officials were not so well pleased. They had been guarding the prisoners very closely for the purpose of preventing them from communicating with each other and with outsiders. They especially did not wish any of the men to ommunicate with their homes or to go near them, because, as they stated, they expected to secure evidence which might be frustrated if the men were allowed to reach certain parties.

O'Quinn smiled and said to a reporter of The Constitution: "Why, those fellows at the police bar-

racks even tried to vaccinate me." O'Quinn and Simon were taken in charge by Deputy Sheriff Shropshire and were allowed to go by the police barracks to get their effects. They were then taken to the county jail

Steinau Went to His Home. Louis Steinau did not go straight to the county jail, being taken first to his home n custody of Deputy Hardeman. This circumstance caused something of a sensa tion at the police barracks, for the city officers had been extremely anxious to keep Steinau away from his house for day or two longer at least. The deputy sheriff says, however, that Steinau was in his house only about half an hour and was not out of his sight a second. All Steinau got at the house, says the deputy,

vere some clothes. After the prisoners were in jail Jailer Maddox called to see Chief Manly and had conference with him about the prisoners

and the cases in general. To a reporter of The Constitution the jailer said that he would place the men in the "rock" or prison proper. He was

"Is Steinau in the rock?" "Well, I don't know where I'll put him, as we wish to keep the three men sepa-

rated," was the reply. Last night at 9 o'clock Deputy Sheriff Shropshire and Jailer Maddox called at the police barracks and held a consultation with Chief Manly, and he told them that it was of the utmost importance to keep

the three prisoners separated. When the deputy and the jailer left they had agreed to place all the prisoners in the "rock" and keep them so they could not communicate with each other.

It was late last night before the cau uses at the police barracks broke up. The chairman of the board of police ommissioners, Captain English, Police Commissioners Johnson and Branan and Captain Slaughter, with the chief of police. met at 9 o'clock and they held a secret conference that lasted two or three hours

Goods Taken from Steinau's. The finding of goods in different places n the city which were taken from Steinau's wholesale liquor store just before his failure is one of the new features in the case and is being worked by the city

detectives for all it is worth. Twenty-five cases of Oscar Pepper whisky, a very fine brand, were found in a well known drug store. These goods were taken to the drug store by some person last Monday morning, the day before the

night of the murder. The detectives found at O'Quinn's house vesterday morning fifteen thousand cigars, which had been taken away from Steinau's store and hidden away. This is also anothportant link in the chain of evide The cigars will be taken possession of by

Receiver Blackburn this morning, along with the Oscar Pepper whisky. Last night Receiver Blackburn was a

the police barracks and he said: "I expect to find in a day or two at least \$10,000 worth of goods which were illegally taken from Steinau's store on Wall street, and if the amount of goods does not reach \$15,000, I will be greatly sur-

It looks as if the Ste'nau store was loot ed, and that the failure came after the

stock had in this way been reduced. The Trace of Whisky.

Whenever a barrel of whisky is stamped by the government a record of that barre must be kept by all through whose hands it passes. In all wholesale liquor stores this record is kept on a book called the "whisky book." If a barrel is stamped in Chicago and sold in Atlanta, a record of that fact is made by the Chicago house When the barrel comes to the dealer in Atlanta he makes a record of its receipt and then makes a record of when and how it is disposed of. This is demanded by the government. If a barrel is opened and the contents are bottled, then the barrel must

be labeled "retail." This fact will be used by the prosecutio and it will be shown that there were some papers in the safe in the Steinau store which were better out of the way, so far as the proprietor of the store was concerned, if he had made away with the goods.

Some Points of Interest. The fact that the name of Louis Steinau

had never been placed on the books at the police barracks was discussed last night, and Police Commissioner Branan was at the desk of the station sergeant making inqu'ries about it.

On the state docket there were the name of O'Quinn, Simon, Jule Wylle and the three negroes, all charged with "suspicion," but nowhere could any record be found of Steinau.

This brought out the fact that Steinau had been allowed to occupy comfortable quarters upstairs; while the other pris oners occupied cells in the prison. The fact that Steinau had never been locked up in a cell was why his name was not on

In all the talk and trials the three no groes, Charles Shropshire, Charles Strick-land and Dave Crockett, have been, as

STRICTLY CASH

Reduced Prices Will Not Admit of Credit Business. Banister's \$5.00 Shoes at \$4.50 Banister's \$6.00 Shoes at \$5.00

OTHER SHOES REDUCED IN SAME PROPORTION. JOHN M. MOORE CO 30 WHITEHALL STREET.

Attorney Spalding expressed it, "lost in the shuffle." And the other white man, Jule Wylle, seems to be in the same fix. No warrants have been sworn out for them and efforts made to have them released. It is probable that they will be wanted more as witnesses than for any other purpose Steinau's House Guarded.

In his speech before Judge Lumpkin, Mr. Jack Spalding laid much stress on the fact that the home of Louis Steinau and of Walter O'Quinn had been placed under guard by the police.

On Monday night, immediately after the men were taken in custody, patrolmen were sent to the two homes, which adjoin each other, at No. 410 Washington street, and the premises were closely guarded and the omcers were instructed to let no person go out or into the houses. The houses were searched for the pur-

pose of ascertaining if any weapon was secreted with which the murder of the policeman was comm.tted, but nothing of the kind was discovered. The houses were What Is to Follow.

The next move in the investigation will be the preliminary trial of Steinau, O'Quinn and Simon before Justice Foute Friday afternoon at 1 o'clock.

The next investigation will be by the coroner, which as set for half-past & o'clock Saturday morning. Coroner's Inquest Postponei.

When the coroner and his six jurors met at the police barracks yesterday morning at 10 o'clock they were invited into the office of the city detective bureau and the door was locked. Everybody was excluded except Captain Slaughter and he and the coroner held a consultation which lasted about half an hour; while on the outside were a large number of witnesses. newspaper reporters and artists and several citizens.

The attorneys representing Louis Steinau, Julius Simon and Walter O'Quinn, three of the white men under arrest, were present, but City Attorney James A. Anderson was not there. He asked over the telephone "If the inquest would go on," and he was soon informed that it would not; that is, not just at present.

Much interest was centered in the investigation which was to take place before the coroner, for some of the officers as work on the case had promised to bring out some testimony of a startling nature. The dead policeman had been viewed by the jury before the body was taken to Cher okee county yesterday morning for burial. and all was supposed to be ready for the witnesses to tell their stories.

At half-past 10 o'clock the locked door of the detective office was opened and the coroner called out: "Let all the witnesses come in. Nobody

but the witnesses are wanted, gentlemen.' Then the coroner arose and stated: "We have decided to postpone this inquest until half-past 8 o'clock Saturday morning, as the officers at work securing

the evidence have some witnesses whom they desire to get." Attorney George Westmoreland, who repesents Steinau, Simon and O'Quinn, walk-

ed into the room and asked the coroner why the investigation had been put off. Lawyer and Coroner Talk.

"We wish to give the officers of the city more time," he replied, "as they say they have just discovered some very importan evidence and it will require a day or two to get the witnesses here."

Was this postponement made at the in stigation of the city attorney?" asked Mr. Westmoreland. "Well, no," said the coroner; "we have

been asked to hold the inquest a little later by the officers who are working up the evi-

"Is Chief Manly in charge of the matter?" again asked the attorney. "No, it was not Chief Manly, but Captain Slaughter, of the city's detective bu-

"There are men whom we believe to be innocent" said Attorney Westmoreland. "who are being deprived of their liberty, and we do most earnestly protest agains any unnecessary delay. We are ready and anxious for a full investigation."

The coroner again explained that the officers wanted time to secure witnesses whom they expected to throw considerable light on the case.

So the case inquest was postponed and it is now scheduled to come off at the police barracks at 8:30 o'clock next Saturday

morning. As was stated in The Constitution yes terday morning City Attorney James A Anderson was at the police barracks until a late hour Tuesday night. He was first on the third floor in the office of the captain of detectives and later changed his base of action to the office of the chief of police. Chief Manly, Captain Slaughter, Police Commissioners English and Kendrick were also present. The doors were kept closed and the utmost secrecy was main-

It is probable that the decision to ask for a postponement of the inquest was reached at the consultation held at the barracks Tuesday night.

Who Is the Guilty One?

From what could be gathered at the barracks, it seemed evident that what evidence the officers were securing was all of a nature to fasten the crime of burglary on the persons they suspected, and there was but little which turned upon the murder of Policeman Ponder. This is about the way one of the officers summed

"We have some very strong circumstantial evidence going to show that the men we have under arrest are implicated in the effort to burglarize the store of Louis Steinau, and then it follows that one of them was either the man who fired the fatal shot or knows all about it; but there are three or four of them, and now the question arises, which of the three was

Gave Jule Wylie a Bible.

There was a "side sensation" to the murder story, which developed at the police barracks yesterday morning. Sergeant Brazleton called up the chief of

police and said: "A lady has been back in the prison, chief, talking to one of the men now under arrest in the Ponder murder case. The chief was surprised and half rose from his chair. He asked quickly:

"What lady was it and what right had she back in the prison?" The sergeant explained that he believed the lady was a Miss Moore, who frequently goes into the prison to see the police mat-

"Send the turnkey to my office," said the chief, and the station sergeant retired walked into the chief's office.

"What lady was it who went back into
the prison this morning." asked the chief,
"and talked with one of the men held in

"The lady was Miss Lovie Moore," replied the turnkey, "and she went into the prison to see Miss Holloway, the matron. She stopped as she walked along the corridor and gave Jule Wylie a Bible.'

Chief Manly did not know who Mis-Moore was and was informed that she was a young lady who visits the barracks nearly every day to see the matron and to help her with the work she is doing. "The matron says," stated the turnkey "that Miss Moore is a sort of assistant

"Well, there is no such position as assis tant matron," the chief said to the turnkey, "and I don't know by what authority she goes into the prison. Hereafter do not admit Miss Moore or any one else to the matron without permission from me; and be careful not to let man or wo man see or talk to the prisoners who have been arrested on charge of being implicated in the murder of Ponder.'

The turnkey said he would see that the chief's instructions were strictly obeyed. Jule Wylie was permitted to keep his

SOUTHERN HOME GOES INTO COURT

Continued from First Page.

non-borrowers bear all the burden of the expenses of the ass expenses of the association and of matur-ing the stock of the other classes as well as their own stock.

Allegations Are Denied.

Mr. W. H. Henderson, secretary of the association, stated last hight that the bill was wholly unnecessary and mythical and that the allegations made in the bill do not exist in reality. He says the association is perfectly solvent and that the receiver-ship will be defeated when the case is heard

ication," says Secretary Henderso the assets are as two is to one when com-pared to the liabilities of the association. There has been no reason for a receivership and the application will certainly be resisted and defeated when the showing is made by the association

hand. No delay will be asked for us. The allegation with reference to encroachment upon the loan fund is absolutely false."

What President Cabaniss Says. Mr. G. A. Cabaniss, the president of the association, was seen, and in answer hat the bill was a great surprise to the management. Some three weeks ago he heard that an effort would be made to put the association in the hands of a receiver We sent for the attorneys who have filed this bill," said he, "and made an exhibit of the condition of the association. They appeared satisfied and the matter

was dropped. "The defense of the association is in the of the result. I can state, however, that the association is absolutely solvent. In fact, the association has in assets about \$1,200,000, and all told about \$800,000 liabilities—in other words, we can pay every cent we owe on earth and have left as a profit over \$450,000.

"We don't owe a single dollar except to our stockholders, and, as stated above, we can pay them every dollar we owe them, and then distribute \$450,000 as profits. "At the stockholders' meeting which has just adjourned an auditing con appointed to examine into the affairs of the association, and after spending ten days in making this examination they have re-ported to the stockholders that the busi-

ness of the association was in a gratifying DEMOREST BANK IN LITIGATION.

The People of the Temperance City Have Trouble of Their Own. Demorest, Ga., November 10,—(Special.) The Bank of Demorest was today placed in the hands of R. T. Kenimer, of Cleve-

land as temporary receiver. The receivership was asked for by Cash-ler Arthur Hampton. Ugly rumors have been afloat for a week or two in regard to the bank's condition, and threats have been made by a stockholder to have a,

receiver appointed A not ce on the bank's door tells deposi-A notice on the bank's door tells depositors they will lose nothing. Much satisfaction is expressed by depositors and others that Mr. Ken mer, who has large business interests to engage his attention, has accepted the appointment and little excitement pressels.

Another Fund Company in Court. Raleigh, N. C., November 10.—(Special.)— Before Referee William R. Allen at New-Before Referee William R. Allen at Newbern, tonight, there was argument in an important case against the Mutual Reserve Fund Life Association, of New York. The plaintiffs contend that the company unlawfully changed the character of the contract in its policies and the question involved is whether it can make such change at any time it pleases by raising the age, increasing premiums or reducing the amount of the policy. The company claims that it is mutual and has full power to make changes. Each policy holder gives it his proxy upon receiving his policy. A great sum is involved in the contention.



Fifty Years Ago.

Who could imagine that this should be The place where, in eighteen ninety-three That white world-wonder of arch and

Should shadow the nations, polychrome ... Here at the Fair was the prize conferred On Ayer's Pills, by the world preferred. Chicago-like, they a record sho Since they started-go years ago.

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### Ayer's Cathartic Pills

have from the time of their preparation, been a continuous success with the public. And that means that Ayer's Pills accomplish what is promised for them; they cure where others tail. It was fitting, therefore, that the world-wide popularity of these pills should be recognized by the World's Fair medal of 1893-a fact which emphasizes the record:

50 Years of Cures.

### **EXPERT GUITERAS** MAKES A REPORT

He Recounts His Experience with the Fever in the South.

SAYS IT CAME FROM CUBA Declares Microscope Cannot Establish

Diagnosis of the Disease. INSISTS UPON REPORT OF FIRST CASE

Asserts That Yellow Jack Will Spread More Rapidly When Dengue Fever Exists.

Washington, November 10.—Dr. John Guiteras, professor of general pathology in the University of Pennsylvania, has made a report to Surgeon General Wyman, of the marine hospital service, of the results of his investigation of yellow fever during the recent epigemic in the south. recent epidemic in the south.

The report is largely technical in character but also contains some observations of general interest in connection with the de-

relopment of the disease.

Dr. Guiteras says the conditions existing in Cuba during the early part of the pas summer made it very probable that yellow fever would extend from that island to

this country. Discussing the general subject of yellow fever diagnosis, Dr. Guiteras holds that during life the microscope could not estab-

lish a positive diagnosis of the disease He speaks of this in connection with the statement that an erroneous belief has prevailed throughout the south, and especially among physicians who were not practical microscopists that the instrument should be an important aid in the diagnosis of the disease. It is pointed out that even with the assistance of post mortem examinations Sanarelli, the yellow fever expert, was able to discover his bacillus in 56 per cent only

Dr. Guiteras says as far as our present methods go, it would be impossible to distinguish between a drop of yellow fever blood and blood from a healthy man. Reference is made to the prevalence of a wide spread mild, epidemic fever during the present outbreak of yellow fever, many of the cases of which Dr. Guiteras thinks were those of dengue. Yellow fever appears to spread more easily when there is an epidemic of dengue prevailing. All evidence goes to show that a previous attack of dengue does not protect against yellow fever and the former must be looked upon as

an entirely distinct disease.

Dr. Guiteras thinks the cause of a yellow fever epidemic is to be found in the introduction into a community of cases that are not suspected to be the disease, which occurs probably most frequently in connection with colored people who usually have the fever in a mild form.

The importance of the diagnosis of the first case of yellow fever in a community is strongly insisted upon.
In concluding, Dr. Guiteras speaks of the interference with his movements by the fear of communities that he might convey disease from place to place, fear, says, which was in part genuine and due to ignorance, but was also in part a pre-tended fear of those who knew better.

FOUR DEATHS IN NEW ORLEANS. Feyer Is Rapidly Dying Out in the

Crescent City. New Orleans, November 10 .- Very little interest is now being taken in the vellow fever situation. But few cases and deaths are being daily recorded and the people are looking forth to the time when the plague

will have ceased to exist. The local health officials failed in their attempt to have the Mississippi board of health raise the quarantine against this city. A majority of the deaths reported today are in cases where physicians were

The record today is as follows: DEATHS. Raoul Gauthiel, isolation hispital, Miss Mattle Bridges, 1913 Terpsichore, Sidney J. Blossman, 3626 Magazine, V. Pizzo, 1010 North Prieur.

NEW CASES. Miss Mattie Dennett, 7097 Burthe. John LaBourdette, \$21 Rendon. Charles Allen, 5137 Coliseum. Thomas James, taken to the Touro

Irmary.
Mrs. J. B. Rupnow, 1137 Magazine.
Thomas Noonan, 729 St. Andrew.
V. Pizzo, 1019 North Prieus.
Board of health report:
Cases of yellow fever today 7, deaths today 4, total cases of yellow fever to date 1.771, total deaths from yellow fever to date 257, total cases absolutely recovered 1,047, total cases under treatment 473.

FOUR CASES AND TWO DEATHS. Can't-Get-Away Club Shows General

Recovery in Mobile. Mobile, Ala., November 10 .- Not only was today's report very encouraging, showing but four new cases, but the reports of the Can't-get-away Club show that there is general recovery all along the line. That club has but seven nurses on duty. It has had as many as forty.

DEATHS. JOSEPH W. ALLMAN, Lexington near V. DUPLISSES, city hospital. NEW CASES.

Herman Moore, Scott near Delaware. Lucy Childs, colored, 674 South Lawrence. William Brick, city hospital. Fred Freeman, same. There were four recoveries announced. Total cases to date 334. deaths 43, recover-es 252, under treatment 39.

Mobile is resuming its customary ap-pearance, refugees are returning home, business in all lines is reviving, although the effect of the loss of trade during two months and of the expenditures for main-tenance elsewhere during that period of the 7,000 people who have left the city will be felt seriously all the winter.

ONE NEW CASE IN MONTGOMERY Mayor Clisby Is Now Laid up with a Broken Bone.

Montgomery, Ala., November 10.—(Spedal.)—Only one case of yellow fever developed here today, the patient being J. W. Gilbert, a carpenter residing at 614 Randolph street, in the northwestern section of the city. This is the first case in Mayor Clisby is laid up today, after lead-

Mayor Clisby is laid up today, after leading the fight against the plague, remaining in the front rank and bearing all of the danger. It is the irony of fate that he should now have to succumb to so trifling and so abominable a torture as a broken toe. After his bath last night the mayor, by some mishap brought one of his toes in contact with something very much harder, and today he is suffering the intense discomfort that usually accompanies such a mishap.

QUARANTINE HAS BEEN RAISED. Mississippi Health Board Issues a New

Edict to the World.

Jackson, Mics.. November 10.—(Special.)—
The executive committee of the state board
of health, anxious to restore business, is
of health, anxious to restore business, is
of health, anxious to restore business, is quarantine is raised against Mem-

phis. Trains on all railroads in Mississippi at non-infected points are allowed to stop at their passenger depots. Letters and newspapers from all points from without and within this state are ordered received without being fumigated. All tropical fruits from non-infected points are allowed

ought into the state. An ordinance classifying freights to be shipped from New Orleans and Mobile was passed. The Alabama and Vicksburg trains

passed. The Alabama and Vicksburg trains are allowed to stop at Bolton and Bovina, which have been previously excluded. An ordinance was also passed modifying the quarantine for the coast towns.

The only quarantines now existing so far as Mississippi is concerned are the ones against New Orleans, the infected towns in Mississippi, Mobile, Ala., and other infected towns.

Not a single case of yellow fever has been reported to the state board of health any-where in Mississippi up to 6 p. m. The thermometer at the United States weather bureau this morning registered thirty-four and eight-tenths.

Two New Cases at Bay St. Louis. Bay St. Louis, Miss, November 10.—Two

Two New Cases. Scranton, Miss. November 10.—One new case of yellow fever here and one at Pas-cagoula.

GEN. LEE SAILS FOR HAVANA Consul Was Guest at a Luncheon at Lawyers' Club.

New Yorw, November 10.—After lunching at the Lawyer's Club as the guest of R. A. at the Lawyer's Club as the guest of the St. C. Smith, General Fitzhugh Lee, United States consul general at Havana, sailed for his official post by the steamer Seguranca, of the Ward line. He was accomto the steamer by several friends. He declined to discuss the Cuban situation and said that he did not know how

DELOME CALLS ON SHERMAN Spanish Legation Reveals Contempla ted Filibustering.

Washington, November 10.-Senor Dupuy DeLome, the Spanish minister, called at the state department today and had a short conference with Assistant Secretary Day, presumably with reference to filibus-

It is the practice of the Spanish lega-

stantly of the intention of any party of

filibusters to depart for Cuba, as the in

formation comes to it through its agents. SUSPENDS WEYLER'S FRIEND. Marshal Blanco Relieves a Local Mili-

tary Commander. Havana, via Key West, Fla., November 0.—Marshal Blanco has removed from his command the local military commander at Gibara province of Santiago de Cuba for allowing a demonstration in honor of Lieu-tenant General Weyler when he went on shore there a few days ago from the steamer Montserrat, which had put into Gibara owing to a mishap in her ma-

It appears that General Weyler and the members of his staff accepted the demonstration and that the principal streets of

BLANCO SENDS DELOME MESSAGE Marshal Tells Spanish Minister What He Is Doing. Washington, November 10.—Senor Dupuy de Lome, the Spanish minister, has receiv-

ed the following cable message from General Blanco, governor general of Cuba: "Reconcentrados-Extensive zones of cultivation have been organized, daily rations are provided by the state, work is furnished; they will be well treated and cannot be employed by the planters; they have free transportation in every way; provincial protective committees have been form ed and have already entered upon their ized in the remaining provinces with the object of procuring the necessary relief funds. Subscriptions have been set on foot

to relieve first necessities; everything that granting permission to grind sugar, but

ARE RACING IN JACKSONVILLE. Bob Walthour, of Atlanta, Runs First

in Two Mile Handicap.

Jacksonville, Fla., November 10.-Tom Cooper took the honors in the professional events at the bicycle meet at Panama park this afternoon, winning first in the two-mile open, and second in the one-mile open, the only two events he entered. Bald took second place in the two-mile

open and third in the mile open. Dr. Brown won the mile open with Cooper a Bob Walthour, of Atlanta, came in first

The attendance at the meet was 2,000, and it was the most successful ever held here. Bald rode an exhibition mile, paced by a tandem and triplet in 1:59: In the amateur events E. W. Peabody, of Chicago, took the honors, winning two events, and would probably have won a third, had it not been for a spill. H. B. Hills, of Providence, R. I., was suspended by the Teague of American

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY. Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund money if fails to cure;25c AN INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL BURNS.

Negro Fatally Hurt in a South Caro-

Wheelmen just as he was about to go on

lina Fire. Charleston, S. C., November 10.—Informa-tion reached here this morning of the destruction by fire last night of the Freder ick Demining Industrial school at Mary ville, S. C.

The school was established by philanthro

pists for the advancement of the colored

race. William White, a negro, who was assisting in the efforts to get the fire

ander control, was probably fatally in-

jured by falling timber. The school was insured for about \$2,000. It will be re-Old Officers Re-Elected Charleston, S. C., November 10.—The annual meeting of the stockholders of the South Carolina and Georgia railroad was held at the general offices of the company here today. All the old officers of the road were re-elected. The reports were accepted with satisfaction.

Disorderly Sittings Renewed. Vienna, November 10.—On the resumption of the sitting of the lower house today there was a renewal of the disturbance and conflicts which have marked the re-cent sessions of the reichsrath, and the disorders finally reached such a pitch that the sitting was again suspended.

ATE TOADSTOOLS AND DIED. Two Washington Gastronomers Be lieved They Had Mushrooms.

Washington, November 10.—Colonei Achilles de Vecchi who, with Dr. D. J. Kelly, was poisoned yesterday by eating toadstools which he bought for mushrooms, died tenight. He had been unconscious for more than twenty-four hours.

Dr. Kelly is believed to be out of danger.

### SPANISH EDITOR TALKS OF PRACE

Senor Canolejas, a Prominent In Visits Washington.

HE KNOWS THE CONDITIONS

Says His People Do Not Appreh Trouble with United States

AUTONOMONY OFFERED IS THORONO.

He Declares That the Spaniards Ran the Kindest Feeling Possible for Americans.

Washington, November 10.—Jose Caus-jas, one of the foremost public men of Spain, editor of El Heraldo, of Manu-former minister of justice in the libera former minister of justice in the liberal ministry and closely identified with Promier Sagasta and the new liberal results in Spain, arrived in Washington took accompanied by Captain Vega and it. Alex Saint Aubin, of Madrid.

While the visit is unofficial, much interest attaches to it among public men oving the Sanor Canalejas's intimate knowledge. of recent conditions at the Spanish can and also for the facility it affords for an and also for the facility in and Senor Depuy of the Spanish minister. The law Lome, the Spanish minister

Carlisle, counsel for the legation, and the numerous staff of the minister.

Senor Canalejas accorded a representant of the Associated Press a brief interval. Having recently arrived in this county, he expressed himself as little acquainted with conditions here, but as to those in

called on Senor Canalejas soon after a arrival, and the two were together my

of the day, being joined later by Caldena

Madrid he spoke freely. "The feeling there is one of expectant,"
he said in good English, but with marisi
Spanish accent. "But there is little er a feeling that a serious crisis will present itself between the United States and Spin and there is no thought in well informed circles that extreme measures or a reserved States, and of a satisfactory concluse of the Cuban conflict. A complete chan of policy has resulted from the accession of policy has resulted from the accession; the liberal ministry, and the aggression policy executed by General Weyler is not succeeded by the more conciliatory methods of that peaceful soldier, General Blaze. He has but just landed in Cuba, and then he has out just landed in the star to judge of the mild and beneficial policy he is charged

### SPAIN'S REPLY IS SATISFACTOR

McKinley's Message Will Deal vit Cuban Question. Washington, November 10 .- It is state reply to Minister Woodford's not full text of which was read at yest

cabinet meeting, is eminently satisfactor to this government. and gives assurance of its friendly feeling granting permission to grind sugar, but advising that this be done, and offering the necessary military and civil protection. Not a moment is lost in attending to all immediate needs which form the object of my present intention. It is impossible to do more than I have done in the time which has elapsed.

BLANCO."

States from giving material aid to the superior of the superior o States from giving material aid to be enemies of Spain in Cuba.

The reply intimates that but for the second control of the second c

sistance that has been given them by abusters from the United States peace would have been restored long ago. The reply, it is stated, does not conti sentence that could give offense onstrued into an expression of an friendly purpose or feeling against a government of the United States. On the ntrary, the note is stated to be distin conciliatory in tone, although insisting up

the right and duty of Spain to put dors an armed insurrection within its own term The reply has made a favorable impresion upon President McKinley and to members of the cabinet and it is not at likely that one of the features of his form coming message to congress will be a di-cussion of the Cuban situation, from which it will appear that there is nothing in the



ances as a "lucky fellow" stands but a step from the grave. He has purchased success at the cost of health. For every step forward in wealth he has taken two backward in health. Now that he has a most achieved his ambition as a money ter, he is standing on the verge of his grave, he is standing on the verge of his grave. It is not a step into his grave. No man has the nut to gain money at the expense of health. He owes something to wife and children—something to himself. He may have health easily.

Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery makes men and women strong and well wards off disease. It makes pure hood solid flesh, and strong nerves. When he arteries are filled with rich, pure blood man doesn't easily break down or get ach the can stand almost any amount of work strain. The "Golden Medical Discovery corrects the all-embracing disorders the cause all manner of disease. It corrects the all-embracing disorders the corders of the digestion, irregularities of the bowels, and impure blood. Druggists sell a "I was afflicted with pimples and bolk as "I was afflicted with pimple and bolk as "I was afflicted

"I was afflicted with pimples and toils as running sores on face and neck," writes Robert Wert, of No. 615 Galloway Ave., Columbus, "Nothing did me any good. I took Dr. Ferra Golden Medical Discovery and 'Fleasant Pelles before I had taken four bottles I was cured."

Rvery family should have Dr. Pieres Common Seuse Medical Adviser. Thook was cheap at \$1.50—its regular practice. The second of the cost of mailing only, will procure the book in strong paper covers, postport of the cost of mailing only, will procure the book in strong paper covers, postport of the book in strong paper covers, postport of the book in clear to the second of the book in clear to the book in

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HANGINGS IN TENNESSEE.

the Fall Months.

them by the supreme court of the state.

Cole, who was given twenty years in the

state pen as an accomplice, is not guilty. He would make oath to this, but Cole, he

Sims, the negro, was convicted on killing

a young white man named Walter Gallo

ing the whitecap cases tried by a special

reigned for years and law and order are

Arouse Enthusiasm.

ger, who finished third on Hairpin, was dis-

canet was given the place. Two favorites.

ond choices and one outsider won

qualified for fouling Merlin and

Abingdon, Marshal, Sue Kittle also ran,

To Open Negotiations.

Exciting Election.

The Other Side Heard From.

Rochelle, Ga., November 10 .- (Special.)-

It is impossible to give a definite result

of the county seat election tonight. Most

all the precincts heard from give a unan-

mous vote in favor of removal. Every-

tory. The consolidation tomorrow will tell

the tale. The election was one of the most exciting ever held in Wilcox county. Trou-

Abbeyille tomorrow, Governor Atkins

of Ore.

New Paper in Calhoun.

Thrown from His Buggy.

President Names Postmasters.

thing points to Rochelle gaining the vic-

Abbeville, Ga., November 10 .- (Special.)-

The execution will be the first in

where whitecapism

from hanging.

not known.

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Prominent ington.

CONDITIONS

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rith pimples and boils and eard neck," writes Robert a loway Ave., Columbus, Ohio ay good. I took Dr. Pieros overy and 'Pleasant Pelleas our bottles I was cured."

Cuba.

vas read at vester

Question.

and the desires eel assured that in his mission.

THERE WAS A ROPE IN WAITING Spaniares H If the Slanderer Had Not Got Out of ng Possible

Athens, Ga., Nevember 10.—(Special.)— General" G. W. Bailey, "Tank Kee," Tanked Up," or whatever else one might wish to call him without fear of doing him any injustice, is not to be found in Athens

locality, no doubt to impose upon other people as he did upon the people of Athens. If he were here now, it would not be well for him, and many are regretting that y did not get hold of him before he left. they did not get hold of him before he left.
Knowing yesterday afternoon that the
storm was about to burst over his head,
and having been notified that he had better out of Athens in a hurry, he packed up his baggage and started to the Georgia depot, telling his landlady he would be back Saturday; that he was going to Madison, Ga., to lecture.

TANK KEE SKIPS

OUT FROM ATHENS

Experiment. -

The People of Athens Are Terribly

Wrought Up.

the Way Quickly, He Would Have

Graced a Limb.

The Chinese Won.

At the Georgia depot he was confronted by Hong Sing, a Chinaman, who demanded \$1.50 due him. Bailey pulled out a \$10 bill and Hong Sing came back to the business portion of the city to change it. Meanwhile the train pulled out, and Bailey was left. ale teachers of the State Normal school had been apprised of Bailey's slan-derous remarks about that institution, and were going to call him to account, when they learned he had gone.

If they had been told that Bailey was in Athens last night, they would have ridden him out of town on a rail, to say the least

Last night he told his landlady he wa going to Madison, Ga., and just as he left he told a gentleman boarding there that he was going to Augusta and South Caro-lina. He told his landlady he would be back here Saturday; he fold this gentleman he was not coming back.

It Will Meet Him There. He inquired of this gentleman if The Atanta Constitution circulated much in Au-

gusta and South Carolina. He said he had lecture engagements in the Palmetto state, and seemed to be worried over the circulation of The Constitution in that state.

He has gone to South Carolina, to exactly what place is not known, and, judging from his parting remarks, he will no doubt dish up Georgia correspondence as he did Mississippi news.

Yesterday afternoon he told Pink Martin, republican postmaster here, that the the postoffice. Martin did not believe him, and so stated today, and the editor of The his statement as a lie

Repents His Slanders.

Bailey denied to Officer Bernard yesterday saying anything about his going with him to the Normal school, and helping ferret ut improper conduct there between the ies and gentlemen of that institution. He would not come to The Banner office and say that to the editor.

Last night he told Mr. A. G. Hill, of Paris, Ky., who boarded at the same house with him, that such a state of affairs existed at the Normal school. Bailey asked him to go with him last night and he would show him a negro house near the Norma school where he could see white women

After Him with a Rope. This morning early he "sloped" before the

people of Athens could get a chance at Had he remained a few hours later this article would have been written in a dif-ferent style, and would have contained

far different subject matter.

This morning about 10 o'clock Mr. John Scofield, one of our best citizens, was standing on the street corner near the postoffice, and a young man approached. The young man was well dressed and had on an overcoat. As he reached Mr. Sco-field he drew back his overcoat, showa coil of stout rope. Then he said: This was for General Bailey, but he gave us the slip and we were too late to catch

Balley was very much worried when he left here. He told several that "Carlton and Reed, down at The Banner office," not treating him right, and he had etter go, and the constant nightmare that hung over him was the circulation of The Atlanta Constitution.

ROBERTSON WAS A RASCAL. That Seems To Be the General Impres-

sion Now in Savannah. Savannah, Ga., November 10.—(Special.) Walter Robertson, ex-vice consul of Great Britain, still manages to keep hs whereabouts unknown, and it is not considered the beautiful by beautiful to the still be beautiful. sidered likely that he will be heard from again. It was learned today that he was considerably behind in his hospital bills, the government the government having made payments to him for the care of sick British soldiers, and he failed to turn the money over to St. Joseph's infirmary, to which institute it was due. Other reports of a similar ature are becoming frequent, and it is said there is no telling what the investiga-tion now being made will develop. The general impression is that Robertson got out just in time.

PRESBYTERIAN SYNOD IN ROME.

Hill City Is Crowded with Distinguished Churchmen. me, Ga., November 10.—(Special.)—The

Georgia state synod of the Presbyterian church convened this morning at 7:30 o'clock in the First Presbyterian church Dr. S. L. Morris, of Macon, retiring mod-

erator, preached the opening sermon. At the conclusion of his discourse the synod was organized.

ECHO S PRING

HALF PINT

The ministers and delegates began arriving this morning and many are yet to come. A committee meets each train and escorts the vistors to the homes to which they have vistors to the homes to which they have been assigned.

Among the prominent delegates expected He Has Gone to South Carolina to are: General John B. Gordon, of Kirk-NUMEROUS SLANDERS NOTED

are: General John B. Gordon, of Kirk-wood; Hon. Milton A. Candier, of Detroit; Mr. W. H. Warren, of Augusta: Mr. E. H. Link, of Macon; Major Charles Smith (Bill Arp), of Cartersvulle, and Judge Alexander, of South Georgia, from the lalty. Among the prominent ciergymen aiready in attendance are: Drs. James Y. Fair, of Independent Prespyterian church, Savannah; J. T. Plunkett, of Augusta; E. H. Barnett, of Atlanta; W. H. Darwell, of Calhoun; J. W. Walden, of Athens; S. L. Morras, of Macon, and Revs. Theron H. Rice, of Atlanta; T. P. Burgees, of Madison; J. H. Patton, of Marietta, and W. S. Wallace, of Cedartown.

COVINGTON'S CHRYSANTHEMUMS There Were Roses and Pretty Girls

There as Well. Covington, Ga., November 10.-(Special.)-The Covington Floricultural Society opened its annual chrysanthemum show here morning. In addition to the many beautiful chrysanthemums exhibited there are quito a number of fine roses and other potted plants. The room is festooned with cedar and the decorations are all that could be desired.

Each and every exhibitor deserves to be congratulated on the magnificent suc-cess which has crowned their efforts, and it was no easy task for the judges to de-cide upon whom they ought to confer the prizes, which are as follows: Best collection potted chrysanthemums, Mrs. James M. Pace.

Best single chrysanthemum, to Mrs. H. Anderson. Best collection plants grown out of doors, of Mrs. L. P. Owsley.

Most artistic floral design, to Mrs. E. O.

Lee.
Finest vase of roses, to Mrs. E. O. Lee.
Finest eight white chrysanthemums, to
Mrs. A. N. Hays.
Some magnificent white and yellow chrysanthemums were sent down from Brookwood by Mrs. Joseph Thompson, which add
not a little to the charming effect of the
show. The doors will be open today, tonight, to-morrow and tomorrow night, and all who fail to go will miss a rare treat.

LEAGUE MAGNATES AT WORK. Clubs Are Exchanging Players at Rapid Rate. Philadelphia, November 10 .- The Nation-

al Baseball League held a two-hours session this afternoon. The time was wholly consumed in a gen eral discussion of the proposition of or leagues for a modfication of the drafting rule, which had been favorably ded to the league by the board of arbitration. No conclusion was reached. and the consideration of the subject will be again taken up Friday morning, to which

time the meeting adjourned. Tomorrow will be devoted to a carriage drive through Fairmount park and to a general sight-seeing which is part of the entertainment provided for the visitors by Messrs, Reach and Rogers, of the Phila-

delphia club. The magnates, managers and other visiors, including the newspaper correspon dents, were given a banquet at the Hotel Bellevue tonight by the Philadelphia club. An exchange of players between St. Louis and Philadelphia was settled this morning. It is understood that the Philadelphia club gave to St. Louis Pitcher Taylor. Catcher Clements, Fielder Dowd and "Lave" Cross for Catcher Douglass, Pitcher Donohue and Shortstop Monte Cross.

Another deal, which will place Grady

and Hartman, of the St. Louis club, with the New York Giants, is very likely to go through. Von der Ahe and Freedman had frequent conferences today, but could not agree upon terms for the transfer of the two men to New York. Another deal on foot is the deal for Cin.

cinnati to exchange Dwyer, McCarthy and Miller with the Pittsburg club for Pitcher Killen and Fielder Elmer Smith. A deal was completed tonight by which the Cincinnati club exchanges Rhines, Schriver, Gray and Miller to Pittsburg for Pitcher Hawley and Fielder Elmer Smith.

PERU MUST PAY M'CORD CLAIM. Department Calls for a

Adjustment of Award. Washington, November 10.-It is understood that the department of state has addressed another note to the Peruvian minister. Dr. Egulurin, politely but firmly requesting a speedy settlement of the claim for indemnity of Victor H. McCord, an American citizen who was ill-treated by the Peruvian officers while in charge of rail-

reads during a rebellion. The present Peruvian minister came to this country with the expressed purpose of settling 'this claim and has repeatedly ought to get the state department to reopen the investigation of the facts in the case. The department, however, declined to do this being satisfied with the presentation of the case made through its own ministers and agents, and so has fallen back on the strong note sent last year by Mr. Olney, insisting on a settlement of the

It is held that nothing now remains but to adjust the sum to be paid McCord, and \$50,000 is mentioned as a proper figure, being about half of the original claim. Morever, it is believed that no opening is left by the department for arbitration or any-thing short of an immediate acknowledge-ment of the claim and its settlement as the price of the friendship of the United States

FLOURISHING ROAD IN GEORGIA Georgia and Alabama Shows Up a

Splendid Year's Business. Americus, Ga., November 10.—(Special.)— The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Georgia and Alabama railway was half here this afternoon. The reports of the of-ficers submitted showed the company to be in a highly flourishing condition. The grass earnings for the fiscal year ending June 30th were \$1,021,836. An increase over the previous year of \$398,785.

the previous year of \$398,785.

Net earnings for the fiscal year were \$284,054. The large expenditures made upon the property since its reorganization two years ago has resulted in bringing it up to the state of high perfection. Its physical condition today is second to none in the south. Owing to the unavoidable absence of some of the largest stockholders of the company the election or directors was postponed until an adjourned meeting thirty days hence. This railroad is owned principally by capitalists of Richmond, Va., of which Banker Williams is president.

Oldest Woman in Massachusetts. Springileld, Mass., November 10.—Mrs., Margaret Boughan, the oldest person in this section, and probably in the state, died at her home in Chicopee Falls Tuesday. She was born in Ireland and claimed to be

THOSE WHO KNOW DRINK >

A Whisky that stands pre-eminently above all other

mooth, wholesome and delightful . . . . . . . GRABFELDER & CO., DISTILLERS,

LOUISVILLE, KY. ALBERT L. DUNN, Selling Agent, Box 657, Atlanta. Ga.

### Dr. James Stacy is the stated clerk of the synod and Dr. George T. Goetchius the permanent clerk. The Ceorgia synod numbers 318 members, but there will be many deceases on hand to image, increase the humber of the manual of the permanent of the synode o HANSON AND LOYLESS ARE BOTH INDICTED

Grand Jury Takes Up the Recent Passage at Arms.

HANSON'S PISTOL CONSIDERED

For Which He Will Have To Answer in Court.

LOYLESS' FIST WAS HARD

That, Too, Will Have To Appear Before the Same Tribunal-Much Comment Over Outcome.

Macon, Ga., November 10.-(Special.)-The Loyless-Hanson affair is not dead yet. This afternoon true bills were returned by the grand jury against H. C. Hanson, general manager of The Macon Telegraph, for carrying concealed weapons, and another Tom W. Loyless, editor of The Macon News, charging him with assault and bat-

It will be remembered about a week age The Macon Telegraph in its editorial columns denounced the editor of The News as a liar, and that afternoon Mr. Loyless met Mr. Hanson, manager of The Telegraph. He asked him if he was responsible for the article. Mr. Hanson said he was, and Mr. Loyless struck him a blow in the face, from which Mr. Hanson carried a discolored eye for some days.

The finding of bills has created a considerable sensation, and has created no small amount of talk, as it is the first time on record that a citizen has been indicted by the grand jury for resenting a gross insula The fact that Hanson drew his pistol and would have shot Loyless but for the unbreaching of the weapon, has been commented upon, and an indictment has been looked for, as the grand jury was in session. Up to late this evening no arrests had been made. The cases will come up for trial at this term of court.

Surprise Sprang in Court.

Something of a surprise was sprung in the United States court today when the case of Carswell against the Macon Gas-light and Water Company was called. The matter to be heard was the petition of Receiver T. D. Tinsley for permission to issue \$100,000 receiver's certificates to be used for the purpose of enlarging the plant and mains, equipping a new pumping station at the Winship place some distance up the It was thought that the majority mortgage bondholders having agreed to the issue no objection would be made, and that the matter would be settled at once, but Mr. Fritz Jones sprang the surprise by announcing that when the case was called tomorrow he would make objection to the issue in behalf of a client. Mr. Jones represents Mrs. Martha Jones, mother of Mr. Ben Jones, of East Macon. She is the holder of one \$500 bond, and comes alone into court to fight the iss The grounds of objection are that the receiver has no right to issue certificates a this time for the improvement of the plant and that being a private corporation the ssue of receiver's certificates are illegal. The case will come up for a hearing to-

Serious Illness of Mr. S. H. Dasher. S. H. Dasher, one of the most prominent men of middle Georgia, was stricken with paralysis today at some point down the Georgia Southern railroad, and was brought through Macon enroute to his home in Fort Valley. Physicians met him at the train. He may die.

The Southern Railway Case. The case of the Dunlap Hardware Company et al., of this city, vs. the Southern Railway Company was called in the United States court before Judge Emory Speer fore the matter is brought to the point of this morning. After reading the bill conthis morning taining the allegations, counsel for the complainants asked to be allowed to amend the bill. The amendments were allowed, and counsel for the Southern were granted sixty days in which to answer or demur to the amended bill. The case will ome up for a hearing about the middle of January next in this city.

In a Receiver's Hands. J. R. Fried & Co., wholesale dry goods, in this city, was placed in the hands of a

receiver today. Liabilities about \$50,000; MISSISSIPPI FARMERS ACT.

Opposed to Cotton Futures and Stock Gambling.

Oxford, Miss., November 10 .- (Special.)-A regular meeting of the Lafayette County Farmers' Association was held in the courthouse and the following preamble and resolutions by S. H. Plant were unanimously

adopted:

"Whereas, Wo, the farmers of Lafayette county, believe that 'dealing in futures' on any farm product is gambling: that it is exceedingly damaging to the prosperity of the producer; that it keeps him in the clutches of the moneyed man who never tilled an acre of land.
"Resolved therefore, That we, the farmers of Lafayette county, do request and earnestly urge our congressman, Hon. W. V. Suilivan, and his co-workers to use every means in their power to prevent any one from selling or buying the farmers products unless he can deliver the exact produce sold at the time specified in contract.

produce soid at the time specified in tract.

"Resolved, That we urge the farmers throughout the United States to band themselves together and by petitions to their representatives asking them to have laws passed that shall henceforth stop all "dealing in futures."

The farmers' association kindly ask that all papers friendly to them to publish the foregoing and lend a helping hand to expel the nightmare that is pressing all the life and energy out of the soil-tillers.

COLONEL LANE WILL TRAVEL A Previous Incident of His Life Is

Recalled. Brunswick, Ga., October 10.-(Special.)-A. H. Larle, vice president of the Merchants and Travelers' bank, has resigned. By unanimous vote of the directors he has consented to manage the bank's affairs until January 1st. He retires from active business temporarily to devote some months to travel.

For nearly ten years he has occupied a prominent position financially and socially this section. During the panic year of 1893 Lane became one of the most str.k-ing figures in bank circles. When the crash came, locally, that sent three banks crash came, locally, that sent three banks to the wall, accompanied by a tragedy which startled the business world, he was the most conspicuous figure. His personal guarantee of aid to carry tottering institutions through the panic served largely to allay fears. When an onslaught was made at that time on the Merchants and Traders' bank by anytons depositors. Lane at that time on the Merchants and Traders' bank by anxious depositors, Lane wired to Savannah for \$50,000 in silver, and secured it before bank hours by using a special engine. The morning of its arrival he rode through the streets of Brunswick in a double team express wagon, loaded with the coin, and followed by a crowd of cheering citizens, and aided the teller in paying it out. His ready command of cash and utter disregard of panicky feeling served largely to restore confidence in local business circles and brought

### depositors in the remaining solid institu-tions to their senses. Lane has banking connections in Sa-vannah and Valdosta, who are towers of strength. Today he owns the hotel St. WHISKY CONSTABLE Simons and other investments which yield handsome profits. His decision to leave Brunswick is greatly regretted.

Rev. J. H. Turner, of South Carolina, Lively Times for the Sheriffs During Shot to Death.

Knoxville, Tenn., November 10.—(Special., Two condemned murderers, William Mays white, and Robert Sims, colored, who die next Wednesday, one at Blountville and the other at Jonesboro, have made confes-HIS SLAYER HAS DISAPPEARED

sions. The men are in the Knoxville jali, and have just had sentence passed upon Newbold Fired Upon the Minister Often, Calling on Him To Halt. Mays says that he killed Massengill, a ras proven at the trial, but that Robert

Officer Thought His Victim Was says, swore a lie on trial to keep himself Blockade Runner When the Meeting Occurred.

GOV. ELLERBE REGRETS THE SHOOTING

way, who had called upon a young lady where Sims was employed. In his confes-Columbia, S. C., November 10 .- (Special.)sion there is little that was not given at It was supposed that when state constables were withdrawn, "except in the rural disthe coal operator at Coal Creek, hangs at tricts," there would be no more homicides Clinton on December 8th.

Pat Mathes, a Sevier county whitecar by liquor detectives, but tonight J. H. Turner, for many years a Baptist preacher who murdered William Whaley and with last spring, hangs at Sevierville on Decem-ber 3d. Mathes's crime was one of the and recently one of the most prominent business men in the county, lies dead with darkest in the criminal annals, and his cona bullet through his jugular vein. viction is the result of the legislature hav-

The shooting was done by State Constable W. H. Newbold, a Texan, who has done government service in that state and Mexico, and was employed here by Governor

Turner was a delegate to the "good A GOOD TRACK AT BENNINGS. roads" convention which meets here tomorrow and was driving to Spartanburg to take Finishes Were Exciting Enough to Columbia train. When at Cedar Grove church two men called to him to halt. Be-Washington, November 10.-There was fair day and a good track at Bennings fore he could rein in his horse, two shots were fired, and he fell mortally wounded. today. Two of the finishes, those in the Newbold went to Spartanburg, and his fourth and fifth races, were hot enough to lawyer, fearing violence, got him a private arouse enthusiasm, and in the fourth, Son-

conveyance and started him out of town. He has not been heard of since. Hundreds of Spartanburg people here attending the state fair are incensed.

It is supposed Turner was mistaken for blockade runner. Newbold's lawyer telegraphed that the

detective held a pistol in each hand and they were accidentally discharged. "It is a great pity," said Governor Ellerbe, "I would not have given Newbold for the rest of the constable gang."

RICHARD FOLSOM CLEVELAND. Ex-President's Son Is Named for His Wife's Father.

Princeton, N. J., November 10.-The name of Grover Cleveland's son is to be Richard Folsom Cleveland, in honor of Mrs. Cleveland's father. The students and residents of Princeton wanted the infant named Grover Cleve-

caret was given the place. Two favorites, two second choices and one outsider won. FIRST RACE—S:x and one-half furlongs: Siy Fox, 108, Simms, 1 to 2, won; Aurum, 98, O'Connor. 40 to 1 and 4 to 1, second; Blue Devil, 121, O'Leary, 9 to 5, third, Time, 1:24. The Manxman ran.

SECOND RACE—Seven furlongs: Warrenton, 110, Irving, 2 to 1, won; Dinaldo, 110, O'Leary, 16 to 5 and even, second; Handpress, 111, Doggett, 9 to 5, third. Time, 1:32 1-5. Bardella and Long Ace also ran.

THIRD RACE—Six furlongs, seiling: Albert S, 110, R. Williams, 2 to 1, won; South Africa, 110, Simms, 6 to 5 and 1 to 2, second; Tappan, 102, Hewitt, 6 to 1, third, Time, 1:17 1-5. Summer Sea, Dalgretto, 1fis Own, George H, Ketcham, Mantic, Maud Adams, Kniser Ludwig and Venetia II also ran.

FOURTH RACE—Six furlongs, seiling: Hardly, 109, R. Williams, 2 to 5, won; Charagrace, 102, Hirsch, 109 to 1 and 20 to 1, second; Hairpin, 38, Songer 30 to 1, third. Time, 1:17 3-5. Pontelcanet, Isen, Merlin, Plantain, Checkers and Lucid also ran. Hairpin finished third, but fouled Merlin, and Pontelcanet was given the place.

FIFTH RACE—One and one-sixteenth miles, selling: Alarum, 111, Doggett, 12 to 1, won; King T, 116, Hewitt, 20 to 1 and 5 to 1, second; Counsellor Howe, 106, O'Connor, 60 to 1, third. Time, 1:53. Ben Ronald, Abingdon, Marshal, James Munroe and Sue Kittle also ran. NO BETTING ALLOWED ON FLOOR. Governors of New York Stock Ex-

change List Some Securities. New York, November 10.—The governors of the New York stock exchange at their meeting today passed a resolution prohibiting betting on the floor of the exchange. They also authorized the listing of the following securities: WANTS RECIPROCITY. Minister Calls on Secretary Sherman

They also authorized the listing of the following securities:

Northern Pacific Rallway Company, \$89,000 - addition prior lien railway and land grant 4 per cent gold bonds, making total listed to date \$78,093,000; \$2,376,000 first mortgage bonds, 4 per cent gold bonds, and \$23,900 Guaranty Trust Company of New York, engraved exchangeable trust cert. ficates: Omaha and St. Louis railroad, \$89,000 additional prior lien railway and land grant 4 per cent gold bonds; Omaha and St. Louis Railway Company, \$22,000 Guaranty Trust Company of New York, engraved exchangeable trust certificates of common stock; Wheeling and Lake Erie Railway Company, \$10,117,000 Central Trust Company engraved certificates of deposit for common \$1 assessment paid and the amount of stock reduced accordingly. Washington, November 10.—Peru has taken steps to secure whatever advantages may be reaped under the reciprocity clauses the new tariff act. The minister from that country, Dr. Don Victor Eguiguren, today broached the subject to Secretary Sherman and to Assistant Secretary Day. Mr. Kasson, who is specially charged with the conduct of the negotiations touching reciprocity, was called into consultation and in a short time the initial steps had been taken to formulate a basis of agreement between the United States and Peru upon a re-ciprocity scheme. Owing to the large amount of work which is involved in such negotiations it may be some time yet be-

NATIONAL GRANGE IN Pairons of Husbandry Are Now Con-ABBEVILLE WINS THE SITE. vened in Pittsburg.

The People of Wilcox County Hold an Harrisburg. Pa.. November 10.—The Na-tional Grange, patrons of husbandry, con-vened today in the supreme court chamber. Delegates from almost all the states repre-The election for courthouse removal from Isented in the national body were present. National Master J. H. Brigham, assistant Abbeville to Rochelle, in Wilcox county, has resulted in a great victory for Abbesecretary of agriculture, was in the chair The morning session was short and was devoted to preliminary work.

The report of the treasurer, Mrs. E. S. ville. The election at Abbeville was very

McDowell, of New York, showed the finan ces of the order to be in a satisfactory condition, with a larger amount of funds on hand than the previous year. Secretary Trimble's report showed 141 new granges and nearly one hundred reorgan-izations. The reports of state matters were received. Worthy Master Brigham submitted his annual report.

A public reception will be held tomorrow afternoon. Governor Hastings will deliver ble is expected over the consolidation at the opening address,

has been asked to place troops to keep KOSSUTH WANTS INFORMATION.

Hungarian Premier Is Interpolated BIG LEAD OF GOLD IS FOUND. Touching Suspension of Constitution. Buda Pest, November 10 .- In the lower Hawkeye Mine Shows Up Richest Kind house of the diet today Francis Kossuth characterized the action of the Austrian minister of finance in threatening a suspen-Deadwood, S. D., November 10.—At a depth of 150 feet in the new workings of sion of the constitution in the event of the Austro-Hungarian compromise bill being defeated as being contrary to the terms of the Hawkeye mine, situated at Plum Gulch, two miles from Deadwood, a body of free milling gold ore was struck this afternoon which showed an assay value of \$1.886 in gold per ton.

The ore body is a continuation of that struck six weeks ago, which caused intense excitement in the West and caused a stampede to the district in which the mine is situated. the Hungarian constitution.

Kossuth called upon the government to make a definite announcement of its position in the matter and addressed an interpellation to Baron Banffy, the Hungarian premier, relative to the attitude the Hungarian government would adopt in the event of Austria suspending the constitu-tion as threatened.

Calhoun, Ga., November 10.—(Special.)—Miss Maggie V. Thornton will commence the publication of a weekly newspaper here about the 1st of December. It will be an eight-page, six-column paper, all home print, and with a free silver tendency. GIVES THE SOLAR PLEXUS BLOW Green, of San Francisco, Whips Zeig-

ler, of Philadelphia. with Ease. Woodward's Pavilion, San Francisco, November 10.—George Green, of San Francisco, knocked out Owen Zeigler, of Phila-Calhoun, Ga., November 16.—(Special.)—Mr. C. C. Harlan, one of Calhoun's leading merchants, was thrown from his beyele breaking the small bone in his leg just above the ankle joint delphia, in the first round tonight. It was the famous solar plexus blow with which Fitzs'mmons knocked out Jim Corbett that

After several exchanges, in which honors were even, Green forced Zeigler to a corner and swung viciously with his left for the stomach. This blow landed clean and strong. For a moment Zeigler swayed for-Washington, November 10.—The president has appointed the following postmasters: Alabama—Opelika, Dallas B. Smith; Flor-ida—Starke, Levi C. Huil.

QUARANTEED BY DEALERS AND MAKERS.



Handsome. Reasonable. Economical.

# MY SHOES KILLS A PREACHER WILL PLEASE YOU

OF TWO OF THE LEADING IN THE UNITED STATES, Any Other House in Atlanta.

The Shoes we sell please the people, please them at sight, please them when tried on, please them when they commence wearing them, please them all the time they are worn.

They Are Reliable Shoes.

You Can Depend on Them --- In wet weather, in cold weather, in all sorts of weather.

MORAL-Buy your Winter Shoes at this store; get the best and save money.

# R.C.BLACK

35 WHITEHALL ST.



# A Tip-Top Can

Of fruits, vegetables, soups, fish, deviled meats or fish, you can buy at this store of the choicest brand, and freshly canned, at an extraordinary low price. We have all kinds of delicacies, in either tin or glass-sardines, sardelles, anchovies, in oil, pate de poulet, pate de foies gras truffle, sardines, truffled, etc.

A. W. FARLINGER.

325, 327 and 329 Peachtree St., Atlanta, Ga.



Coal bills impoverish the poor and disgust the rich Wonderful Estate Oaks do neither. The saving in fuel bills in one season pays the cost of an Estate Oak.

We guarantee the Estate Oaks to use less fuel and hod fuel longer than any other stove. They have held fire continuously with 40 lbs. of coal for 73 hours. Come and see th ffidavits.

We have the Estate Oaks in 25 sizes and style for soft or hard coal, coke or wood. Self feeders and base burners, suitable for the smallest living room to the largest hall.

You can make a fire in any size or style in the fall and keep it going until spring without rekindling.

No other just as good, We, as well as anybody, can sell you a stove for \$1.00, but if you want the best, most durable and economical, get an Estate

Oak. Headquarters for Mantels, Tile Grates, Gas Fixtures and Plumb Send for catalogue.

ward and then staggered to and went down gradually to his knees and then on his face. He was deathly pale and groaned as if in agony. Referee Joe Choyn-ski began counting and had reached five when Zeigler made a desperate effort to come to his feet. The effort was too much for him, however, and grasping the ropes and pulling himself to his knees, he col-lapsed and fell on his face and was counted He was carried to his corner, where his

seconds worked on him for five minutes before he was able to stand. THE DEDICATION IS POSTPONED.

Yellow Fever Causes Opening of Institute To Be Postponed. Tuskegee, Ala., November 10.—Owing to the yellow fever, the dedication of the Mary Stearns Agricultural hall and addi-tion to the Normal institute has been post-poned until November 30th.

The principal address will be delivered by the Hon. James Wilson, secretary of agri-

Governor Joseph Johnston, of Alabama, and Dr. J. L. W. Curry have stated they

ANTI-TRUST LAWS ARE NO GOOD. New York Supreme Court Hands Down a Decision.

Albany, N. Y., November 10 .- The appellate division of the supreme court this afternoon handed down a decision affirming the decision of Mr. Justice Alden Chester, of the supreme court, declaring the anti-trust laws unconstitutional.

McKINLEY RECEIVES LAURIER Premier of Canada and British Am

bassador Visit the White House. Washington, November 10.—President Mc-Kinley today received Sir Wilfred Laurier, premier of Canada, at the white house. Secretary Sherman introduced Sir Wil-fred, who was accompanied by Sir Julian Pauncefote, British ambassador; Sir Louis Davis and Professor Thompson, the British seal expert.

North Cerolina Postmasters, Washington, November 10.—The following fourth-class postmasters in North Carolina have been appointed: Brasstown, J. F. Arrant; Gulf, Lucy A. Beal; Macon, H. L. Watson; Silver Hill, J. M. Prim, Jr.

Another Victim of Football. Pittsburg, Pa., November 10.—William J. Reating, twenty-one years of age, residing with his parents in North Homestead, ded last night from the results of an injury received in a football game at Swissvale for days age.

Will buy your winter

Mr. C. G Grosse will cut it.

Best Atlanta tailors will make it. I have a choice stock to select from.

DAVIS,

The Tailor 8 Whitehall St.

HOUSE DESTROYED BY FIRE.

Mr. McTurry's Residence on West Peachtree Burned Last Night. Peachtree Burned Last Night.

The residence of M. D. McTurry, on West Peachtree, near Flith street, burned last night. The fire is thought to have originated from a defective stove. The building was almost consumed, together with the furniture and household effects.

The family were awakened about midright by the smell of smoke in the house. The flames were gaining rapid headway, and the family barely had time to escape. The total loss will amout to about \$2,000. The residence was insured for \$1,500.

# A NEW FEATURE SPRUNG IN MACON

Complainants Change Their Bill and Allege Damages.

SOUTHERN ASKS MORE TIME

It Will Change Its Plan of Defense and File an Answer.

A DISTINGUISHED PARTY

President Samuel Spencer, of the Southern. Mr. Francis Lynde Stetson and Ex-Senator George F. Edmunds in the City.

President Samuel Spencer, of the Southern railway; Mr. Francis Lynde Stetson, general counsel; ex-Senator George F. Edmunds, of Vermont; ex-Secretary Hoke Smith, Colonel W. A. Henderson, general southern counsel for the Southern railway, came up last night from Macon.

They went there to attend the hearing in the case of certain citizens of Macon against the Southern. There was no hearing, a continuance being granted for sixty days and the party returned here, where they separated and went in different direc-

The reason for the continuance was an amendment filed by the counsel for Mr. Sparks and his associates, the complainants. The original bill which they filed charged that the Southern railway controlled by stock, ownership or lease a number of Georgia railroads and this control was alleged to defeat competition in

The complaint was first presented to Governor Atkinson last summer and he was asked to direct the attorney general to proceed against the Southern to break up the alleged illegal combinations of railroads. Governor Atkinson held the matter under consideration for some time, but before he rendered a decision the petition was withdrawn from his hands and a bill was filed in the federal court at Macon before Judge Eemory Speer. Judge Speer set the case for a hearing last August at Mt. Airy. Both sides were represented by counsel. The Southern asked for a continuance on the ground that its leading counsel, ex-Senator Edmunds, was ill and could not come south. So the case was postponed

and it came up yesterday in Macon. The Southern's Counsel.

The Southern was represented by ex-Senator Edmunds, Colonel Henderson, Marion Erwin, Hill, Harris and Birch, of Macon, and Delacey & Bishop, of Eastman. Messrs. Bacon, Miller & Brunson, and Dessau, Bartlett and Ellis, of Macon, represented the complainants, of whom there are seven or eight individuals and firms

demurrer had been prepared by the Southern admitting the charges in the bill programme attracted many local physi-brought against it and declaring that there was nothing in the complaint which was ground for an injunction against the uthern. If everything in the bill be true, the Southern answered that the complainants did not show that they were in danger of suffering loss or damage to the amount of \$2,000 or any other definite sum. This demurrer was relied on to throw the complainants out of court. They caught wind of this and when the case came up yesterday they submitted an amendment to their bill, alleging that each of the petitioners had been damaged to the amount of

This amendment so completely changed the proceeding that the southern's attornevs asked for time to confer. They were granted the time and they went to the Lanier house to examine the new bill. After they had read it and discussed it. they returned to the courtroom and stated that they desired time in which to file an answer, announcing their purpose to withdraw the demurrer. They had concluded to make their fight in another way. This was necessary, because they could not demur to the amendments, for that would have been to admit the charges as true.

Sixty days was agreed upon as sufficient time for the preparation of the answer and this time was allowed by Judge Speer. This ended the case for the day and the visitors left on the first train for Atlanta.

Mr. Spencer went from here to Chattanooga and to Cincinnati. Mr. Stetson and Mr. Edmunds left in a private car for New York. Colonel Henderson remains here for a few days.

Mr. Edmunds in Fine Health.

A Constitution reporter called on the party while their cars were in the union passenger station. Mr. Edmunds looked hale and strong for a man of his years. He was engaged because he is recognized as the sult and \$50 on each fight. greatest constitutional lawyer in the United States. He prepared the demurrer, but the all comers last year.

turn in the case compelled a change in the Mr. Stetson is Mr. J. Pierpont Morgan's

legal adviser and the former law partner of ex-President Grover Cleveland. He is one of the foremost lawyers at the American bar and handles the legal part more great financial deals than any other lawyer in the United States. Mr. Stetson is a man of middle age, with a fine head and a keen, shrewd eye. He did not figure in the proceedings a Macon, but was there for consultation. He is familiar with the recent history of the railroads in this part of the south, having been counsel for the re-organization com

The lawyers would not discuss their views on the new aspect of the case, beyond saying that the issues would be fully me when they came up in January.

Mr. Edmunds was in the spokesman for the Southern in court. Mr. Spencer said that there was noth-

ing particularly new in the railroad situation so far as the Southern was concerned. Speaking of the company's earnings, he remarked that the Southern has done better for the first four months of the present fiscal year than it did during the corresponding months of last year, and this in the face of the interruption of traffic by the quarantine against the yellow fever. He stated that the Southern had endeavored to comply in every way with the regulations prescribed by the cities, counties and states through which it passes.

Quarantine Developments.

The Southern resumes the operation of two passenger trains between Birming-ham and Columbus, Miss., today.

Little Rock has raised her quarantine against Memphis and the Little Rock and Memphis has resumed operations. Passengers for Texas going through Memphis over the Memphis and Charleston must ar-rive there by the night train, which makes close connections. This avoids a stop over, and passengers with proper health certifi-cates can go right on without any trouble. There has not been a case of fever in

Memphis in three or four days, nor even a suspicious cause. An effort was made yes-terday to get Mississippi to raise her quarantine against Memphis. The state author ities are expected to act in a day or two. The Kansas City line is all right except in Mississippi.

Rvan Will Be There.

Raleigh, N. C., November 10.—(Special.)— The steckholders of the Raleigh and Gas-ton, the Raleigh and Augusta and the Pai-metto railway meet here tomorrow. It is said that the Ryan element will renew its fight

New Railroad Projected.

New Railroad Projected.

Decatur, Ala., November 10.—(Special.)—An important move which has been on foot for some weeks past, cuiminated last night in an active joint meeting of the board of trade and the new Decatur commercial club with a large citizens' committee from Darville. The object of the meeting was to lay plans for building a railroad from this point to Danville, in the southern portion of the county, and in the richest section of the Tennessee valley. The meeting was a lengthy one, the spacious board of trade rooms being crowded with the best and most substantial people cious board of trade rooms being crowded with the best and most substantial people of this section, and great enthusiasm and determination was evinced. The meeting lasted several hours. As a final result, a committee of capitalists and business men were appointed, who have gone actively to work. A president and salaried secretary were elected, and they have begun preparations to start the work of organization at once. Experts will be employed to investigate and report on the rich ccal, timber and iron lands lying seven miles south of Danville, in Walker county. The committee say the line will be projected to Jasper, and from there run to the Warrior coal fields, and have for its terminal point Tuscaloosa, where it will connect with the new line now being constructed by the Mobile and Ohlo to Montgomery and Opelika to Montgomery. The president of the committee is A. F. Murrary, and the secretary is C. O. Albes.

#### SHOULD CONTROL SPECIALISM. Medical Men in Session in St. Louis

Listen to Papers. St. Louis, November 10.—The attendance at the second day's session of the Southern Surgical and Gynecological Association was larger than the first, for a score of belated of papers. The day was devoted almost entirely to essays on gynecology and debates

Papers were read by Drs. Howard A. Keily, of Baltimore; L. S. McMurty, Louisville; Joseph T. Johnson, Washington; M. C. McGannon, Nashville; D. F. Talley, Birmingham and H. H. Grant, Louisville President Johnston made his annual address, taking for his subject "The Prevalence of Specialism and Who Shall Be Specialists." In the course of his remarks President Johnston said:

ident Johnston said:

"The present system has many disadvantages. It permits unqualified men to folst themselves upon the public as specialists. The public ignorantly confides itself to these poorly equipped men in the belief that they are securing the best services the profession affords.

"Cur colleges should vigorously discourage the practice of recent graduates becoming specialists. Colleges should only recognize the real specialists, the men of the broad knowledge that comes from wide experience.

broad knowledge that comes from wide experience.

"If our special societies would fix a standard and lay proper requirements applicants would conform to them. If a fair academic education, sound medical training, hospital service and a period of at least five years passed in the practice of general medicine were added to the already existing requirements of the societies he should then be admitted into its ranks and allowed to practice as a specialist.

"Reform is necessary. It must be accomplished through the instrumentality of our colleges and societies and when they take the matter properly in hand the general profession and public will lend cordial support and the evil will perish."

INTERSTATE COCKING MAIN. Georgia Birds Will Be Pitted on Mississippi Soil.

Vicksburg, Miss., November 10.—There will be an interstate cocking main near this city on the 24th and 25th instant, in which Mississippi and Georgia birds will be By the terms of the agreement each state

is to show twenty-one birds and to fight all that "match in," at \$1,000 a side on the re-Mississippi cocks held the field against

Nothing enters into the manufacture of Fairy Soap but the purest and best materials known to the soapmaker's art and that money can buy.

PURE-WHITE-FLOATING.

The Soap of the Century

Sold everywhere in one quality and three convenient sizes, for the toilet, bath and laundry.

Made only by THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY, Chicago. St. Louis. New York.

Tax Committee Refuses To Allow Mr. J.

H. Nunnally's Petition.

SIDEWALK STANDS

TURNED DOWN MANY TIMES

Major Fitten Will Be Notified That His Stand Is Unlawful.

THE Y. M. C. A. MUST PAY CITY TAXES.

Committee Refuses To Exempt It from Paying on Rented Storerooms. Mr. Fincher Made Happy.

The tax committee of the general council has again turned down a petition of Mr. J. H. Nunnally to be allowed to run a sidewalk fruit stand at the corner of Marietta and Broad streets. This is the seventh time this action has been taken. The quest on bobs up at almost every meeting of the tax committee and it is getting to be a regular routine matter of business of

The committee has instructed License Inspector Hunter to notify Major J. A. Fitten that the fruit stand on the sidewalk at his building on the corner of Broad and Marietta streets, opposite Mr. Nun-nally's, is bein run in violation of the laws to comply with a permit granted some time ago. It is said the stand is occupying far more sidewalk space than the law allow more sidewalk space than the law allows, and that the parties running it have ex-ceeded the privileges granted them. The tax committee and aldermanic board

has determined to clear the sidewalks of fru.t stands and other objectionable lines of business, and no licenses will be granted where parties propose to occupy any part of the sidewalk.

The tax committee yesterday refused to rel eve the Young Men's Christian Association from the payment of city taxes on that part of its building which is rented out to paying tenants. Other property of the as-sociation is exempt from taxation. The committee refused to grant a peti-tion of an old man named Fincher to be

relieved of the payment of costs of collection on his city taxes, \$1.50, because it would fix a bad precedent; but the committee generously made up a purse to pay the amount for the petitioner, who stated that he is poor and unable to settle the amount. His taxes amounted to 31 cents and the costs for non-payment \$1.50. Mayor Collier, Alderman Dimmock, Alderman Woodward, Councilman Peters and Alderman Rice, of the committee contributed to the fund to pay Fincher's tax costs, and the old man was sent away happy.

#### LETTERS FROM THE PEOPLE

Kept the Best Men to the Front.

Editor Constitution-In a Kentucky town in which I once lived there was a merchant tailor upon whose walls were suspended his motto: "A nation is known by its dress." In after years this motto often recurred to me in my railroad travel as I appreached a country town or station. If at these places there was a representative gathering of its people I could make up a satisfactory conclusion as to the character of

the people thus assembled.
Following up this thought I asked myself the question why may not a nation or republic be approximately measured by her foreign ministers and her representatives in her national legislature? If American history is to be accredited, a country that honors her men of superior talent and sterling worth honors nerself and is thereby strengthened in her power and influence: likewise by her failure to appreciate this class of men she is in the same ratio weakened and shorn of that potency to which she is entitled. Note the record of those states that are distinguished in this respect. Why Massachusetts' celebrity as a state? Because she persistently honored her men of proher national legislature? If American hisshe persistently honored her men of pro-nounced ability and great integrity of char-acter. What is true of Massachusetts can be justly applied to Virginia, the Oid Donounced ability and great integrity of character. What is true of Massachusetts can be, justly applied to Virginia, the Old Dominion, the mother of presidents, furnishing Washington, Jefferson, Madison, Monroe, Tyler to fill the highest office in the gift of the American people, besides her roll of civic and military worthies. The same is applicable to South Carolina. John C. Calhoun, Preston, Pettigrew and other names are so closely interwoven with Carolina's history that you cannot think of the Palmetto State without the intuitive association of these names in your hought. Think of Kentucky, and Harry of the west, sage of Ashland, the illustrious Henry Clay. Who can hear mentioned the nam of Missouri and not remember Thomas H. Benton's thirty years' service in the senate. Andrew Jackson, "Old Hickory," will involuntarily come to your thought at the pronunciation of the word Tennessee.

In reference to my own native state, Georgia, one of the intreen original colonies, I must say I can but feel proud of this old commonwealth as I note her standing as the Empire State of the South, a name she so well deserves. Shall I ask what has contributed to her national appreciation more than the distinguished men she has chosen from her earliest history to the present time in her national councils? George M. Troup, McPherson Berrien, William H. and George W. Crawford, later on Toombs, Stephen, Cobb, Hill, Joseph E. Brown, Gordon, Colquitt and a host of others are the men that have given strength, power and character to our beloved Georgia. Summing up the whole matter will say that I wish to emphasize this historic truth, that the states I have men of exalted talent, of varied research and culture, men that stood many cubits above the average statesman, continuing in public service, gröwing in wisdom, experience and judgment, thereby enhancing their qualifications as representatives of a great people whom they in turn honored by their faithful and distinguished services.

Moral: If you would have and retain your own respec

State Banks a Necessity.

State Banks a Necessity.

Editor Constitution—It is a patent fact that The Constitution is not only the leading medium in molding public opinion on all matters pertaining to the best interest of the people, but is their reliable advocate. Hence, I seek, through its widely circulated columns, to present a few thoughts on the re-establishment of state banks as a relilief to the agricultural and otherwise inboring classes of our population. It scarcely need be said that agriculture—which is the foundation of all wealth—has been sorely and most wantonly depressed without any seeming limitation to the avarice of the centralized money power brought into existence by class legislation, which by its rapid and alarming development is steadily centering, not only the absolute control of the legislation of the government, bur its wealth, as well, in the hands of a few, who seem to have but one object in view, and that is the increase of their own possessions and the more complete enslavement of the people. Already they have fastened themselves like leeches upon the industries and labor of the people. They hold them in their remorseless grip, and that grip will be drawn tighter and tighter if the people make no remonstrance against them. Is there a remedy? Yes. What is it? Let there be provided a local currency that will work in unison with the agricultural and industrial classes. Such a currency would accord with our constitutional states's rights in controlling their internal affairs and would result in a low rate of interest, and would supersede the law under which our national banking system is operated, in forbidding loans on real estate to develop it on easy terms at a low rate of interest, on long time. It would stimulate the resources of development, which in turn, would add immensely to the wealth of the states, especially the southern and weatern states, which are mostly agricultural.

It would stop, in a great measure, the

MUST BE MOVED

domination of the great money centers from controlling the money of the country and bringing stringent conditions around to suit their greed. It would prevent speculators from depressing the prices of the products of the states.

The cry of "wild-oat institutions" is a back number, and does not apply to this advanced and progressive age of financiering. Nor did it apply to any banking institution prior to our late and unfortunate war, which disrupted all of our easy going methods, in the state of Georgia. For it is a fact, that although the issue allowed by our state laws was \$1 in paper currency, for every one in specie-goid and sliver—every bank was as solvent as a gold or silver dollar, by the additional securities required, in making each stockholder personally liable for the bank's circulation. This can be done again on a like ratio of personal security.

ally liable for the bank's circulation. This can be done again on a like ratio of personal security.

Will state banks interfere with national banks or the circulation of national currency? Not in the least, for they will only provide the means in a local way, to build up and develop the resources of the country, and at the same time provide a long-felt want, which is more money, to meet the largely increasing productions and population of the country.

As the matter now stands, "per capita," in the sense of a circulating medium, is without meaning, and cannot be otherwise, as long as our circulating medium is contracted by less than 10 per cent of our pepulation, as is the case now. No one will deny that wealth is a great thing when it is used to build up the necessary industries of the country, but when it goes into hands of the few, while the producers of it are growing poorer, it makes an unequal distribution of opportunities, as is the case now.

The national tendency of hoarded wealth (from y) is to englave those who are less fortunate, and the cash capital being in the hands of the comparative few of this country, is being used to enslave the toling masses. Blind, indeed, must be the man who falls to see the menace to our system, of government, in the growing antagonism between hoarded wealth and labor, and also the influence of wealth in shaping enslation for its protection at the expense of all the industrial classes, who produce the wealth. When the sena-

ping hasiation for its protection at expense of all the industrial classes, o produce the wealth. When the sena-of Rome (as is the case with this he expense of the wealth. When the seminoproduce the wealth. When the seminoproduce the wealth. When the seminors of Rome (as is the case with this yountry) bought their positions, the patrickan four shed, but Rome fell. Shall it be and that the people of this enlightened ountry we allow history to repeat itself. country we allow history to repeat itself, when fuci a sad catastrophe can be so easily averted? God forbid it. The men who purchase their places do not represent the people or the interest of the country, but in this corrupt day buy themseives into place and power to legislate in the interest of massing wealth; while the toilers are used only as so many slaves to produce values which they may absorb in increasing their riches. State banks will put it beyond the control of these modern, sordid, avaricious shylocks to carry on their infamous plans of plundering the people. Will not our state legislators again petition congress to repeal the 10 per cent act against state banks, and allow each state to control its own internal affairs? Is it strictly constitutional for the general government to control the financial management of the states?

JOSEPH TILLMAN.

Quitman, Ga., November 9, 1897.

Quitman, Ga., November 9, 189

HOME MARKET CLUB'S DINNER. Dingley Can't Find Any Fault with Recent Elections.

Boston, November 10.—The annual dinner of the Home Market Club was held at Mechanics hall tonight. Fully 1,000 people at-

The most distinguished guests were Congressman Nelson A. Dingiey, of Maine; Congressman Charles A. Russell, of Connecticut; Congressman Jonathan P. Doliver, of Iowa, and Senator Henry Cabot

Senator Hanna sent a letter of regret, after the reading of which three cheers were given for him.

Congressman Dingley in his address said: Congressman Dingley in his address said;
"I know some of our free trade friends claim to see in the result of the recent elections evidences of popular dissatisfaction with Pesident McKinley and the new protective tariff. When, however, it is considered that a failing off of the aggregate voir has always been an inevitable result of the relaxation from an intense strain and that in every state in which an election was held the democratic managers carefully avoided the tariff issue and gained their only victory in a protective state through an absurd attempt to run two republican candidates for mayor of New York city, while the republicans captured York city, while the republicans captured a protection United States senator in Maryland, heretofore arrayed against a protective issue, it is difficult to see on what grounds it can be justly claimed that the result of the recent elections gives any result of the recent elections gives any support to the claims that the people were dissatisfied with the administration of President McKinley or with the new protective tariff."

ONCE MORE SALISBURY RESIGNS This Time the Premier Makes Way for

Marquis of Lansdowne. London, November 10.-The Financia Financial Post professes to know that the marquis of Salisbury, premier and secre-tary of foreign affairs, is about to resign the foreign secretaryship in favor of the marquis of Lansdowne, secretary of state for war, retaining, however, the premier-

Coughs and colds need not be endured; they can be cured, and that quickly.

Many mixtures are temporary in effect, but Scott's Emulsion of Cod-liver Oil with Hypophosphites is a

permanent remedy. The oil feeds the blood and warms the body; the hypophosphites tone up the nerves; the glycerine soothes the inflamed throat and lungs.

The combination cures. This may prevent serious lung troubles.

50c. and \$1.00; all druggists.
SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, New York.

FOR RENT Get one of our weeking full description of everything to rent. We move tenants free. See notice.

JOHN J. WOO DSIDE, The Reting Agent, oN. 50 Broad St

THE NORMANDIE, 286 PEACHTREE.

The most delightfully located house in Atlanta, situated at the junction of the two Peachtrees, within five minutes' walk of the theaters, governor's mansion and the Aragon. Every room having a frontage on either of the Peachtrees. Steam heat and open grates. Mrs. A. E. Cunningham, pro-oct26-im

For Rent by C. H. Girardeau & Co.,

E. Wall Street.

h., 47 Trinity avenue, g., w. and b.
h., 136 N. Boulevard, g., w. and b.
h., 108 N. Boulevard, g., w. and b.
h., 10 Spring, choice.
h., 66 Highland, modern.
h., 3 Orange street, g., w. and b.
r. h., 566 Loyd, water.
r. h., 237 Formwalt, water.
r. h., 73 Hood street.
-r. h., 76 Gilmer street.
-r. h., 20 Morrison avenue.
-r. h., 444 Loyd street.
-r. h., 530 Woodward, g., w. and b.
4-r. h., 233 West Fair, newly painted papered.

Whitehall, 30150.

Choice store, 127 Whitehall, 30x190.

in perfect agony. I am now practically well. And I do thank God for Wine of Cardui. I don't feel safe unless I have it in my house. My friends are going to use it too. Miss MARY L. BRIGGS. GREENVILLE, Muhlenberg Co., Ky.
April 29th, 1897.
For the last five or six years may mother
has given me a bottle or two of Wine of
Cardui every Spring. It is the only medicine that does me any good. I could not
be without it. We can recommend it to
all females who suffer. cine that us to be without it. We can be without it. BLONINE L. GIBES.

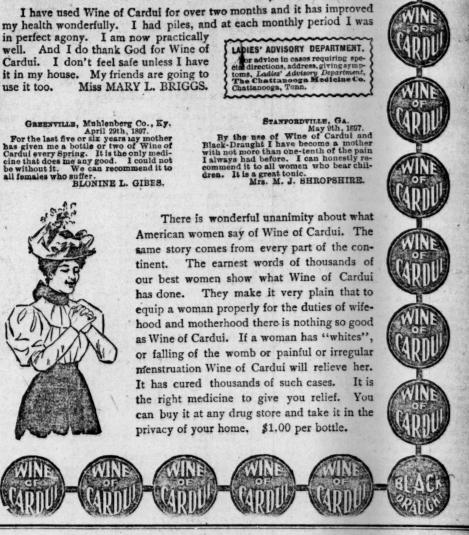
BLONINE L. GIBES.

There is wonderful unanimity about what American women say of Wine of Cardui. The same story comes from every part of the continent. The earnest words of thousands of our best women show what Wine of Cardui has done. They make it very plain that to equip a woman properly for the duties of wifehood and motherhood there is nothing so good as Wine of Cardui. If a woman has "whites", or falling of the womb or painful or irregular menstruation Wine of Cardui will relieve her. It has cured thousands of such cases. It is the right medicine to give you relief. You can buy it at any drug store and take it in the privacy of your home, \$1.00 per bottle.

New York Women Use It. .. ..

431 W. 147th St., New York City.

May 9th, 1897.



Dodson

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For Rent by D. P. Morris & Sons, 41 N. Broad Street.

West Kimball..

→STORAGE → SECURITY WAREHOUSE COMPANY SEPARATE ROOMS FOR FURNITURE. Foundry St. & W. & A. R.R. Tel. 1956, 2 C.

LADIES' COLUMN.

OSTRICH FEATHERS cleaned, curled and dyed like new at I. Phillips', 69½ White-hall st., Atlanta Feather Works. ROOMS-WANTED-ROOMS.

WANTED-Four nice unfurnished, up-stairs rooms for light housekeeping; north side preferred. Address J., care Constitu-

FOR SALE-Machinery. SECOND-HAND steam boiler for sale. Apply to T. F. Seitzinger, 291 Marietta street. sept 18 2 months

EUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES. SPECULATORS—A trial of my inside information will make you large profits. Have yet to make a loss for my customers. Communicate early. Terms \$10 per week, \$30 monthly. William H. Edwards, 220 Broadway, N. Y. nov9 3t tu thu sat HOTEL WANTED—Responsible and well known hotel man wants to lease first-class hotel; large town or city, Georg a, Alabama, Florida or South Carolina, V. S. W., Kimball house, Atlantal nov9 tu thu sun

HARDWOOD LUMBER—Can offer good paying lumber contract to party furnish-ing ox teams and carts to operate our hardwood mill; excellent location. Apply Hardwood Lumber, care Constitution. nov 2-4t

nov 2-4t RARE CHANCE-For sale, the largest and best general mercantile business in the livest town in the Piedmont section; cause, failure of health only; new modern storeroom 50 feet in the clear by 140, two stores and a basement, with large warehouse adjacent; can be had by the purchaser at a bargain, either outright sale or lease, R. S. Hill, Anderson, S. C.

FOR RENT-Stores.

FOR RENT-The store in front of the Ara-gon on Peachtree, No. 170. Apply to W. A. Hemphill. oct22-tf

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE. FOR SALE—Or exchange for cottage on the east side, one seven-room two-story house in West End. Thomas W. Jackson, 70% Peachtree street. nov10-7t

TYPEWRITERS AND SUPPLIES. TYPEWRITERS bought, sold and exchanged, half saved; all makes; mimeographs, ribbons, carbon. The Typewriter Exchange, 16 North Pryor.

sept 19 30t sun mon wed thur ASSI: NMENT sale of typewriters and supplies. Stock of D. H. Shields & Co. must be closed out. Bargains, J. P. Davis, assignee, 41½ Peachtree. nov 7 ft

FOR SALE-Miscellaneous.

FOR SALE—100,000 Lady Thompson straw berry plants; the earliest, largest and most prolific berry known, at \$3 per 1,000 W. S. Swinson, Washington, Ga. novi0-3t ORANGES—Florida oranges and grape fruit (famous Peace river valley fruit), by the single box or carload. Nicely wrapped and packed fresh. Immediate or later delivery. References. Address Box 36. Arnov10-2t

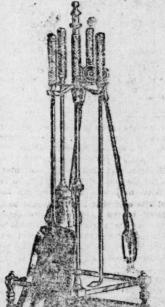
SIX-MONTHS-OLD Scotch Colley, brown and black; answers to name "Jay," Re-turn and get reward. 371 Spring st. LOST-A valuable diamond from ring set-ting, in front of Pitten-Methvine Hard-ware Co., Whitehall st.; a liberal reward will be paid for its return to T. J. Fambro, 87 and 89 Peachtree st. PERSONAL.

THE CHERAW FAIR takes place November 22 to 25, 1897; 30,000 people expected; circulars, samples, etc., distributed during fair at a reasonable rate. Address John T. Meehan, Cheraw, S. C. novil 3t FOR RENT-Miscellaneous.

son Seed Co.

FOR RENT—One Newby & Evans upright
plano in fine condition, to responsible
party, 14 per month. Address T. H. S.,
this office. nov 10 2t

We have them complete all



kinds, styles and prices-and the price is within touch of all classes.



A reasonable man or woman will never think of using a fire one day without one of our Fenders. Your baby is too re cicus to take any risk. We have them from ......50c

Fire Sets in many styles and prices. Select the Set you desire and we guarantee to suit you in price.

# 63 - 65 PEACHTREE ST

FINANCIAL.

MONEY TO LOAN. MONEY TO LEND-Make liberal loans on diamonds, watches, etc., at lowest rates.

I am never short on money. V. F. Pickert,
No. 6 Whitehall street. 4½, 5, 6, 7 AND 8 PER CENT loans negotiated on real estate, from one to ten years, straight or monthly. Purchase money notes wanted. No delay, W. A. Foster, 45 Marletta St.

FARM LOANS a specialty; lowest rates; payments made to suit. Come direct to W. P. Davis, attorney, 613 Temple Court, BARKER & HOLLEMAN negotiate loans on Atlanta real estate and Georgia farm lands. Gould building, Atlanta. LOANS made on real estate at low rates of interest, without commission, and repayable in monthly installments. Purchase money notes bought. Edward S. McCandless, cashier Southern Loan and Banking Co., No. 9 E. Alabama street.

T. W. BAXTER CO., Atlanta, Ga., negotiate loans in choice improved Georgia farms at 8 per cent, including commissions, novil-ly novil-ly

Samuel Barnett, no. 537 Equitable
building, negotiates real estate mortgages
loans on property in or near Atlanta. Bor
rower can pay back any way he pleases.

CHEAP MONEY and loans made promptly on approved security. Equitable Loan and Security Company, Gould building. WEYMAN & CONNORS negotiate loans on city property at 6 and 7 per cent, Money ready for parties wanting quick loans. Call in person. No. 825 Equitable building. WITHOUT REAL ESTATE you can borrow what money you want from Atlanta Discount Company. Office fifth floor Temple Court. Joseph N. Moody, president. tues thur sun

WANTED-Salesme SALESMEN-For cigars; \$125 a month and expenses; old firm; experience unnecessary; inducements to customers. C. C. Bishop & Co., St. Louis.

BOARDERS WANTED. WANTED—Boarders. Suit of rooms with bath at the Normandie. Will Mrs. G.. who called yesterday, call again? nov10-2t

Cash Paid for Old Gold and Silver. JULIUS R. WATTS & CO., Jewelers 51 Whitehall.

HELP WANTED-Male. MAN to travel, app

WANTED-A first-class milker and damman; married man preferred; good to erences required. J. T. Dennis, Meda, 63. WANTED HELP-Female. A.—HOME WORK for ladies, town or country; no canvassing; can guarantes weekly; send for particulars and samprice 25c. Bona-Fide Mfg. Co., 14f E. 18st., New York.

SITUATION: WANTED-Male EXPERIENCED bookkeeper and practical accountant open for engagement for eller city or outside work; best reference W. J. Dibble, 272 Courtland st., city.

TEACHER WANTED for a free school about twenty-five scholars, principal primary department; board 38 to 11 month; references required. Address, ling salary, Committee, Meriwether P. 0. Edgefield Co., S. C. nov 18 at YOUNG NEW HAMPSHIRE man, accadesires situation in good business form in city. High school graduate. E. J. D. this office.

SITUATIONS WANTED-Female WANTED-Light housework and sewing with nice wealthy family. sewing with nice wealthy fal dress M. II., care Constitution.

WANTED-Miscellaneous. WANTED-Ten good milch cows at Loyd st.; must be fresh. WANTED—To buy at a sacrifice a coplete second-hand encyclopedia in condition and still being supplements also two unabridged dictionaries. Addrawith full particulars, H. C. Reynolds, identically a condition of the condition of

FOR SALE—Bay gelding seven years a stylish, fast roadster; perfectly broken also rubber tired trap. 37 Equitable but the seven seven

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# TO PROTECT THE POLICY HOLDER

Nodson Insurance Bill Favorably Reported by Committee.

A WHOLE AFTERNOON OF TALK

Opposition Declares That the Measure Will Foster Fraud.

One Member of the Committee Makes Himself Conspicuous by Moving That the Newspapers Be Prevented from Printing

The one important feature of the meeting of the general judiciary committee of the house yesterday-outside of the fact that they ordered a favorable report on the Dodson insurance bill-was the taking of a vote to prevent the publication of the proceedings of the committee in the newspapers. The resolution passed. In consequence of this action Chairman Felder politely requested all those newspaper representatives present not to publish anything concerning the action of the committee during the afternoon, and, shortly afterwards, the committee took a final vote on all pending legislation and adjourned. The hottest fight of the present session of the legislature begun in the general judiciary committee. Dodson's insurance bill brought on the clash. The bill came up in the committee room, and for the first time this session, the division was so marked and strong as to inspire a mi-nority report. Mr. Slaton, of Fulton, who is leading the fight against Mr. Dodson's bill, is now preparing the minority report recommending that the bill do not pass: Mr. Slaton has with him ten of the ablest members of the committee. The representatives of nearly every in

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P-Female.

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ladies, town or coun-can guarantee to iculars and sample afg. Co., 147 E. 13th nov 9-6

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scholars, principally board \$8 to \$10 per lired. Address, name, Meriwether P. O., nov 10 2t

SHIRE man, age st. good business house graduate. E. J. D.

NTED-Female.

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touch of



surance company in the city were present before the committee. Mr. Dodson's bill provides for the repayment of premiums to the policy holder where a company con tests a policy and wins the suit. The bill, in full, is as follows:

in full, is as follows:

"Be it enacted by the general assembly of the state of Georgia, where suit is brought in any court in the state upon a policy of life insurance, before the defendant can put in issue any matters of defense to show that said policy was void in its inception, the defendant shall first deposit in the court where such suit is pending all premiums received on such policy with legal interest on said premiums from date of payment to date of defense.

"Be it further enacted that should such suit be decided in favor of the defendant, the money paid into the court as above prescribed shall be paid to the pdaintiffs, less such court costs as may be chargable to the plaintiff; in the event the suit is decided in favor of the plaintiff, such money shall be refunded to the defendant, less such court costs as may be charged to the defendant." ach court costs as may be charge defendant." Opposition Heard From.

Mr. Alex Smith, the first speaker for the insurance companies, said that there was absolutely no reason for the passage of the bill. He said that a man deserved

ne sympathy or help when he would make fraudulent representations and secure

MEN RESTORED. Nerves and Vigor.

True Manliness Replaces the Worn Out Remarkable Remedy That Makes a

Man Young Again.

Thousands of men are today paying the penalty of earlier inattention to their strength. They have gone for years gradually burning out the fire of natural vigor when suddenly they break down. They look fairly well; there is not much outward evidence of decay, but the mind knows all about it. It is a peculiar form of weakness; produces a certain sensitiveness that completely upsets a man and makes him feet that life has lost a goodly part of its brightness. There is a simple home treatment put up by a well-known institution of kaamazoo, Mich., that imparts a wonderful degree of strength to, men who are sexually weak. It is a very powerful tonic that makes the nerves fairly tingle with entusiasm. And to men who are prematurely old, apparently worn out and gone to seed the remedy sives that comfortable feeling imparted by a cheerful grate fire when we first come in of a cold, stormy 15th. By writing to the Michigan Medical Co., Al Miasonic Temple, Kalamazoo, Mich., they will send you full particulars re-Man Young Again. right. By writing to the Michigan Medical Co., 81 Masonic Temple, Kalamazoo, Micha, they will send you full particulars regarding this remarkable tonic and strengthener, and also explain how it is to be used, what it will do and all other her, and also explain how it is to be used, what it will do and all other fifth of the manner of the models and certain restoration, enlargement and return of manly vicor. It is a home treatment, embodies all the practical results required for either a young or old man, and is just such a curative as thousards of men are looking anxiously for. All correspondence is condential and their envelopes are perfectly plain, carefully sealed and mailed under first-class postage. No man need heatstate to write to the Michigan Medical Co. as they are regularly increase many years, are well rated by the commercial agencies and have first-class bank references. policy for the avowed purpose of defraud-

"This bill puts a premium on fraud," said Mr. Smith. Chairman Felder asked Mr. Smith if certain companies did not issue policies that were incontestible after two or three years. Mr. Smith said that the companies did not. Mr. Felder then said he held ten policies

makes it possible for a fraudulent appli- bill be reported back with the recommendacant to get a policy and then, when it tion that it pass. is proven that there is fraud, the company must pay back every cent paid in by this fraudulent applicant without being allowed to retain one cent for the expenses of writing and keeping the insurance."

Mr. Smith told of a case under his observation where a man had himself insured and on the 12th of the next month he died of Bright's disease. Bright's disease is a disease that lasts for years before having fatal results. This applicant, to get his policy, made several willful misrepresentations. He swore that he had never been sick in his life, yet two physicians swore that they had been treating him for two years for Bright's disease. The man actually plotted to deceive the examining physician.

"Now, shall such a flagrant fraud as this be protected? Do you believe that an insurance company that enters innocently into such an insurance policy should be made to pay back to the estate of this fraudulent policy holder the money which has been paid in and which is barely sufficient to pay the expenses of writing the nsurance? This bill is a premium on fraud, a discount on honesty, and a measure that will place the insurance companies at the mercy of men who have no other purpose than to cheat the companies."

More Opposition. Inspector Milliken, of the Fidelity Mutual, made a strong argument against the bill. He said that the insurance companies themselves made themselves helpless by issuing the policies incontestible. He said that the bill would be unjust to the insurance people. He stated that ten in



surance frauds were discovered prior to the death of the policy holder one fraud discovered after the

death of such a policy holder. Mr. Meldrim said that he did not intend to vote for the bill as it stood, but he believed that there was reason in the bill. Mr. Meldrim said that the bill would be an inducement to try to fraudulently obtain insurance, as the applicant could then go on the presumption that if his fraud was discovered before his death he would get the premiums back and even if it was dis covered after his death, his estate would get back the money, and it would be impossible for him to lose either way.

Mr. Slaton opposed the bill on the ground that it said that no matter how guilty a man might be of fraud, he would not lose a-cent, but would get his money back , with a high rate of interest.

said Mr. Slaton, "it's just a protection for frauds and rascals. A man may pay \$100 into an insurance company and at his death, if the fraud is not discovered, get back \$1,000, or if the fraud is discovered after he pays in the \$100 he will get back \$107 and 7 per cent is a bigger per cent than any honest man can get on his invest

"It's all winning and no losing-a reward

for rascality." Mr. Slaton then proceeded to make very firm and convincing argument against

the measure as it stood. Amendments Proposed.

Mr. Meldrim wanted to amend the bill so that it would not apply to policies that had been in existence for over one year as by that time, he argued, any possible fraud would be discovered.

At this point Mr. Hill, of Troup, offered a resolution to prevent the publication of the proceedings of the committee in the newspapers. The resolution was after-

wards passed. Mr. Meldrim's amendment was lost. Mr. Felder, chairman of the committee

yielded the chair and spoke against the bill. His arguments were presented in a very forcible manner and impressed the listeners with their truth. A motion was made to report back the

hill with the recommendation that it do This motion was passed by a vote of 14

Mr. Slaton said that he thought the matter of such importance as to demand a minority report against the bill. Chairman Felder instructed him to prepare the

report. The clash yesterday is but a beginning of the fight. The insurance companies are determined to defeat the bill, as they say would ruin their business in this state and place them at the mercy of insurance

frauds. Pugilism Not in Favor. Uncle Joe Mansfield's prize fight bill came

up before the general judiciary committee. The bill was read. Mr. Felder, the chairman, said that Mr. Mansfield had said

that one engagement between Corbett and Fitzsimmons would make all of Atlanta

"Is that the bill that is to bring so many millions of dollars into Atlanta?" Mr. Slaton asked

Mr. Mausfield was sent for and wh he appeared he was roundly cheered. Mr. Felder said that there was some opposition and he asked Mr. Mansfield to explain the

Uncle Joe was ready for any opposition. He explained that one purpose of the bill would be to stop the practice of carrying

"I was brought up on these," said Uncle Joe, waving his arms and striking at some imaginary contestant
"If the boys were brought up to fight

with their fists they wouldn't think of using a pistol. If John L. Sullivan were to come and insult me in the Kimball house I would hit him in the face.

"I believe that if this bill was to pass otton would go to 10 cents. There would

be general prosperity."

Mr. Mansfield was asked if a woma would be allowed to fight under his bill. The author said he had no objections. Mr. Mansfield begged that the bill would be favorably reported.

"I want a square lick at 'em," said Uncle "This bill," said Mr. Smith, "actually | Mr. Slaton, of Fulton, moved that the

> This motion was lost. Mr. Hill, of Troup, moved that the bill

be adversely reported, which was carried.

YESTERDAY IN SENATE. Senator Turner's Bill Passed and Ap-

pointments Confirmed. Senator Turner has become the leader of an element in the upper house which favors reform in all sorts of legislation. He has not yet been finally defeated in securing absolute prohibition in Georgia, owing to his shrewd parliamentary tactics, and he still hopes to have a bill passed



which will prevent the use of turkeys as targets during Thanksgiving day sports, but yesterday he succeeded in securing the adoption by the senate of his bill to extend the exemption of taxation on prop-erty used for religious purposes, and passed by an almost unanimous vote another bill to prevent the use of any insignia of a secret or terrible organization for fraud-

ulent purposes.
In other words, Senator Turner kept the senate busy yesterday. As soon as Secre-tary Clifton had completed the rollcall he prought up in rapid succession two of his reform measures, and both passed.

A message was then received and read from the governor submitting the majori-

ty and minority reports of the schoolbook commission. Previous to the reading of this message, the senate went into execative session, believing the message to contain appointments for confirmation but the message bearing the appointments did not reach the chamber until afternoon. Senator Turner's measure, forbidding the wearing of secret insignia for fraudulent purposes, was then considered and passed by a vote of 27 to 5. The second message having been received from the governo the senate again went into executive session, confirming all the nominations as follows:

J. W. Edmundson, solicitor of the county court of Brocks county for a term of two years, from May 12, 1898. J. F. Rogers, solicitor or the county court of Newton county for a term of two years, from March 28, 1898.

J. W. Edmundson, solicitor of the county

bill to enlarge the power of exemn tion from taxation of all places of religious worship or burial and also all property belonging to colleges and incorporated schools, and to provide for the proper ratification by the people, etc."

The senate adjourned at 12:15 until 11 this morning.

#### DAUGHTERS OF CONFEDERACY. Association Is Now in Annual Session

in Baltimore. Baltimore, November 10.-The annual convention of the United Daughters of the Confederacy began in this city this morning and will last for three days. Delegates from 140 chapters in various parts of the country, both north and south, are present, including some of the most dis-

inguished women in both sections.

Mrs. Fitzhugh Lee, president of the association, being unable to be present, Mrs. D G Wright called it to order at 10 o'clock in Lehman's hall and the following pro-gramme was carried out: Opening prayer, Rev. William M. Dane,

D. D.; address of welcome, Mrs. D. Giraud Wright; response, Mrs. Augustine T. Smythe; roll call of chapters; appointment of credentials committee; appointment of nominations committee; report of creden-tials committee; reading of minutes; reports from state presidents and chapte presidents (three m.nutes each); Arkansas, Mrs. C. A. Forney; Alabama, Miss Sallie Jones; California, Mrs. William Pritchard; Florida, Mrs. E. G. Weed; Georgia, Mrs. H. A. Rounsaville; Miss.ss'ppi, Mrs. Anni W. Duncan; New York, Mrs. E. S. Gail lard; North Carolina, Mrs. William M. Parseley; South Carolina, Mrs. Ellison Ca pers; Texas, Mrs. J. T. Currie; Tennessee, Mrs. S. F. Wilson; Virginia, Mrs. E. H.

The most important event of the day was

The most important event of the day was the admission by acciamation to the organization of the grand division of the Daughters of the Confederacy in Virginia. The division numbers 2,000 women and is represented by about ninety delegates.

The officers of the division are:
President, Mrs. James Mercer Garnett; first vice president, Mrs. General J. E. B. Stuart; second vice president, Mrs. N. V. Randoiph; third v.ce president, Mrs. N. V. Randoiph; third v.ce president, Mrs. Robert T. Meade; recording secretary, Mrs. John W. Brown: corresponding secretary, Mrs. Virginius Hall; inspector, Mrs. J. N. Barney; historian, Mrs. Colonel William A. Allen; chaplain, Mrs. Stuart Smith; treasurer, Mrs. A. D. Estill.

The Georgia delegates arrived in a body after the convention had opened and were warmly welcomed.

The Shriners in Glory. Savannah, Ga., November 10.—(Special.)—
Past Imperial Potentate Harris Dingman, of the Mystle Shriners, came to the city this afternoon, and at a meeting of the Tempic of Savannah tonight formally presented the new temple its charter. Mr. Dingman was accompanied by Grand Recorder Burwell and several other well-known Shriners. The new officers of the temple were also formally installed by the visiting officials. The meeting, at which several prominent citizens were ushered into the Inner Circle of the Shrine, was followed by an elaborate dinner to the visiting Shriners, at which a number of well-known Savannahlans spoke.

In "God's Country," A Southern Romance.

By Doily Higbee.

With introduction by Hon. Henry Watterson. This is the famous novel upon which B. B. Vallentine founded the beautiful drama that is meeting with such success, and which will be presented at the Grand opera house Friday night and Saturday matinee.

Read the book before seeing the play.

For sale by

JOHN M. MILLER CO.,

# CEORCIA BONDS **ACAIN DISPUTED**

House Votes Against Report of the Finance Committee

JENKINS SECURITIES NON EST

Dodson's Insurance Bill Gets a Favorable Recommendation.

PRIZE FIGHT BILL KNOCKED OUT

Berry's Jury Bill Passed-Watkins's Pension Bill Defeated-Hill, of Troup, Objects to Newspapers of State Printing the News.

The lower branch of the legislature spent most of yesterday's session in the discussion of a bill introduced by Representative Boifeuillet, of Bibb, to satisfy the oonds issued by Governor Charles J. Jenkins in 1866 and maturing on February 17, 1871. The principal and interest on this anclent investment amounts to \$16,300, and the finance committee presented a report

from March 28, 1898.

J. H. Tipton, solicitor of the county court of Worth county for a term of two years, from August 8, 1898.

James W. Beilah, judge of the county court of Chattooga county for a term of four years, from March 29, 1898.

Alvan D. Freeman, judge of the city court of Newnan for the term of four years, from March 21, 1898.

W. C. Wright, judge of the city court of Newnan for the term of four years, from March 21, 1898.

W. U. Jacoway, judge of the county court of Dade county for four years from March 31, 1888.

W. U. Jacoway, judge of the county court of Dade county for four years from March 31, 1888.

After the nominations had been confirmed Senater Turner's exemption bill was taken up and passed. Its caption is as follows:

"A bill to enlarge the power of exemp." other representatives, who argued that the credit of the state was at stake an in the flood of eloquence it was clearly shown that a majority was in favor of the state's paying the claim.

But Representative Bialock, of Favette who, on the previous day, had contested the payment of an attorney's fee to an Atlanta lawyer engaged by Comptroller General Wright in a special emergency, again arose to object to such indiscrim nate expenditure of the state's funds, and he was joined by a number of other representatives of a similar turn of mind. who turned the majority of the lower house against the report of the finance committee and followed the precedent of many past legislatures in deciding that the Jenkins bonds were not worth the paper they were written on. That this view antago nizes the sentiment of all those who have made an honest investigation of the subject is evidenced by the fact that every committee of the legislature charged with ooking into the proceeding has reported

in favor of the payment of the bonds. But the house did a great deal more than this. As represented by its general judiciary committee, it voted to report adversely Uncle Joe Mansfield's bill to legalize pugilistic encounters in Georgia. voted to report favorably the Dodson in surance bill and in the consideration of that subject a very young man by the name of Hill, who was elected to the legislature by the votes of the citizens of Troup county, attempted to secure the passage of a resolution to prevent the newspapers of the state from printing whatever news might develop during the meetings of the general judic'ary committee. If Mr. Henderson can catch Mr. Hill today, Mr. Hill's picture will be printed in The Con-

stitution on Friday morning. The Dodson insurance bill has attracted more attention than any measure submitted to the general judiciary committee thus far. Mr. Slaton, of Fulton, who is active in every movement which concerns either his own constituency or that of any other city which approaches Atlanta in the matter of size or influence, led the debate in opposition, and as soon as the house meets this morning a vote will be taken to reconsider the ballot which decided the fate of the Dodson measure. The present indications are favorable to a red-hot vote in the house.

proposing to submit questions of fact to a jury rather than to a judge was passed by an almost unanimous vote. This bill was introduced into the senate by Senator Starr, of the forty-third district, and its object is to refer all questions of fact in equity proceedings to a jury the same as are now done in common law proceedings. As the law now stands, when exceptions are filed to an auditor's report. It is left with the judge to decide whether or not the facts shall be submitted to a jury. The Berry bill provides that when exceptions are taken to an auditor's report they shall in all cases be referred to a jury. The bill was passed after a long debate and its

meeting of the senate and house commit-tees which have in charge the several bills which propose to elect judges and solicitors general by the people. Chairman Calvin, of the house committee, and Chairman Hopkins, of the senate committee, were both present and a vote on the measure proposed by Representative Henderson, of Forsyth, showed a clear majority in favor of a popular ballot. Mr. Henderson is a populist and there are several features of his bill which the majority of the general assembly object to. If such a bill is enacted into law it is probable that Senator Tompkins's measure will be the one which will receive final and favorable considera-

The committee on privileges and elections, of which Representative Burwell is chairman, has been putting in ten days of the hardest kind of work on the Jefferson county contest. The sitting members are Messrs, Wren and Salter, who are populists, and their seats are being contested by Messrs. Polhill and Stapleton, who are democrats. The contesting members have made a claim which involves sixteen legal



points and Chairman Burwell is keepin his committee in session in order that a prompt determination of the issues involved may be reached. It is doubtful if any other committee of either house has been working as hard as this during the present session, and both the democrats and the populists are applauding Chairman Burwell for his courage in keeping his committee at

HOUSE HAS ITS HANDS FULL Many Measures of Importance Pre sented to the Lower Body.

The day in the house started off with a discussion of a motion by Mr. Craig, of Bibb, to reconsider his child labor bill. Mr. Nevin, of Floyd, called for the ayes and nays. Mr. West, of Lowndes, started to debate upon the merits of the bill, but the chair ruled that he was out of order as the question was upon sustaining the call for a vote. Mr. West persisted in his effort to address the house on the labo bill. He was ruled out until the vote was taken and the call for the ayes and nay ustained.

Mr. West was determined to say a word upon the bill. He said that he saw no use in bringing the bill before the house. He asked why the bill was lugged into the ouse again.

"The gentleman of Clarke said yester-day that all men who supported this meas-ure were interested in cotton mills, and I want to deny this," said he. "I said no such thing," said Mr. Thomas springing to his feet.

Well, what cid you say?" "I said that the gentlemen who had pre-eded me were interested. You'll find that there is a vast deal of difference.

"Well, I certainly so understood you," said Mr. West. Mr. West proceeded by saying that he

could see no good reason why the bill should be lugged before the house to take up the time of the house. An Angry Member.

amped up and said that he would not sit in his place and allow any man to question his motives. Mr. West said he had not referred to the motive as being foolish, as Mr. Nevin thought. The chair stopped the heated colloquy and Mr. West continued as

"I am opposed to the maudlin sentimentalism that seeks to throw around children protection that would harm them. If these children were not allowed to work they would not get educational advantages but would be exposed to all the contaminat ing influences of this world."

Mr. Longley, of Troup, said that he was

one to whom Mr. Thomas referred as being an interested party. He wanted to say that he was not so fortunate as to own one cent of stock in a cotton neither did his colleague, Mr. Hill, of Troup.

The vote was taken and the motion was

lost by a vote of 100 to 29. The Jury Trial Bill.

Mr. Berry, of Whitfield, moved to take up the senate bill to have questions of fact tried by juries instead of judges. He said that there might be cases where i would be better to have cases tried by auditor than by jury. He told of a case in his town where there was \$25,000 in-volved. The interested party sought a jury trial, but was refused. He moved to distrial, but was refused. He moved to disagree to the adverse report and let the matter go over and give the members an opportunity to consider the matter. He declared that if the house did not disagree he would at once make a motion to recom

mit the bill.

Judge Boynton suggested that Mr. Berr have the bill recommitted. On motion of Mr. Reid, of Bibb, the bill was read. Mr. Mosley, of Cobb, spoke for the bill. He said he hoped the house would disagree to the report. He thought that an interested party should be allowed the privilege to have a matter settled by jury or when the court so considered by an auditor. He thought the people of the state ought to be allowed to have twelve men instead of one to settle disputed facts.

Mr. Boynton, of Spalding, sald there was no man in Georgia who had a higher regard for jury trials than he.
"The very reason that some cases

not referred to a jury is that the cases are so complicated that it would be impossible for a jury to pass upon it. The auditor has the case in figures before him, but no twelve men could pass upon an issue when they have to depend upon their memory for the testimony of fifty witnesses Mr. Copeland, of Walker, thought a jury competent to settle any case. The question was put and Mr. Berry's motion was carried by a vote of 70 to 28.

Dr. Boggs Speaks at Night.

Dr. Boggs Speaks at Night.

The house adopted a senate amendment to have Dr. Boggs address the joint session at 7:30 tonight instead of 11:30 a. m. At 10 o'clock the special order, Mr. Watkins's pens on bill, came up. This is the famous pension bill. Mr. Watkins said:

"Mr. Speaker—This is a measure of no little importance. This bill proposes to pension all confederate veterans. This is a question that this house should well consider. It should not be sidetracked. With all due respect to the committee I say that they have made a mistake. I understood from the chairman of this committee that if was turned down on general principles; that we are already giving as much as we can for the veterans. We are now paying out nearly \$600,000 to the veterans. We can pay the money called for in this bill without additional appropriation. My bill simply proposes to distribute this

money among all—at present there is dis-crimination. With the \$600,000 we are dis-tributing now, there is dissatisfaction and

there is wrong done to many poor veterans. We can't better this under the present mode of pensioning veterans.
"I notice that some of the veterans with established claims d'd not get their money because there was not money enough to go around. It is first come, first served. The commission is compelled to turn down claims that his judgment tells him are deserving. The present amount of money that is paid out would pay every veteran and widow from \$6 to \$20, and they will do better and you do the country more good, for this will be circulating the money. I hope the house will disagree to the report of that committee.'

Dr. Curry To Speak. Mr. Watkins was interrupted by the reading of a resolution concurring in the senate invitation to J. L. M. Curry to speak to the legislature on November 16th. Other resolutions concurred in were as follows:

To appoint doorkeepers for the house. To appoint a committee to visit the state normal school at Athens. Committee on part of the senate as follows: Messrs. Stewart, of the twenty-seventh; Dunwoody, Sheffield, Blalock and Carter.

Mr. Watkins Continues.

Mr. Watkins continued as follows:
"You have no idea of the grumbling from all over the state about the pensions. are to give all of thes men something.
"It would be a souvenir and a recognition.
We have reached but two or three classes f veterans. We ought to reach them all I feel that I am discharging a duty to the widows and orphans. I have received appeals from all over the state. Let us not shut out this question because we think that we have as much as we can earry.

"Organize a system to pension these men. Some of you say that the time isn't ripe. I say that the average life of veterans is sixty-five years. Put eight years on that and he is seventy-three. How many will be here then? The men who grumble the most about the taxes are those who pay least. Disagree to the measure and let it go over until next week.

"These men stood in defense of you when you were partitioned."

when you were prattling babes. bled for you. They sacrificed everything. They left property here to come home to solation and devastation. Now these must die in poverty. Then to say that these



men should be turned down and not recog-

nized by the state. Mr. Boynton, of Calhoun, said: "As the chairman of the committee than considered this bill and who has brought it back to the house with an adverse report, it may be incumbent on me to say a few things to sanction the action of the committee and say why this bill should no pass. The people of Georgia cannot af-ford it. This pens on business has grown to such enormous proportions that it threatens to break of its own tremendous

"I think it is the feather that will break the camel's back. We pay \$572,000, and with the camel's back. We pay \$5/2,000, and with the bill now pending to appropriate \$43,000 to make up a deficit, will make Georgia pay more than every other state in the south. There is not a member in this house but who wears in his heart and proud recol-lection of these services. There is not one but who would open his doors, his one but who would open his doors, his purse and give shelter from the storms of adversity to the poor veterans. Let us remember those who have these burdens to bear. We would all like to pay the men who served even thirty days if afford it. But, Mr. Speaker, is the sta of Georgia able to stand the extra ex-pense entailed by the provisions of this

"The report should not be disagreed to I know this is a pet scheme of the gentle-man from Gilmer, and for his sake I wish

we could afford to pass it." Mr. Watkins arose to defend his post tion. He said that Georg'a had done well but what he wanted was to better distribut the money now appropriated. A call for ayes and nays was sustained. The motion lost on a vote of nays 66 and ayes 5

The Governor's Message. On motion of Mr. Hall, of Coweta, the governor's message was referred to com Constitutional Convention.

Mr Novin of Floyd, had his bill to hole a constitutional convention made the spe-cial order for Friday. Bond Bill Fight.

At 11 o'clock the bond bill of Mr. Boifeuillet, of Bibb, came up as special order. The bill is to authorize the governor and treasurer to issue bonds to pay off certain past due bonds of the state, issued by Charles J. McDonald, governor, and countersigned by J. Crawford, as president of the board of commissioners of the Western and Atlantic railroad, etc.

The bill brought on the warmest fight of this session of the legislature. Mr. Boifeuillet said:
"Mr. Speaker, this bill comes from the finance committee with a favorable report. This debt has never been denied. The holders of these bonds, which are past due, are willing to make a very fair set tlement. They are willing to accept bonds bearing 4 per cent, while the bonds they now hold bear 7 per cent. The history of

Boifeuillet's Strong Speech.

"E. L. Hays, of Newport, R. I., in the year 1866 bought from John A. Broadhead in the city of New York and in the usua course of trade sixteen bonds of the state of Georgia, known as the 'convention of Georgia, known as the 'convention' bonds.' They were issued by authority of an ordinance passed at a convention of the people in 1865. They were of the denom-ination of \$500 each, and bearing interest at 7 per cent, payable semi-annually. They were dated February 17, 1866, matured February 17, 1871, and the purpose of their issue was to pay the expenses of delegates to the convention. They were signed by Governor Charles J. Jenkins. "It will be seen from the date of this issue of bonds that they do not fall within

the category of bonds known as the Bul-lock bonds. Clews & Co. did not become the financial agents of the state until some time in the latter part of the year 1870. The evidence submitted shows beyond all doubt that Mr. Hays held these bonds in the year 1866, long before the agency of Clews, and holds them now. No question caews, and noise them now. No question has ever been raised as to the validity of their issue. They have always been recognized as legal, past due and unpaid obligations of the state, and are not included in any of the bonds which have been declared invalid by our constitutional or legislative enactment.

islative enactment.
"At the time of the maturity of the bonds, February 17, 1871, there were r

The state had always recognized the validi-

"On March 2, 1875, a bill was passed by the legislature requiring all persons hold-ing bonds of the state which matured prior to the 1st day of January, 1872, to present the same at the treasury for registration on or before August 1, 1875, as a condition precedent to the payment of the bonds. The legislature also authorized the governor to employ a competent person to assist the treasurer and make out a full and complete record and register all the bonded ob-ligations of the state and report to the next general assembly. The governor ap-pointed Dr. James F. Bozeman, of At-lanta, who entered upon the performance

of the duties assigned him.
"Mr. Hays sent his bonds to W. H. Tul-ler, cashier of the Atlanta National bank, accompanied by the necessary affidavits of ownership since 1866, and on July 29, 1875, said Tuller presented said bonds to Dr. lozeman for registration, the law requiring they must be presented on or before August 1, 1875. Dr. Bozeman gave Mr. Tuller a receipt for the bonds and also indorsed their reception on the package containing the bonds. The receipt of Dr. Bozeman is upon the affidavits filed in the executive

"Dr. Bozeman in his report to the legisla-ture in 1875 said that among the bonds pre-sented for registration the Hays bonds do net appear. This is a clear mistake and has been the prime cause of all the trouble and delay in the recognition and payment of these bonds. The evidence is clear and or these bonds. The evidence is clear and unmistakable and is furnished by Dr. Bozernan, that these identical bonds were not only lodged with him for registry and record within the time prescribed by law, but that he received them, indorsed the fact of recentled with a received them. fact of reception on the package containing them, receipted for them, specifying their numbers and finally recorded them without a line of adverse comment on the record book in the state treasurer's office. The evidence indicates that Dr. Bozeman's evidence indicates that Dr. Bozeman's memory alone was at fault when he stated in his report that the Hays bonds had not been registered.
"Every finance and sub-finance commiftee

of the house to whom the question has been submitted has approved the payment of these bonds. Every special committee has approved them. In 1892 Hon. W. A. Little, as the attorney general of the state and who is now one of the judges of the supreme court of Georgia, rendered to the legislature his opinion that the bonds are legal and valid obligations of the state. Attorney General Little said: 'I have failed to find any reasons which lead me to the conclusion that the bonds are invalid. First. They are certainly genuine and the state received value for them. 2. They were authorized to be issued by law. 3. They were duly entered on the books of the treasurer which show the coupons to the treasurer which show the coupons to have been paid. 4. They were presented for registration in compliance with law. 5. They are not in the class of outlawed bonds. 6. Because it nowhere appears that the state has given credit to any agent or officer for the amount of these bonds as having been paid by him. 7. They are promises of the state of Georgia to pay, and these promises stand good until clear proof be made of fraud or invalidity of the promise."

Both Sides Present

Both Sides Present. Mr. Boffeuillet made a strong and stirring argument for the payment of the bonds. He argued the justice of the case and begged that the legislature of Georgia would pay its just debts. His speech was forcible and convincing. He produced proof that the state owed the money on the



bonds and he said that as a simple matter of justice they should be paid.

Mr. Boynton, of Calhoun, said he did not propose to make a speech, but he wanted to concur in Mr. Bolfeuillet's remarks. He said he came to the legislature in 1892-93, set against the bill because he believed that the bonds had upon them the spell of fraud; that they had been touched by the contaminating hand of Henry Clews, of New York. "The state of Georgia cannot afford to re-

pudiate an honest debt," said Mr. Boyn-Mr. Hogan, of Lincoln, said that of course he did not feel competent to follow the dis-tinguished men who had spoken. He said: "This is the same old agitation that we have had for years." He noticed that the representatives direct from the people had

slain the bill. slain the bill.

"I want to give a few facts. I want to say that I am glad this is not aparty question. I am a populist, as you all know. Every man that knows anything about the history of Georgia knows that after the war Henry Clews & Co. were the financial

agents of Governor Bullock"
He read some from a message of Governor Smith, by which he essayed to prove that the bonds had already been paid. He claimed that the already redeemed bonds had been placed on the market again.

again.

Mr. Boynton, of Spalding, said that as a member of the finance committee he had ascertained as a fact that could not be disputed that Georgia had issued the bonds—that the state had received the money for them and that they had never been read by ather Clews or the state. paid by either Clews or the state.

Mr. Meldrim, of Chatham, said there was no question but that the bonds were issued. Successive finance committees after

careful investigation, and the attorney general had said they should be paid. Georgia must not be sued.

Mr. Hill, of Troup, said that as a member of the finance committee he had found beyond all doubt that the bonds should be paid. He quoted the late state treasurer, R. U. Hardeman, as to what the failure to pay had cost the state. The cost itself would more than have paid this debt, prin-

The End in Sight.

Mr. Johnson, of Hall, of the finance com-mittee that investigated the bond business, said that the debt was as honest and as binding as any that ever rested upon her since she had been a state. It would be worse than repudiation. You can find noth-ing which says the bonds are illegal. The man who votes against this votes to damn the credit of the state and has no regard

for the state.

Mr. West, of Lowndes, thought the fact that the bonds were out was proof enough of their validity.

Mr. Blalock, of Fayette, said: "I do not

debt due. I do not object to any gentleman advocating this measure. There are a few things that I do object to. In the past few years it has been my fortune or my misfortune to vote against this measure. In my heart I did not feel that I was casting a vote that would damn the credit of Georgia. I say that the remark was a redection. This idea of repudiation is looming up too big. Georgia's honor is all right. There is no such thing as repudiation. I have voted before against these bonds and today if I choose to vote that way no member has the

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ATLANTA, GA., November 11, 1897.

Senseless Legislation.

We are to witness once more the everrecurring effort to introduce a new form of paternalism in Georgia. This time it mes in the shape of a proposition to enact a general law prohibiting the sale of cigarettes in Georgia or their impor-

tation into the state. The same or a similar measure has en introduced in previous legislatures, and its discussion has involved a con-And siderable loss of time and money. to what end? Why, to no end whatever, for even were the measure to become a law it would be wiped out by the decision of the first court competent to pass upon it.

We have no doubt that such measures las this anti-cigarette bill are introduced merely to satisfy the whim of some petignorant constituent who is impressed with the idea that the state should be a mother and father to all its citizens, and take active charge of For it is not possible to suppose that there is a member of the embly but who knows that such a law as that introduced in the senate Monday is unconstitutional and cannot

The first state to test it was Iowa, and it was soon carried to the higher courts and disposed of under the "original package" decision of the supreme court. ut even before the decision was made the state had been flooded with cigar-

The legislature of Tennessee, caring nothing for the fate of the Iowa measare, enacted a similar law, only a year ago. The same results followed. Evel while the law was supposed to be enforced, there were more cigarettes sold and smoked in Tennessee than ever. But the law was blotted out by the decision of the courts. The importation and sale of cigarettes in original packages cannot be prohibited by any state. We are sure that every member of the general assembly is aware of that fact. Why, then, waste time and money in discussing a measure that would not be a law even if enacted into a law?

We regret to observe a growing tendency on the part of many worthy people to demand paternal legislation. Such egislation is not only unwise, unnecessary and undemocratic, but it causes great many people to lose respect for egislation that is not open to such obections. When the public discovers that a law over which a great deal of fuss has been made and for which much s promised, cannot be enforced on account of its unconstitutionality, or because public sentiment is opposed to it. there is, to a certain degree, a loss of respect for laws that are not unconstitu-

The state cannot legitimately take charge of and manage the family affairs of its cifizens. There is no law whatever that can possibly take the place of e discipline. There are thousands of boys in Georgia who neither smoke cigarettes nor drink. There are hundreds of them right here in Atlanta, On the other hand there are hundreds who are in a fair way to go to the dogs, being well on the road. What constitutes this difference? It is because of the difference in home training, in home disci-We have long ago ceased to believe that inherent differences of temperament and disposition are responsible for the fact that some boys go wrong while others go right. What is to be expected when parents need home training worse than their children? There differences in temperament and disposition among members of the sam No two children are alike. No two children can be safely subjected to same discipline and by discipline we do not necessarily mean that form of it which flourishes the rod on all occasions. And yet nothing is more necessary, at one stage of a boy's growth than a prompt resort to the rod; for Solmon is as wise for this generation as was for his own.

The right home training and disci pline takes note of the individuality of each child, pruning here and carefully fostering there until the character 1 formed on enduring lines. We do not sympathize deeply with parents who say do not know how to manage their children, but we are very sorry for the children. There is nothing so easy to manage in this world as a boy whose nce has been won by his father The somewhat plaintive wail, "Where is Wandering Boy Tonight?" has no meaning for parents who make it the business of their lives to know where

their boys are day or night. at the pinch of the whole matte comes right here. No man is capable of managing children who gives his whole time and attention to money-get-

to their training, is surely sowing trouble to reap sorrow. We say nothing of the mothers, and for a very good reason. There never was a good woman born in this world who was not also born with the gift, the instinct, of managing her

Youth has no instinct that is not amenable to firm, friendly and just discipline. And if every boy born in Geor-gia could get that sort of training, no more no less, all the laws the state would need could be printed in big type on one

page of The Constitution.

We did not intend to write a lay sermon on home training and discipline, but it has grown naturally out of the subhand-the ever-growing tendency toward senseless and useless paternal legislation. Let every father now, as in the old days, be his own legislature, and we shall soon have an end of all the efforts to make the state the step-mother to children and young men. Teach boys self-respect, aid them in develop-Teach ing their character along manly and gen erous lines, give them libertles that fall short of license, and rules that end this side of puritanism, and there will be no need to run to the legislature to ask it to keep your "wandering boy" from smoking cigarettes.

Let us hope that the legislature will further than it has already gone in the direction of paternal laws that cannot be enforced.

A Call Upon Atlanta Detectives. The weaving of the web by which the responsibility of the Guldensuppe murder has been fastened around its perpetrators furnishes a thrilling story of de-

tective energy which might be given a

local application. Without attempting to go into the details of that tragedy, it may be stated in brief that the parties were favored by the utmost isolation, and that the perpetrators fancied themselves secure in having left behind not a single clew by which the crime could be traced. Yet from one inconsiderable circumstance to another, the detectives have piled up such a mass of circumstantial evidence that the principals find themselves overwhelmed by its weight, and forced into

a confession of crime. Here in the city of Atlanta, within the limits of the passenger depot square, under the blaze of hundreds of electric lights, with not less than 10,000 people moving about within a stone's throw, a brave policeman is shot to death and his murderers make their escape from the building without exciting a single suspicion as to their identity, while they passed out and moved among the throng. That the responsibility for such a crime should have been a matter of doubt for

even twelve hours was passing strange. The reputation of Atlanta's police and detective force is at stake in this matter. One of their own number has been shot to death under the circumstances stated. Surely there must be at least clews which can be followed up to a successful conclusion, so that the man or the men who inflicted upon Atlanta this tragedy may be brought to speedy justice. It will not do to allow intelligent effort to be baffled by the mystery of deceit, nor misled by the clever friends of whoever may have been the guilty party. The search should be unsparing and unceasing. Every officer of the law, whether on the bench or in the administration of justice in other fields. and every citizen, regardless of his vocation, should consider it to be his personal duty to add to the search which may clear Atlanta of this foul stigma.

The Geological Department. The action of the house finance committee in resolving upon a reorganiza-

the right line. No community and no state can wish to remain in a primitive condition in an age when every other community and every other state is straining every nerve in the march of advancement. To be able to read the great book of nature, which geology opens, is a preliminary necessity to any advancement which Georgia can hope to make. The argument that in making the necessary geological survey individuals may happen to be benefited, is equally good against every other step which the state might take, and to pay attention to it would be simply to bring on a condition of legislative paralysis.

But there are people who, granting the benefit of geological surveys, insist that the Georgia department has failed in its work and therefore call for its abolition. It is at this point that the house finance committee rises to the dignity of statesmanship, and declares that reconstruction and not abolition is the true policy. Hitherto, the appointing power of not only the geologist, but of all his subordinates, has been with a commission composed of the statehouse officers. The result was that every assistant felt it to be his duty to shoot over the head of his nominal chief, in order to win a a little favor with the commission. might have been expected, there has been a lack of discipline in the department, and the fault lay in the law itself. Now, however, it is proposed to change all this, so that the state geologist shall be a state officer in fact, with the full power of appointing and removing his It will then become duty to aid the geologist, instead of playing for a position over him, and if they refuse to give that aid, the responsibil ity rests upon the geologist to get rid of them and to fill their places with men who will have a better understanding of

The Gold League's Committee.

The executive committee of the Nation "Sound Money" League, which is itself a branch of the gold trust, has met in New York, its members have counted up the "loot" that remains on hand, and have made various divers remarks calculated to shake the foundations of democratic repose. Among those present we note the names of E. N. Smalley, who galloped out of Georgia directly the war at the point of one of General Toombs's jokes; of Henry Villard. "sound" railway speculator, and of the public's old friend, the ever Honorable Gustav Schwab. There were others present, but this aromatic combination will stand for the whole affair.

J. Sterling Morton was present by let-He declared that all the bigots, fanatics and idiots in his state had united in behalf of silver. This is a tre-mendous mistake. The most complete and perfect idiot in the state is for the gold standard, and wrote the letter

whole time and attention to money-get-ting, as if that were the end and aim of all existence. The father who devotes more time to his business affairs than he does to the study of his children and

shows that the south will drift back to the democracy and free silver." "Back to" it is good—most excellent good, as Uncle Polonius remarked.

We judge that the "league" had money

to burn in the late campaign. It still has \$10,000 in the bank at Chicago, and eems to be ready to dish it out to anybody that knows how and where to place

money for political purposes.

The meeting was a funny mixture of bluff and gammon. One chap named should Ehrich declared that the "league" demand that the president issue a proc-lamation declaring gold to be the money basis of the country. We know a po-litical party in this country that will be willing to send a medal to every mem-ber of the "league" if that body can prevail on Mr. McKinley to issue such a proclamation.

One of the funniest things in connection with the meeting is the solemn declaration that "international bimetallism as a world possibility Is dead," and that 'international bimetallism is a dream of If the matter had been copyrighted the democratic party could prosecute Schwab and his followers for stealing democratic thunder. For two years or more democratic statesmen and editors have been telling the people that the movement in this country in favor of international bimetallism is and has been a farce and a fraud, agitated for the sole purpose of deceiving the voters

of the country.

However, instead of prosecuting Schwab and his followers for stealing democratic thunder, we are very glad inleed to see that they are willing, ever at this late day, to come out and tell the truth about it.

The "death of international bimetallism" will infuse fresh energy and new blood into the movement for independent bimetallism represented by the mocratic party, and if Schwab and his followers can by any means in their power induce Mr. McKinley to issue a fold standard proclamation, they will do the biggest day's work for the democracy that has been done since genu ine democratic principles were adopted at Chicago.

Behind "General" Bailey-Whom?

The developments of the character of the so-called "General" Bailey in Athens was only to be expected after the revelations which The Constitution had previously made concerning him. It is well, however, in considering such

an occurrence as this to go back to the root of the evil. It is undoubted from what The Constitution has already printed that this man Bailey, owing to certain mental afflictions, is irresponsible for what he says or does, although people are not expected to condone his markable offenses upon that account. But there is an offender somewhere, and in this case it is the publisher and not the If the newspaper to which Bailey furnished his lucubrations had failed to publish them, the mere vauntings of an opium-crazed man would have passed for nothing. But the fact is that The Nevada Representative, an Iowa paper published by Payne & Son, men who pass in their community as God-fearing and conservative, has given to what he said the weight of its indorsement, and has published not one or two only slanderous of the women of the south, but more than a dozen, and this, tco, after it had been made aware of the character of the man to whom it gave the freedom of its columns. The stitution has in its possession a letter from the publishers of The Representative which admits that Bailey was a victim of chloral, and which says that he must have been on one of his chloral sprees when he wrote those letters which they published. Yet with this knowlof his affliction, which suggested itself to them by the very character of his letters, they proceed to publish them merely because they contain exceedingly offensive allusions to southern customs, and especially to southern women. covered that the author of the letters had been located they refused to send copies of their paper to persons who wished to buy them, and took the extra precaution to ask their newsdealers not to furnish them to people in the south, as the letters were intended for "local circulation only." Then to clinch the matter, the young Mr. Payne wrote to Bailey, giving him warning so as to be able to avoid any justice which might have a chance of overtaking him.

The Constitution is very glad to be able to say that there are but few newspapers in the north or west which have opened their columns, as The Representative did, to such matter, and can well afford to leave the publishers of that paper to whatever satisfaction such peculiar conduct entitles them to.

The Cincinnati Enquirer suggests that the members of the house may "assert themselves for the sake of principle. The allusion is to the democrats of

Mr. Hanna is not having any jubilee over the result in Ohio.

The "currency commission" is practically a back number already.

J. Sterling Morton, the seed-tick tatesman of Nebraska, declares that a large majority of the voters of his state are idiots. The reason J. Sterling is at large is because there are no asylums for imbeciles of his kind in Nebraska.

Governor Bushnell, of Ohio, can be the next senator from Ohio if he can get four republicans to vote with the democrats,

It is to be hope that Marcus A. be a little more modest hereafter.

We are told that "true democrats canot consolidate on the Chicago platform." Well, what in the name of sense have they been "consolidating" on during the last year and a half?

A DENUNCIATION OF TRUSTS. Delivered by Governor Russell in His

Thanksgiving Proclamation. Raleigh, N. C., November 10 .- (Special.)overnor Russell today issued his thanksgiving proclamation. Its second paragraph attracts much attention, and is as follows: attracts much attention, and is as follows:

"Our state has been spared strikes, disasters, contagion and internal strifes; our people have been blessed with bountiful harvests, many of them with peaceful and happy homes, and they have been vouch-safed progress in the promotion of education in the full preservation of their religious freedom, and to some extent the retention of their civil and political liberties as citizens of the republic."

He concludes by a hit at the trusts and recoverations in an appeal not to force. corporations in an appeal not to forget ose who may be oppressed or deprived of equal opportunities by such of the fellow-men as may be in possession of privileges and prerogatives that are not consistent with the fundamental principles of free government and are not sanctioned by the laws of God.

JUST FROM GEORGIA.

John Eagan's Cow. "What are the trains a-stoppin' for," sa'd folks-on-parade:

'To ask 'bout Johnny Eagan, of the Central," some one said; For a cow he bought in Cengia lately laid him up in bed, An' they're mighty sorry for him in the mornin'!

'Twas a black cow of the pinelands, that was rope and bullet proof, in' Eagan was so proud of her he coulin's

An' he went out to admire her, and she tossed him to the roof. ne saw the sturs a-shinin' in the

He had roamed the western prairies 'mid the snorting buffaloes;

He had tamed the wide-necked cattle that to Armour's factory goes, nd had made the festive Indian to the daisies turn his toes, Before he came to Georgia in the mornin'.

But he'd never had experience with a cow of sable hue Whose notable ancestors lived where Georgla grasses grew.

that's why Eagan shouted to his friends: 'Goodby to you!' As she tossed him to the barn roof in the mernin'!

'What's that so black upon the track," said folks-on-parade: 'It's that cow of Johnny Eagan's," the Central flagman said;

'He's goin' to have revenge on her-she'll pretty soon be dead-For tossin' Johnny Eagan in the mornin'!

What's that that's goin' high in air an' raisin' of a row---The engineer is blowin' of a merry whis-

He's obeyed his latest orders an' killed Johnny Eagan's cow For tossin' him to Tybee in the mornin'!'

He Never Came Down.

The story of the popular vice president of the Central railway coming in contact with a Georgia cow recalls another-that of a sheriff in the rural districts, who attempted to levy on what is known as "scrub" cow, the property of a Georgia

negro, who told the story as follows: "Yes, suh, dat cow wuz de mos' gentles! cow I ever did see, tell dat day de sheriff come for to foreclose her. Dat 'peared ter unset her complete!

"De sheriff walk up, berry polite, wid de rope in his han', sayin', 'So, now,-so, now! de cow backin' down fum him all de

"She didn't run-she des backed, en sorter shake her head, ez much es ter say: 'Look heah, man, you better not fool roun' me!' "Den, de fust t'ing de sheriff know he didn't know nuttin', but him en de rope went up in de elements at one en de same

"Was he badly hurt?" "We never did know, suh, kase he never did come down any mo'!"

"And the cow?" "Oh, she roun' heah yit, suh. She in her ol' age now, but she 'pears ter be eni'ying er good health, en des ez gentle ez kin be ter dem what knows her!"

When Summer Smiled. (November 10th, 1897.) Winter seemed to lose his way, And Summer smiled on Georgia Red roses in his locks of gray. And Summer smiled on Georgia! Strange spirits lured him to a day That lightened over fields of May In meadow sweets be lust his way.

And Summer smiled on Georgia! Love lingered in the twilight late While Summer smiled on Georgia; nd kissed his sweetheart at the cat While Summer smiled on Georgia. And Winter in his woodlands dim Felt the slow sap thrill through the limb-

When Summer smiled on Georgia Frost by Wholesale. A Montgomery refugee whose business was suffering from his continued absence, said to an Atlanta hutel porter, soon after his arrival:

Love kissed the violets to him

"Jim, the first time you see frost in At lanta come to my room and wake me up, and I'll give you a dollar." Wednesday morning the porter rapped at his door. "Git up, boss!" he shouted, "dar's been two frosts dis mawnin'-one dollar apiece!"

Then and Now. This is a colored citizen's idea of recent

"In 'sixty-five de refugee Wuz runnin' from Atlanta; In 'ninety-seven Atlanta's heaven-Dey comes heah in a canter! Dev'd cross de sea-

Dem refugee. Ter live heah in Atlanta!

"Dey doan keer what dey lef' behin'-De barrel, or decanter; Dey done make up dey livin' min' Dev's no place like Atlanta! De gates swing free Fer refugee-

Dey's no place like Atlanta!" "I'm glad the legislatur' is goin' ter stop this football business, fer it's got farm work at a standstill," said an old Georgia farmer yesterday. "Why, it's come ter sich a pass that even the mules air kickin'!"

A Boston correspondent writes: "Will you kindly describe what is known as 'the Georgia 'possum?' Read the proceedings of the Georgia leg-

Salisbury, N. C., has just received a New York order for 6,000 bushels of chestnuts. It seems that the humorous papers in the netropolis can't supply the demand. A Kentucky exchange is unkind enough

o say that Mr. Watterson is preparing for another European tour. "A Refugee" has handed in the following

parody: "After the fever's over-When to our homes we dash, But few, at the best, in cash.

ince the doctors emigrated." "Foul" and Out! From The Rockmart State.

The stout gobbler who seems to be king of the foul tribe will be offered up on the table of Thanksgiving some of these days not a great while off.

A Mississippi editor writes: "Our town

healthy. Ain't had no sickness here

THE POLITICALSIDE OF THE LEGISLATURE

The appearance of Fleming duBignon on the scene was the particular development in the gubernatorial situation yesterday, and yet had nothing to do with the contest that is now on for that office. Mr. du-Bignon was here on purely legal business. which had no political bearing, but as a matter of course he was asked about politics in general and the race for governor in particular; for when a man finds himself regarded as a strong probability for so prominent and honorable an office as that of the state's chief executive, he cannot keep his friends from talking about him and with him

To all who asked him the direct question-"Would he be a candidate?"-he had one answer. That was that he is not now a candidate, though he has had many inducements to enter the race; that he could not tell whether he would be a candidate or not, for it was too early for declarations on that line; and that if he did decide to become a candidate, he would let his friends know in ample time. He did say that in his opinion there would be no announcements for the office until next year-certainly he would not say anything about running or not running before that

Naturally, he was much sought after by his friends, and no man in Georgia has more of them. During the day he found time to talk with a number of these, and there is no doubt he was given many additional assurances of support If he does decide to run, he will of course make his race squarely upon the Chicago platform. which will certainly be put forth as the state platform in the next campaign, as it was in the last. No man mentioned for the office has a more positive or enthusiastic following than Flem duBignon, and should he decide to run, he will be from the first one of the most important factors in the contest-one who will keep all the others guessing.

Attorney General Terrell has been i Washington for several days, but his friends are doing a lot of talking about his candidacy. Some of these took exception o the claim made by Candler's friends that the Plowboy is the bright particular representative of the silver issue in this contest. They say that Joe is certain to be in the race, and that at the right time

he will show himself to have been one of the original silver men of the state. They do not themselves regard any demonstration of that fact necessary, as they claim Terrell's position on that question has never been questioned; but should it be, they will have the proofs to show that he has always stood with the people on

this great question. These declarations were brought out in the talk of the supporters of Colonel Candler about the certainty of that gentleman's entering the race and about the particular strength which he was supposed to be gathering because of his long support of sliver free coinage. Terrell's friends regarded this as an effort on the part of Candler's friends to pre-empt the silver cause as their own, and they do not intend that this shall be done. When Colonel Terrell comes back from Washington he may have something to say on this line

One other interesting phase of the situation developed by yesterday's talk was the apparent uncertainty about Pope Brown. 'Is he going in it or is he not?" was asked many times, but with no effect so far as the gentleman from Pulaski is concerned. He would give his inquirers no satisfaction, exercising the same privilege that is being so ass duously exercised by those who are generally regarded as in the same "push"

This thing of silence on the part of gubernatorial possibilities is getting rather mo-notonous. Not one of them will talk above a whisper in the presence of a newspaper nan, and then only after swearing him to secrecy with all the solemnity of a college secret society.

Pope has as much right to keep his mouth shut as have the others, and he is playing that right to the limit. If he is talking at all it is through those friends who just now are telling it that he is the only one of all those mentioned who was at the Griffin silver convention-that historic gathering which had such an influence on the democratic action last year.

As one of these put it, "No man who is talked of can be regarded as having any right to claim superior.ty over Pope or the silver question. Of course that is going to be the big question this year and his early-and-often advocacy of the principles afterwards put into the Chicago platform forms one of the most powerful features of his strength. The people know where be stands and where he stood. They knew it last year when he was sent as one of the delegates at large to the Chicago convention. I am not attempting to disparage the claims of any other man, but I do insist that when it comes to the silver question Pope does not have to take a secondary place to any man in Georgia We who are particularly for him argue that he possesses all the virtues of any of the other candidates and the additional one of being from the southwestern part of the state, which is entitled to the nomination."

In the midst of it all there is one man over in the capitol who doesn't seem bothered. Indeed, he seems hardly interested in the talk, though he is the subject of a great deal of it. That is Allan Candler. The Constitution's story yesterday, telling of the certainty that he would be in the race, created a great deal of talk about the capitol, and apparently everybody was discussing it except Candler himself. All day he had callers whose inquiries concerning his intentions were as skillfully parried as were the direct questions put at him by the newspapers. To all of them he has the same answer-that he is attending strictly to business; hears this talk about himself, but pays no attention to !t; is not a candidate and thinks it entirely too early to be talking about next year's fight, much less to be scheming with the idea of shaping the action of the peo-ple in that fight. The colonel admits, with a bland smile, that he is the recipient of many calls these days, but sees nothing in that of political significance. Then be points to a great pile of letters on his desk and suggests that the business of the office these days is unaccountably heavy. That's all you can get out of him. He won't talk politics, and above all, won't talk about himself. There is other talk besides that about the

various and sundry possibilities for the

est is that Hon, Martin Calvin, of Authe office of commissioner of agriculture.
The announcement comes from Mr. Calvin's closest friends, and they are authority for the statement that within a very few days he will formally declare himself in the ontest now between Commissioner Nesbitt

and Senator Stevens Mr. Calvin is one of the best known mer who has figured in public affairs during the past decade. He has served several term in the legislature and has taken an active interest in agricultural affairs. He is strong in his section of the state, and has man; friends in all sections who will give him their support for any office to which he

may aspire. What difference his entry will have in the final result is, of course, purely problem-atical. The friends of Commissioner Nesbitt figure that his being in it will hurt Senator Stevens, while the Stevens men figure that the result would be entirely opposite. It's a case of pay your money and take your choice.

Librarian Jim Brown has all kinds rouble on his hands. Between trying to devote some time to a study of his new duties as librarian and endeavoring to be considerate of the feelings of the various aspirants for the place of assistant, he finds his patience tried and his time con sumed.

"I wish you would say for me," said th new librarian yesterday, "that it will be at least two weeks before I am able to even begin the consideration of the problem of appointing an assistant. It is my desire and my purpose to devote the next two weeks entirely to familiarizing myself with duties of my position. That is my first duty, and everything else will have to wait on that. Perhaps by that time I will be able to take up the appointment matter. That is, I will then be able to begin the consideration of the papers that have been filed by the many applicants. As I see it now, that work will take at least a month. You have no idea of the large number of applicants and the great pressure that is eing brought to bear in their behalf. When will the appointment be made? Oh, that's too hard for me. All I know about it is that it is not going to be made until I have given every paper that has been filed the full consideration it deserves and, as have said, that will take a lot of time There will be no use in applicants or their friends trying to see me concerning these applications during the next two weeks and, without being discourteous, I sincere-

ly hope they will not try." Anthony Wilson, who was for several years a member of the legislature, and who one of Mark Hanna's sable lieutenants in Georgia, wants to go as minister to Liberia. If testimonials from the Georgia legislature count for anything with the present administration. Anthony will win. He has been at the capitol for several days, and as a result has secured the signatures of almost all the members of both

houses to his petition. Anthony will be recalled as the states man who affidavit concerning the eleventh district republican convention last year was considered of so much value to Colonel Buck that he sent Tom Blodgett down to Jesup to get it. Tom was given something like \$500 with which to meet the necessary expenses in getting this valuable document it being expected that the Camden statesman would come righ. Tom summone Anthony from Camden, met him at Jesup, gave him a ten for his services to the party in making the affidavit, then borrowed the ten and let Anthony walk home, The ten and the rest of the roll he took with him went into Tom's pocket--very much to the disgust of the minister to Japan when he discovered it. Tom ought to indorse Anthony's papers if he has not already

Both Senators Bacon and Clay were here most of yesterday. They left on evening

Judge Marcus Beck and Judge "Cap" Smith were at the Kimbali last night. They were here shaking hands with friends in the legislature, neither having been able to be here before on account of worl

in their courts Solicitor Billy Osborne, of Savannah, is here, looking after some local matters in which he is interested.

Congressman Tate spent most of the day in the city, part of it at the United States court and some of the time at the capitol. Solicitor General Thompson came in during the afternoon. Neither man has anything to say for publication about the congressional race in the ninth, but both seem confident of success.

Judge Fite came down from Cartersville during the afternoon, Solicitor General Tom Hutcherson, of Cherokee, and Tom Eason, of McRae, were also among the evening's arrivals, both of them-to hear them tell it-on legal business.

Ex-Senator Felix Corput, of Cave Springs and Superintendent Connor, of the Institute for the Deaf and Dumb, are here on business connected with the latter institution.

Judge Sam Hardeman, of Washington, is here "No business in the world." he said when asked what brought him here, "except to find out who is going to be the next governor. Now that I'm here, however. I've come to the conclusion that to solve that problem is no easy matter. They all seem to be at sea up here."

POINTS BY THE WAY.

"No announcement has yet been made," sold Senator A. O. Bacon vesterday, "as to where the fish hatchery allowed for eGorgia shall be located. The federal inspector has completed his evamination of water supplies and made his report, but I do not know where the hatchery will be placed."

"Will it be in Macon?" "No, I am sorry to say. No spring was found near the central portion of the state giving the amount of water needed. You see, it was necessary to get a stream of water coming at the rate of 1,000 gallons a minute, but no spring was found near the middle section of the state giving this supply. Many places were found in the state however. Down in Meriwether county, near Warm Springs, at a place called Cold Spring, there is a supply of 3,000 gallons to the minute. This is a phenomenal supply and would furnish water enough for two is determined on the fish will be brought

A special session of the board of trustees A special session of the board of trustees of the state lunatic asylum will be called next week for the purpose of considering a plan for the accommodation of the negro patients who were deprived of their permanent quarters by fire Tuesday. "Some provision should be made at once," said Representative Ennis, of Baldwin, yesterday. "The burning of this negro building will put a problem before the officers of the institution and present a serious situation to the state. Until the new building was completed there was an overproduction of

to the state. Until the new building was completed there was an overproduction of lunatics in every county in the state. County authorities had to care for them just as they were criminals and because of the insufficiency of room at the asylum a serious condition came. Unless some immediate provision is made for the care of those who have been burnt out practically the same provision is made for the care of those who have been burnt out practically the same predicament will come again. I do not know what Dr. Powell or the board of trustees will recommend, but should they see fit to call on the legislature for an appropriation I believe that it should be put through at once." lature tonight to speak in the university the galleries will be a with ladies. It is to be expected that will take up the subject of co-educates and the members of the Woman's Club Atlanta are preparing to appear in fall force. The women are going to make a strong pull for the passage of the bit which is to come up today, and the chance lor will receive a glowing welcome from them this morning.

them this morning. Colonel J. W. Bennett, of Brunswick in Atlanta. He is to be a candidate judge of the Brunswick circuit to suo Judge Sweat. At present no one has a in Atlanta. Judge Sweat. At present no one has one ly announced against him, but it is and that Colonel John C. McDonough, of Way. cross, will be in the race. Colonel Be is a strong man about the Glynn, and has a solid backing in the

Among the notable visitors to yesterday was Mr. Alexander A. Law of Savannah.

Savannan.
"There is no town in the state with more flourishing prospects ahead than Savannah," said Mr. Lawrence. "This year has nah, said ar. Lawrence. Into year and been almost phenomenal in cotton receipts and in every other line of business has been proportionate. Those who picture favanah as a slow, unprogressive place are wrong. There is more push in Savanah inst now than any other town in George. just now than any other town in Georgia and I would not except Atlanta."

Judge James Smith, of Twiggs county, b

Uncle Joe Mansfield received yesterday another shipment of corn from Sapel to be put on display in the legislature. have not given up hope for my island yet said Uncle Joe. "It is the garden spot creation, and the best place for the stab

#### THE INSURANCE FIELD.

Mrs. C. C. Bailey, of Brunswick, has discovered that she is not a widow.
few weeks ago she was in mourning to her hysband, and she began proceeding to collect \$8,000 life insurance on her hu band's life. The proofs of death were out and forwarded to the agents of the Equitable and the New York Life in Atanta. Bailey had a policy for \$5,000 in the Equitable and \$3,000 in the New York Life, The proofs were rather shaky. They did

not satisfy the companies.

Two affidavits were attached from citisens of Brunswick stating that they were out in a boat with Bailey and some and a lunch. About dark the boat capsized. They saw Bailey sink and rise once. After he sank the second time they didn't see him again.

One weak point in the case was that the body never came to the surface so far as could be discovered. Watermen said that capsized the body certainly would thrown up on the shore somewhere around Mrs. Bailey and Bailey's brothers though the was dead and despaired of ever hearing from him again. The companies did nor lose hope and they investigated. The more they investigated the less they learned

about the drowning. Bailey was an engineer. He bore a good average character in the community for integrity. His brothin the community for integrity. His brothers stood well in business. They were sincere in their belief that their brother had been drowned. policies, which had not been issued very long. The Equitable's had been taken out about the first of the present year and

only two semi-annual payments had bee made on it. The New York Life's po older. The newspapers of Brunswick criticised the companies for attempting to kee widow out of her money. Still the panies would not pay and continued to be vestigate, and they became satisfied that Balley had not been drawaed.

A few days ago they received letters from one of the brothers stating that C. C. Bailey had been seen alive in Chattanooga and that the claim for the payment of the policies would be withdrawn. Then the widow wrote that she had positive infor mation that her husband was alive. With Bailey's disappearance or his game, if he was trying to beat the companies out of the insurance. It follows, though, that he swam ashore in the dark, if tory is correct, and slipped away qu abandening his family. There is no charge of collusion by the companies against his family, but they would like to know just what his game was. They presume that the investigation got too hot sume that the investigation got to for him and that he let his relatives know where he was in order to draw off the in-

spectors who were getting hot on his trail George Pullman had \$100,000 insurance on his life. Charles A. Dana carried \$120.00 and Henry George had \$15,000 on his life. Mr. Pullman was a director in the Travelers of Hartford, and he carried \$5,000 is that company. He had \$30,000 in the Equitable, \$10,000 in the New England Mutasiand \$5,000 in the Home of New York.

Seven agents of the Southern Mutual Aid Association in Alabama resigned and wrote a joint letter stating that they qut because they did not believe the company had compiled with the laws of the state.

The National Life of Hartford may be reorganized as a regular company. It was an assessment concern and Commissioner Betts, of Connecticut, made it so hot for the officers that President Fletcher realizaed and the secretary had to drop out, too Stephen Ball has agreed to take the presdency and undertake the reorganization.

Mr. Ball has been with the Hartford Annuity. The commissioner's report is expected today. It is said to be a roast.

The assessment companies are traveling across what the Shriners would cal the hot sands of the desert just now. The Massachusetts Benefit gave up the ghost last month. The National Life Association of Hartford, as mentioned above, is in the throes of reorganization and now comes the Bay State Beneficiary Association senting to an injunction closing it down.

The next stage will be a receiver and as administration of its estate.

The assets of the Bay State, according to its last statement, were \$170,000, and its liabilities \$450,000. The Bay State did no foreign business and had no outside deposits.

The insurance papers all over the country are discussing the bill introduced the Georgia legislature by Mr. Moore, of Carroll, requiring policy holders to return their policies for taxation. Indiana his such a law, and it is being tested now. The such a law, and it is being tested now. Include lower court decided that the law was constitutional. The supreme court of the state has just heard argument and a decision is expected in the course of a few weeks. It is suggested that it might be well for the Georgia legislature to wait for that decision before the passing of Mr. Mcore's bill.

Policies of the British and American Etchange Association are still turning up a South Carolina with complaints that there is such a company it is no good.

The loss by fires in October was approx-

ALEX HULL IS RECEIVED. Court Orders Him To Take Charge of

Murphy's News Stand. Mr. Alex P. Huil was yesterday pointed receiver for the news stand who has been conducted on Marietta street. Mr. Dick Murphy. The bill led yesterday by Mr. R. Halson, and was the result artnership misunderstanding it is Mrs. Elizat THE BEL By Day Night SHE TELLS

CHAS. S.

may find nightmare have decide was placed of ordinary was issued of her far woman tok ings. "Somebod into my bo day, as her she imagin

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RECEIVER. Take Charge of s Stand.

#### THE WEATHER. Forecast for Today.

Forecast for Today.

For Virginia, North Carolina and South Carolina: Fair; warmer; southerly winds, Georgia, Alabama: Fair; warmer; southwesterly winds.

Eastern Florida and Western Florida: Fair; variable winds.

Mississippi and Louisiana: Fair; southerly winds.

Eastern Texas: Fair; southerly winds.

Western Texas: Fair; variable winds.

#### MEETINGS. Notice.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Georgia, Carolina and Northern Railway Company will be held at the office of the company in Atlanta, Ga., on Friday, November 12, 1897, at 11 o'clock a., m.

A stated communication of Atlanta lodge, No. 59, A. F. and A. M., will be held in Masonic hall, corner Pryor and Hunter streets, Thursday evening. November 11th. at 7 o'clock. Work in E. A. and F. C. derees. Master Masons in good standing are raternally invited. CHAS. S. JONES, Secretary.

### **ELECTRICITY WAS** HER NEMESIS

Mrs. Elizabeth Turner Imagined She Was Persued by a Current.

THE BELIEF CAUSED INSANITY

By Day and by Night the Horrible Nightmare Was Ever Present.

SHE TELLS HER STORY TO THE JURY

Yesterday Afternoon She Plead with Her Witnesses To Cut Off the Cruel Current.

Under the treatment of skilled physicians in the state asylum Mrs. Elizabeth Turner may find some relief from her horrible nightmare that has caused insanity, and as a last resort her friends and family have decided to have the unfortunate woman placed in the asylum. Mrs. Turner was placed on trial yestenday in the court of ordinary on a writ of lunacy, which was issued at the instance of members of her family, and before the jury the woman told her story of imaginary sufferings.

"Somebody is trying to put electricity into my body," sighed the woman yesterday, as her face twitched with agony which sne imagined was racking her brain and destroying her life. "Since I came into this room some one has put electricity into my body and it's killing me. I say, it's just killing me and they won't stop. Surely they are satisfied when they see how I am sunering. Oh, please make them stop."

For weeks the woman has been insanecrying out through the day and night that electricity, strong and shocking in its result, has been rushing through her arms and limbs, destroying her eyesight, burning her lips and throbbing against her heart. She has not been able to sleep or to eat, and she has apparently suffered all the agony that could result had a current of electricity in reality been burning its way through her body.

"I can't eat a mouthfui," she said vesterday to the jury. "I can't sleep and I am dying from the burning shocks that rack my body and tear my bones asunder. The electricity is in the house of my physician. He is a good man, but he keeps electricity and people go to his house and get the electricity and come to me and put it in my bones and blood. One time a ranroad man came to our left a piece of iron in the hall. The iron is full of electricity and the current runs down the hall, bounds into my room and nearly kins me. Nobody will nelp me and

I am left to die alone. There is notlody in this room that is willing to help me, yet they see me suiter and die."

The ramily of Mrs. Turner testified that sin had been insane for days on the subject or electricity. They told the court and the jury that the woman had wept through the day and screamed through the night on account of her imaginary pains. They thought there was no hope for the de-mented woman and it was their fear that time she might do herself bouits harm in endeavoring to escape the current walch she always believes about to enter her body.

her body.

The jury decided Mrs. Turner was a proper subject for the lunatic asylum and the foreman signed the verdict to that effect. Mrs. Turner will be sent to Mniedge-ville as soon as arrangements can be made for her care.

#### The Husband Heard From.

The Husband Heard From.

Waycross, Ga., November 10.—(Special.)—
A letter bearing Atlanta and Nashville railway postmark, dated November 71n, has been received by Mrs. John A. Lott, of this city.

It purports to be a message from Charley Bailey to his sister, Mrs. Lott.

The letter appears to be genuine.

It states that said writer, Cnarley Bailey, supposed his sister would be surprised to hear from him. He got into trouble at Brunswick, and was also tired of living with his wife, he said, and sought escape by the drowning ruse. His career after leaving Brunswick has been checkered by yellow fever, and he failed to find employment. He is willing to confess his wrong and take his wife and children with him and support them. He gives no postoffice address, and does not mention what state he is in.

The letter has been sent to Charley

address, and does not mention which address, and does not mention which he is in.

The letter has been sent to Charley Balley's wife, at McDonald's Mill, and will be returned to Mrs. Lott tomorrow. Some think it is a bogus letter, while others are of the opinion that Charley Bailey is alive and that he wrote it.

Compromised for a Guarantee. Decatur, Ala., November 10.—(Special.)— The case of George Haley vs. the Louis-ville and Nashville railroad for \$50,000 dam-ages for the killing of his son at Moulton

street crossing last fall has been compro-mised in the sum of \$1.750 and a guarantee of lifetime employment. STRUCK BY A MOVING TRAIN.

Benjamin T. Strobhar Loses His Life on a Railroad.

Savannah, Ga., November 10.—(Special.)— Benjamin T. Strobhar, a member of the police force for years, and lately watchman at the police station, had his life crushed out this morning at the Bolton street crossing of the Savannah, Florida and Western religions.

street crossing of the Savannah, Florida and Western railroad.
He had been in that part of the city on business, and was walking along the tracks on his return when he was struck by a moving train and knocked under the wheels. His legs were entirely severed from the rest of his body near the hip iolnts, and the body rolled down the low embankment on which the track stands. He was sixty-six years old, and leaves a wife and several children. An escort of fity members of the police force will attend the funeral tomorrow.

Boys' Rescue Home Benefit.

### STEINAU DECLINES TO DELIVER GOODS

Aid Him in Finding the Property.

Stirring Developments Came Yesterday in the Litigation.

LARGE AMOUNT OF CASH MISSING

All of the Mortgages Made by Steinau Are Attacked in a Redhot Court Petition.

Many new and interesting developments came yesterday in the litigation which has enguifed the business of Louis Steinau and carried his goods and assets into the courts for adjudication.

Yesterday a bill was filed by Messrs. Glenn, Slaton & Phillips, representing the Pabet Brewing Company of Wisconsin. showing that Steinau was indebted to it in the sum of \$5,655.10, which covers an account for merchandise since October 1, 1896. The merchandise consisted of beer in glasses and in bulk, and it is said that a portion of the indebtedness is for a carload of beer which was shipped on last October, reaching Atlanta November 4th, only a few days before the mortgages were filed and the receiver appointed. It is charged in the petition that when Steinau ordered this car he had conceived of his alleged scheme to break full handed and that he was then laying in a big stock which he intended to dispose of at reckless prices.

The petition charges that Steinau purchased the goods with the intention of never paying for them. It is claimed that by reason of the alleged fraud Steinau has never received the title for the goods and the plaintiffs ask that the court allow them to identify the goods and take them from the stock, if the goods have not been concealed so that they cannot be found. Judge Lumpkin ordered the petition filed and allowed the plaintiffs the authority to enter the store and identify the goods and instructed the receiver to make a list of

#### the goods and keep them separate from the other goods in the stock. Receiver Demands the Cash.

Receiver Blackburn, represented by his counsel, Glenn, Slaton & Phillips, yes terday appeared before Judge Lumpkin and asked that he be authorized to search for and secure a large sum of money which Steinau has in his possession, but which he declines to surrendar.

The petition states that Steinau has in his possession, custody and control a large sum of money, the amount of which is not now known to the receiver

It is charged there are large amounts of whiskies, wines and liquors and other articles of value which have been secretly removed from the storeroom and have been concealed by Steinau and that large amounts of goods have been disposed of at prices which were far below cost and even below the government revenue charged for

The petition says there are now large quantities of cigars in the possession of employees of Steinau and that all of these transactions have been made for the purpose of delaying, hindering and deliauding the creditors.

Receiver Blackburn asks that he be. granted authority of court to call upon the police of the city and to use all other measures, such as search warrants, as may be necessary to ascertain and discover the whereabouts of the goods which are mis-

It is charged that C. Nailor has received a large amount of the goods that cannot be found and the court is asked to restrain him from disposing of the goods and tha he be required to produce them.

Steinau's Mortgages Are Attacked. The mortgages which were filed by Steinau last Monday morning and which resulted in the appointment of a receiver by the court, have been attacked by an amendment to the original bill, which declares there is collusion between Steinau and those who hold the mortgages.

This amendment charges that Steinau gave mortgages to his relatives and other persons who were interested in his business and that at the time the mortgages were given the mortgages knew of

his fraudulent scheme to fail full handed. It is charged that the mortgage given to the Capital City bank was to secure antecedent debts and should be declared void and null, and that on information and belief it is charged that certain officers of the bank had reason to believe that the mortgage was given to cause delay. It is Grady? further charged that certain officers of the bank must have known that Steinau was disposing of his stock of goods in a reckless manner and that he had sold some of

the stock in bulk below cost. The bill states that Julius Simon, a brother-in-law to Steinau, was given a mortgage. This mortgage is attacked in the bill and it is charged on information and belief that Simon must have known that the mortgage was made for fraudulent purposes. The bill is a red hot paper and charges that Steinau made the mortgages for fraudulent purposes and that he is now withholding large amounts of goods from the creditors.

How the Papers Were Filed.

The time of filing of all of the court papers in the Steinau case shows an interesting story. The time is marked upon the papers on the docket.

The mortgages were filed Monday morning in the clerk's office, beginning at 7:50 o'clock and continuing until 7:59 o'clock. The first bill for receiver was filed at 8:55 o'clock.

The bill of sale by Steinau to Isaac Schoen was filed at 8:55 o'clock. The amendment to the bill appointing the receiver was filed at 1 o'clock Monday af-

ternoon, and at 2 o'clock the receiver took

Rush at the City Hall.

#### SOME COMPLAINTS FRANK MORRIS AGAINST THE GRADY IS IN ATLANTA

eceiver Blackburn Asks the Court To | Line of the Investigation as Conducted | Ex-Marshal of Midville Exonerated as | Replies to the Attacks Upon the Uniby Committee. Joe Sprinz's Murderer.

WILL CALL ON THE POLICE SOME SALTY CHARGES MADE RELEASED BY THE GRAND JURY WHY FREE TUITION CAME

Irregularities in Many Particulars

WILL SPRINZ MURZER EVER BE AV. NGED ? BEDBUGS THICK AS FLEAS IN MEN'S WARD

Bitter Complaint Made Against Johns Hopkins Nurses Who Pet Negroes and Their "Pretty" Hair. To Unravel the Mystery.

The report of the special investigating committee of the Grady hospital will be presented to the committee tomorrow by Assistant City Attorney Pendleton and probably announced to the public. As already stated in The Constitution, the authorities will be vindicated and the com plaints against the management of the institution will be smoothed over. the crime by the grand jury.

The investigation of the affairs of the hospital was conducted in secret and nothinvestigation, but The Constitution is able to present this morning an account of some of the alleged irregularities of the institu tion which were investigated by the committee. The complaints made against the hospital were many and wide in scope. The committee, or a majority of the committee, looked into the complaints and is satisfied that there is nothing wrong with the management of the institution Certain recommendations will be made to

Complained of by Accusers.

To throw light on the work of the committee and to indicate the line of the investigation for the benefit of the public The Constitution has ascertained that the committee started out to investigate the several affairs shown in the following list

the general council and the committee will

tell in a general way of the investigation.

of complaints: A List of Ten Complaints. . Unnecessary laxity in reports to the

1. Unnecessary laxity in reports to the general council.
2. No inspection.
3. The same medical and surgical staff.
No annual election.
4. Bad management of the nurses. (a)
No special training. (b) No absolute authority. (c) No buying committee.
5. No consulting of staff physicians.
6. No state control.
7. Poor economy. Excessive quantity of coal and other things asked for in the budget given the mayor.
8. No emergency rule or practice in cases of previous examination.
9. Expenses should be reduced.
10. Lower rates of board and a greater revenue from the hospital.

A Few Pointed Questions.

A Few Pointed Questions. The following is an interesting list of uestions submitted to the committee by a itizen to be investigated:

Questions:
What has become of the six trunks?
What went with the little delicacies sent to the patients?
What has been done with box of clothmg? Who paid board for Mrs. C.'s two chilren for the summer they spent at the ospital, being visitors and not patients? Some Other Points Cited.

Other complaints against the institution

and its management to which the attention of the committee was called by communication and witnesses are indicated in the following:

the following:

"Case of a non-resident who fainted in the vestibule of the F.rst Presbyterian church. Put in Mr. Hugh Inman's carrage and sent to the hospital. Refused admission by Dr. Diamond until, by special appeal to Dr. Kendrick, was allowed temporary shelter.

"Case of a negro who was refused admission to the hospital because he had been there before and left without permission.

sion. "Case where a physician was refused permission to treat a patient in the hospital. "Case where a negro suffered from frost bite of the feet. Gangrene came on. The negro was dismissed while his feet were so sore he could not walk. "Case where m.ik was purchased from a special friend of one of the officials at 18 cents when it was offered to the hospital by another for 16 cents. The latter had been furnishing the hospital some time and reduced his price from 20 cents to 16 cents.

been furnishing the hospital some time and reduced his price from 20 cents to 16 cents to keep the business. After complain ng he was given half the business, but was paid 18 cents instead of 16 cents. The spe-cial friend was paid 18 cents." Hot Talk About Nurses.

Another complains about the favoritism showns the Johns Hopkins nurses. He Two or three Johns Hopkins nurses are "Two or three Johns Hopkins nurses are at the Grady. They are favored with every convenience and privilege. While the Grady nurses must bear the burdens and blame, new towels, new dishes, new linen are all for the northern nurses and the Grady nurses must use the old or do without. The Grady nurses are afraid to complain, afraid to tell how they are treated. The Hopkins nurses have more assistants and more hours off duty.

"One nurse was told by the matron, a northern woman, to bathe a negro. The nurse appealed to one of the doctors and when the doctor went to the matron about it she said: Why, no, she need not do it—is not expected to—a misunderstanding."

it she said: Why, no, she need not do itis not expected to—a m'sunderstanding.
Afterwards she severely corrected the
nurse for telling. She delights in the negro
ward; smiles upon and pets them; strokes
their heads and calis their wool 'pretty
hair.' The colored servants around the
hospital are also favored by her till they
are impudent to others who have to control
them. I would like to know what is the
institution—Patterson, Johns Hopkins or
Grady?

Plea for the Southern Women.

Plea for the Southern Women.

"Is it not time our southern girls were cared for? If they are poor and have to work they ought not to be made slaves by northern female tyrants who pet negroes and scorn white southern ladies. The nurses are afraid to tell about anything wrong at the hospital. They will be quickly annihilated by the authorities. They would be discharged in disgrace and not a physician in the city would employ one of them so disgraced."

HISTORY LECTURES TO BEGIN.

A Course of Lectures on Modern History To Be Given at Y. M. C. A. The course of lectures in modern history, pen to all members of the Young Men's Christian Association, will commence Thursday night of this week in the par-

lor of the association. The course will be conducted by Mr. Lowndes Calhoun, Jr., who has outlined an exceedingly attractive series of lectures. It will embrace both English and American history with lectures on the French revolution, followed by additional ones on English and American constitutional history and government of the United States. Mr. Calhoun is an able speaker and has

made a specialty of the subject of modern history. He will also suggest a line of reading to accompany the lectures. This course presents a splendid opportunity, which should be embraced by the young men of the city.

Another event to occur on Thursday night

Rush at the City Hall.

Yesterday was a busy day with the city waterworks office and city tax collector's office. It was the last day for the payment of water bills for last month and a big crowd surged to the windows all day long. The officials were kept busy writing receipts for money and quite a large amount was collected during the day.

Another event to occur on Thursday night which will be of interest to Young Men's Christian Association members, will be of interest to Young Men's Christian Association members.

# MELDRIM TALKS OUT

Morris Is Happy Over His Vindication and Will Drop the Case.

Dr. Kilpatrick's Enemies Are Still After Him and Are Making Efforts

Frank Morris, ex-marshal of Midville, Ga., who was arrested three months ago, charged with the murder of Joe Sprinz, the well-known Midville merchant, has been exonerated by the grand jury of Burke county. He was released from the county jail of that county two days tgo and given a clear exoneration of all connection with

Morris started to Atlanta as soon as re leased from jail and he will make this city his future home. He was seen on the street by a reporter of The Constitution yester day and when stopped and asked about his case he showed his letters or release and exoneration given him by the grand

Morris said he had been vindicated and that he never had any fear of the result of the case from the beginning. He declares certain parties attempted to place the responsibility of the crime upon him to shield themselves and that his innocence of all connection with the crime was clearly shown by the grand jury investigation.

It will be remembered that the murder of Sprinz created a trilling sensation in Burke county and throughout the state at the time the crime was committed. Sprinz was killed in cold blood at his little home in the heart of Midville one Sunday night last May, and for the commission of the crime Dr. J. J. Kilpatrick, one of the leading physicians of Burke county, Sprinz's physician and intimate friend, and the intimate friend of Sprinz's wife, was arrested and held a short time, securing his release for want of conclusive evidence that he

Kilpatrick's release was soon followed by the arrest of Morris and certain parties attempted to fasten the crime upon the marshal of the town, attributing the motive of robbery as his incentive to do the One thousand dollars in murder. gold had disappeared, which was said to have been in Sprinz's possession, and it was claimed that he was killed and then robbed of this money.

Now that Morris has been exonerated and released, the question arises will Sprinz's murder ever be avenged? It looks as if it will not. The people of Midville and Burke county have never given up hope that the slayer of the popular merchant will be punished and they are now looking about in other directions in search of evidence to convict the murderer.

Dr. Kilpatrick's enemies have never ceased their work against him and there are many people who contend that the grand jury will finally investigate the case against him to his disadvantage. Morris says now that he has been vindi-

cated he will have nothing more to do with the case. He has nothing to say against Kilpatrick, who is said to have pushed the case against Morris, but the ex-marshal believes that time will unravel the mystery and bring the murderer to justice. Morris will probably enter business in Atlanta in the near future. He has friends

here who are congratulating him on his vindication. STONED MR. SPENCER'S TRAIN.

Rocks Rattled Against the Car of President Samuel Spencer. As the train which brought President Samuel Spencer and party up from Macon last night was leaving Locust Grove, a shower of stones rattled against the cars. One or two of the stones struck the car in which Mr. Spencer, Mr. Edmunds and Mr. Stetson were riding. No damage was done, however, and whether it was the purpose of the miscreants to burt the members of the party or whether it was just a coincidence, was not known to those on board. The presumption, however, was that the stone throwers did not know who

were on the train. It is not an unusual thing for stones e thrown at passing trains.

MUD WAS DEEP AT LAKESIDE.

When the train arrived in Atlanta the curtains were drawn on all the windows in President Spencer's car.

Rank Outsider Carriel a Surprise for the Crowd.

Chicago, November 10.—The mud at Lake-side was deep and holding today. In it Gath beat O'Connell in a good race. The surprise was Red's victory at 25 and 30 to 1. Wolford and Gath were the winning fa-

96, Sits, 10 to 1, second: Pitfall, 101, Mason, 25 to 1, third. Time, 1:21½.

THIRD RACE—Five and a half furlongs: THIRD RACE—Five and a nair furiongs: Wolford, 102, T. Burns, 6 to 5, won; Borden, 113, Caywood, 8 to 1. second; Chiffon, 110, L. Smith, 12 to 1, third. Time, 1:14½.
FOURTH RACE—Mile and a sixteenth: Sunburst, 110, Caywood, 6 to 1, won; Banquo II, 104, Morgan, 2½ to 1, second; Nannie L's Sister, 98, Kitley, 8 to 1, third. Time, 1:57½. 1:57%.
FIFTH RACE—Five and a half furlongs:
Gath, 114, Wilhite, 6 to 5, won; The Elector,
102, Dupee, 12 to 1, second; O'Connell, 104,
Conley, 4 to 1 third. Time, 1:11%,
SIXTH RACE—Three-quarters of a mile:
Gienmoyne, 101, Nutt. 2½ to 1, won; Jane, 109,
Wilhite, 3 to 2, second: Uncas, 161, Everett,
10 to 1, third. Time, 1:21.

Atlantians Will Go.

Atlantians Will Go.

Ed Kirby, of the old West Point railread, has recently returned from New York, where he railroad, has recently returned from a trip to New York, where he went to look after the steamship connections of his line. "The number of Atlantians who evidently contemplate taking in the Paris exposition is surprisingly large," said Mr. Kirby. "Every day I receive communications asking for information in regard to the trip, and I predict that the Georgia delegation to Gay Paree will be very large in 1900."

Arrested for Wrong Use of Mails.

Chattanooga, Tenn., November 10.—(Special.)—B. F. Rhineheart and William Roberts, two prominent young men of Union Grove, Ala., were arrested today by Postoffice Inspector Warren charged with using the mails for fraudulent purposes.

He covered the same ground that will be taken up in the present controversy, and his reference to certain facts reference

# IN STRONG STYLE

versity of Georgia.

War Not Intended as a Blow at the De-

nominational Colleges. OLD FIGHT IS OPENED UP AGAIN

Similar Arguments Were Used in 1889 and Strong Replies Were Made

to Them.

Chancellor William E. Boggs, of the university, will address the legislature tonight. The doctor arrived in Atlanta last night and is the guest of Judge W. R. Hammond. In his speech he will reply to the attack made by Dr. Warren A. Candler on the university. The controversy is opening up in warm

style. The fight is being made in many

ways against the state institution, and the denominational colleges are turning on their guns. The address of Dr Candler, and his reference to the University of Georgia caused great excitement among the members of the legislature yesterday. There were a number who did not agre with his statement that the passage of the act of 1881 for free tuition was intended

P. W. Meldrim, of Chatham, that the bili was put through. As to just how it came up, and the discussion of the question at the time, Mr.

as a direct stab at the denominational col-

leges. It was through the efforts of Hon.

Meldrim was seen yesterday. "Yes," he said, "In 1881 I led the fight in the state senate for free tuition at the unversity. The causes that impelled me to do this were that when a student at Athens I found that there were then two classes -those who paid tuition and those who were too poor to pay. I felt a profound sympathy for the brave, manly, sensitive boy who sometimes shrank from imme diate personal association with his more favored fellows, and I determined then that if the time ever came when it was in my the level with the rich one. The time did come, and the bill making tuition free in

the university was passed. "There was no skillfully arranged legis lation, and I never conceived it possible for any sensible, fair-minded person to even imagine that it was intended to injure, much less to kill, every church school in the state. For that legislation I was largely responsible, and I have taken more pride in it than in any other act in my legislative life. An experience as teacher and member of boards of education convinces me that education come down from the heights and does not rise up from out of the depths. Without good teachers there cannot be good schools. Education should be comprehensive enough to include pay as well as public schools, denominational colleges as well as state universities. The support of the public schools is consistent with free tuition in the university, and in the legislation of the last session the increased appropriation for pub-lic schools was only made possible by the sumport which was given to the measure by the friends of the university. never has been a day that the friends of the state university were not friends of the public schools as well as of higher education. Technical schools, as a rule, must be sustained by state or municipal aid, and the support given by friends of the university to the girls school at Milledgeville

Dahlonega must demonstrate the broad and liberal views of the alumni and friends of higher education in this state. I admit that my own views are very broad, but by reason of my connection with the alumni of the university. I think that I can safely say that they are not broader than are the views of those others who, believing in liberal appropriations to the public schools, are yet in a modest way seeking each day out of their private means to help some poor boy to a higher education. 1 believe in giving the negro a fair chance, and the school

near Savannah has the support and encour agement of the best and wisest of our peo-"There should be no hostility to de nominational colleges, and I have never found that there was in the legislature of the state. These colleges have their own appointed work to do, and doubtless they do it well. The university has its work, and if the friends of the public schools, ot the academies and of the denominational colleges would sustain the legislature in equipping and maintaining a great south ern university, where not only the arts and sciences might be taught, but where the genius of the south might inspire the youth with a pride in her past and a confidence in her future, then would they be rendering

the largest service to the state. "We cannot return to the policy of ante-bellum days. We should not return We should not abandon the public school system and deprive the poor of education.

And yet to return to ante-bellum policy is
to abandon the public school system. We should not make the education of the negro a criminal offense and yet to return to the policy of ante-bellum days is to make penal the education, however elementary it might be, of the negro. To return to that policy is to destroy all technical education. Or progressive policy should be pursued. The public school system should be maintained, private schools and denominational colleges should be encouraged, technical schools should be supported and a great university should be developed whose noble proportions should be if harmony with the dignity of the state and through whose

Stirring Up Old Sores. The conditions now existing and the incidents of this week are but the repetition of what happened in 1889, when the bill to appropriate \$25,000 to the university of the rental for the state road was before the

On that occasion Dr. Warren A. Candler and President Nunnally, of Mercer, were both invited to speak and the line of argument of Dr. Candler was practically the same as that brought out by him Tuesday night.
As a reply Colonel N. J. Hammond was called on to speak by special invitation. He covered the same ground that will be taken up in the present controversy, and his reference to certain facts referred to by Dr. Candler on the question of free education and the establishment of negro schools applies now. night.

admitted free. In 1866 indigent confederate soldiers were admitted free. That act was repealed in 1869. In May, 1872, Governor Smith turned over to the trustees the agricultural land scrip, in consideration that they would educate as many sons of farmers in the university as there were memwere given on condition that the recipients of them should teach school for as many years as they were in the university. In the speech of Chancellor Tucker, delivered before the general assembly of 1875, he de-clared there were then 315 free scholarships n the university, of which 250 wer chargeable to the agricultural land scrip. They were not all occupied. That left the nstitution part free and part paying tui

tion. This kept up somewhat the old dis-tinction between pay and poor students. "Finally in 1881 the general assembly pased an act for the express purpose of The caption of the act is 'an act to enabl the trustees to make tuition free in the

In reference to the argument that the

common schools should receive support and that the university of the state could take

care of itself, Colonel Hammond said: "We therefore have had in Georgia, since

1881, absolutely free tuition from the mud-sill to the top of the building. The argument which we heard the other night was that that was unwise; an argument ad-dressed to the general assembly, who were to vote upon this proposition. One gentle-man said that the way to make a people great was to educate at the fou only, lift them up to a certain height and let them alone to lift themselves. If that true your constitution is a mistake. If that be true, you have sworn to support something that is wrong. That fight has been made, and made at a time when men were free to vote, and free to act, and the declaration is before you in unmistak able terms. There was a reason why the convention of 1877 would not lay down the same rule and the same limits for education as were laid down by the convention of 1868. We were largely different men;

ferent expectations in society; we had dif-ferent hopes and aspirations."

The conditions today are practically the same in sentiment as they were in 1889. Today Dr. Boggs will speak and his argument will be followed close by the members of the general assembly.

Fall medicine is fully as important and In "God's Country," A Southern Ro

we had different surroundings; we had dif

mance. By Dolly Higbee,
With introduction by Hon. Henry Watterson. This is the famous novel upon which
B. B. Vallentine founded the beautiful drama that is meeting with such success, and which will be presented at the Grand opera house Friday night and Saturday matinee.

natinee.
Read the book before seeing the play.
For sale by
JOHN M. MILLER CO.,
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You Are Dving

And you don't know what is the matter with you. Take Tyner's Dyspepsia Remedy and you will feel like a new man within a short time. For sale everywhere.

Underwear, Gloves. An Endless Variety. Prices Will Please.

THE GAY CO. Hatters and Haberdashers.

"YOU WILL FIND IT AT KAMPER'S"

Pure and Wholesome

Candies Fine Chocolate Creams.... .... .. 25c 10 Fine Burnt Almonds.. .. .. 40c lb Fine hard Druggist Gum Drops 30c 16 Crystallized Pine Apples.. .. .... 50c fb Crystallized Fruits, assorted.... 50c lb Crystallized Angelique...... 60c lb

Fancy Mixed Candy.. .. .... 25c 1b Rock Candy

Crystals for Rock and Rye .... 25c fb Fancy Cake Department.

Angel Food Cakes.. .. .. ...... 650 Home-made Doughnuts.. A .. 15c doz

-THE BEST-

TEA AND COFFEE STORE

REMOVAL WM. A. HAYGOOD, Attorney-at-Law,

23½ Marietta Street

Auction sale of Horses and Mules at Martin & Bowden's new stables today at 10 o'clock.

BARGAINS

SILVER NOVELTIES

We can sell you-

There is not another store in the south that carries the assort ment of STERLING SILVER NOVELTIES we do. They are a specialty of ours.

A handsome case containing a Sterling Silver Mirror, \$12.00 Hair Brush and Comb for \$12.00 A handsome case containing a Sterling Silver Brush and \$3.85 A Sterling Silver Clothes \$2.50

Afull size Glass Puff Jar. \$1.75 Sterling Silver Top. for.. A nice quality Embroid-ery Scissors for ...... \$1.00 A cheaper quality Em-broidery Scissors for.... 75c A Glass Salve Box, with Sterling Silver Top, for... 350

We quote you prices on a few articles and you an draw your own conclusions. We have, also, heavy expensive Tolletware at proportionately low prices. MAIER & BERKELE,

JEWELERS.
Write for our Sterling Silver
Novelty Catalogues.



Suits and Overcoats

All the favorite fabrics, newest styles, handsomest patterns and colorings. The finish, trimmings and fitting unsurpassed. We know 'em, because we make 'em; \$10, \$12, \$18 and \$20. Irreproachable values.

Take Elevator for Boys' Clothing and Merchant Tailoring Departments.

Atlanta, 15-17 Whitehall Street. STORES Washington, Cor. Seventh and E Streets.
Baltimore, 213 W. German Street.

EISEMAN BROS. OUR ONLY STORE IN ATLANTA---15-17 WHITEHALL.

### HON. PORTER KING MADE CHAIRMAN

New City Executive Committee Honors Atlanta's Ex-Mayor.

**ELECTION A SURPRISE TO HIM** 

Mr. M. M. Welch Is Secretary of the New Committee.

MR. FRANK P. RICE C AIRMAN PRO TEM

He Is Thanked for His Services as Chairman of the Old Committee. Froceedings in Detail.

Hon. Porter King, ex-mayor of Atlanta, was yesterday unanimously elected chairman of the new city executive committee The committee held its first meeting in the council chamber at noon and organized for the two years of its existence

Mr. M. M. Welch was elected secretary. Mr. Frank P. Rice, ex-chairman of the committee, who is a member of the new committee, was chosen as chairman pro

Mr. King and Mr. Welch will be officially notified of their election to the places by a special committee appointed by Chairman Rice, consisting of W. A. Vernoy, W. O. Jones and L. Z. Rosser.

Mr. King is not a member of the new committee, but following a custom of the committee, an outsider was chosen as chairman, and by acclamation Mr. King was

The new committeemen elected at the seven mass meetings Tuesday night, as told The Constitution yesterday, assembled at the city hall at noon and after the old committee formally adjourned the new was called to order. Mr. Frank P. Rice, chairman of the old committee, called that body to order, and he announced that reports from the different wards would be received.

Mr. M. M. Welch, of the second ward, was elected temporary secretary. The committeemen of the old committee from each ward then submitted the list of committeemen and alternates elected Tuesday night, as given in The Constitution yesterday, The roll was called and all members answered to their names.

The New Committee Organizes. On motion of Captain W. H. Brotherton,

Mr. Frank P. Rice was elected temporary chairman of the meeting.

Mr. L. Z. Rosser moved that the perma nent chairman be elected by ballot. Mr. Harvey Johnson opposed this. He said the roll should be called so the committeemen could answer aloud who they

Mr. L. B. Austin moved that the roll be called "so as to show the colors of every committeeman." The latter motion was lost and that of Mr. Rosser was adopted. Mr. Ward Day then secured the floor and placed in nomination for permanent chair-man Hon. Porter King. The nomination was seconded by several committeemen Mr. Harvey Johnson nominated Mr. Hugh Dorsey, who had been selected as the candidate of the Liberal Club. Before the vote was taken Mr. Johnson said he had just been told by friends of Mr. Dorsey that he could not serve if elected, and Mr. Johnson withdrew the nomination at the request of Mr. Albert Howell, Jr., Mr. Dorsey's

Mr. King was then elected by acclamation amid applause. Mr. L. Z. Rosser then moved that Mr. M. Welch be elected permanent secre-

tary of the committee by acclamation. The

Captain Brotherton moved that Mr. Frank

pro tem. The motion prevailed.

Mr. Will Vernoy moved that a committee of three be appointed to notify Mr. King of his election as chairman. Mr. Johnson moved to amend by instructing the same committee to notify Mr. Welch of his elec-tion also. The motion and amendment was adopted and Chairman Pro Tem. Rice appointed the committee as follows: Mr. W. A. Vernoy, Mr. W. O. Jones and Mr.

Captain Brotherton offered a resolution structing the secretary to keep a minute book showing the names of the committee nen and alternates and the proceedings of committee. The resolution was

L. Z. Rosser.

Chairman Rice Is Thanked.

Mr. Rosser moved that the committee tender to Chairman Rice, of the old committee, a rising vote of thanks for the splendid manner in which he presided over the committee's meetings and conducted the affairs of the committee in the past

#### Elder Wm. Tennison OF BUFKIN, IND.,

the Great Benefits Derived Prom Dr. Miles' Heart Cure.



FEART DISEASE of long standing in not easily cured, but it is CURABLE. Elder Wm. Tennison, writes: "I was life; I think it hereditary as my father was afflicted with it. I have afflicted for thirty-five years with heart disease, in fact, troubled with it nearly all my



my heart palpitated to such an extent as to shake my whole body. So distressing was it I could only with great-

icuity compose myself to sleep. About two years ago I began taking Dr. Miles' perceptible benefit, but after taking the third I began to feel much relief and I continued for some months. I have good rea-

son to believe the cure is permanent.

Dr. Miles' Remedies are sold by all druggists under a positive guarantee, first bottle benefits or money refunded. Book on Heart and nerves sent free to all applicants.

DR. MILES MEDICAL CO., Elkhart, Inc.

two years. The motion was adopted by

Mr. Rice made a happy speech, thanking the committee for the honor shown him. He said he was glad to say that the committee had demonstrated that primary elections in Atlanta can be conducted fairand honestly and that it was a source of great satisfaction to him that there had been no complaint against the conduct of the committee during his term of office. He said he would pledge the new commit-tee to give the people honest and fair elec-tions and that the laws will be carried

Mr. McCrary, an alternate elected in the first ward Tuesday night, sald some per sons had criticised the action of the mass meeting in electing him on the ground that he is a non-resident of the city. He said Atlanta has always been his home and is now, that he has been away for awhile, bu

is back again at his old home.

The committee then adjourned. There was no incident of an unusual nature during the meeting and the expectations of some there would be a lively contest in the committee in the election of a chairman

and secretary were not realized. Mr. King Expresses His Thanks.

The election of Mr. King was quite a surto him. He had no notice of the in tention of his friends to put his name in emination for the place, and he said last night that he was taken by surprise. "I take my election as an especial compliment, and being a surprise it is greatly appreciated by me." said Mr. King. "I have not yet been officially notified of my lection, but I can say that I am not un mindful of the honor and responsibility of the position and I shall endeavor at all es to so perform the duties of the office as to merit the support and confidence of my associates on the committee as well the citizens."

#### FOUR FAST MEN TO MEET. Best Race of the Season Will Be Next

Tuesday Night.

The last race of the season will take place at the collseum next Tuesday night. There is only one race on the programme. that will be run in six heats, which will be the same as six races, and in case of a tie for first place, there will be seven heats. All the season Manager Prince has been trying to arrange this race and he has at last been successful. The four con-testants, Eaton, Loughead, Bald and Cooper, have been four hard men to set in the race, but it has at last been accom-

Conditions of the Race.

The race Tuesday night will be run under different eircumstances from any race which has yet been run. Each contestant put up \$125 to go as a stake, all of a the winner takes. This will amount which the winner takes. This will amount to \$500. The pures will consist of one-half of the gross gate recepts, to be divided in the following manner: Fifty per cent to the winner, 25 per cent to the second man, 15 per cent to the third and 10 per cent to the fourth man. Each man will meet every other man, making three heats for each rider, or six heats in the entire race. If one man wirs all three of the heats, he is of course the winner of the race, but case two men should win two heats each, there would have to be a final to decide the winner of the race. The men will all be in the city Monday morning and put their money up with Mr. Joseph Thompson, who will act as stakeholder for them. Counting the stake and purse, the winner will make about \$600 out of the race, but this of course depends largely on the attendance at the race. There is some talk of making a book of the races

#### JUDGE ANDY'S MATINEE.

#### A Day's Disorders Told Before the Recorder.

Judge Andy had a small audience and few players at his matinee yesterday afternoon. Will Moran was fined \$10 and costs for selling a mirror for \$1 which was claimed to be worth at least \$10. He could not explain where he got it or anything

bout it. Gus Bauteau was given \$3 and costs for being drunk and disorderly. Will Colvin went to see his best girl and because she was at work and could not talk to him he began to beat her with a piece of wood. He was given \$10 and costs. Seaborn Williams made a bet he could break a lamp on ecatur last night, and to win his money he began throwing at the lamp with good aim and broke it. He acknowledged to be under the influence of whisky. His fun cost him \$4.15.

Marshall Leslie, who had a falling out with his wife, went to her house to get some furniture which belonged to her. She would not let him have the key to the house and he began to curse in a loud manner and finally broke into the hous and took it anyhow. He gave the city \$10 and costs and left the furniture with his wife. A suit for divorce is pending in the superior court between the two.

#### WAGON OF EXCELSIOR BURNS. Driver Lit a Cigarette and Accidental-

ly Touched the Material. A strange fire occurred on Pryor street

near Georgia avenue yesterday afternoon. A wagon of excelsior from the American Iron Spring Bed Company was coming into the city from the factory when the driver, Dan McKee, struck a match to light a cigarette, and the flame came in contact with the inflammable material. Immediately the wagon was enveloped in a mass of fire and the liveliest action was required of the driver to get himself out of the way. He began to unhitch his mules, but the fire was making a dense smoke. but the fire was making a dense smoke. The heat was uncomfortable to the mules and they began to kick and rear to

an extent that they were nearly unman-With the help of several people standing near the mules were finally taken out, but the wagon was left standing with the con-flagrat on increasing and threatening to destroy the wagon. A car came along the track fust at this time and, running up behind the wagon, pushed it off the track, where it was turned over and the burning load taken off, saving the vehcle from the

#### COMMENT ON THE ELECTIONS.

Bainbridge, Ga., Searchlight: The Tammany tiger emerged from the smoke of battle Tuesday evening last with Greater New York snugly in his paws.

Rome Argus: Triumphant democracy will sweep the country in 1900.

Louisville, Ky., Dispatch: Watterson made the editor of The Atlanta Constitution believe that he was coming back to the democratic party. The business office had not been heard from at the time the editorial was written which created that impression, but since the business office has spoken it is very certain that Mr. Watterson will not return.

Paducah, Ky., News: Free silver is dead. Of course everybody knows that, but judging from the funeral notices of yesterday there seems to have been a good many pall-

Memphis Commercial-Appeal: Considering the fact that the Citizens' Union of New York was only an "amateur" and "irresponsible" concern, and that Tom Platt posed as a sagaclous and knowing leader, it is rather singular that the un should have polled 50 per cent more votes that Platt's machine. Under the circum-stances we would advise Tom to become an amateur in politics.

Gainesville, Ga., Cracker; It is an off year, but let the democratic landslide keep rolling on

### LONDON PAPER ASKS FOR WAYNE

He Promptly Responds Through His Attorney and Secretary.

THE PROMOTER WILL RETURN

All the Options Will Be Dropped by the Company.

ONE TRACT IS TO BE MINED FOR GOLD

It Contains Seventy Acres-Development Feature Is Dropped-List of Stockholders.

The Financial News, of London, which is the financial authority of England, published an article on October 26th, in regard to Captain Eugene Mayne's British and Georgia Corporation, limited. The News states that Captain Mayne was not in Georgia and that large numbers of persons were waiting to interview him on his return. The paper also suggested that "perhaps some one who knows will be good enough to explain what the present position of the British and Georgia Corporation is, and what are its assets.'

This publication elicited two letters from representatives of the corporation, one from Mr. Cobbett, the sccretary, and the other from Herbert H. Boorne, the com-

Captain Mayne has forwarded these letters to The Constitution with a letter stating that his lawyer would have still more to say in The Financial News. Captain Mayne adds that he will be in Georgia be-

The company was registered at Somerse House, London, February 13th last. This paper states that Captain Mayne agreed to sell to the company all the lands, mining rights and other privileges on certain lands which he had optioned. He was to get for them £700,000 or \$3,500,000, in fully paid up shares in the company. Continuing up shares in the company. Continuing, The Financial News says "It does not appear from the company's file that Captain Mayne had anything more to sell than certain options—about seventy in all, cov-ering a large number of properties—the majority of which expired on May 17th of this year." At that time Captain Mayne believed that it would be possible to get the options extended until July 3lst. The properties under option were in Hall, White, Lumpkin, Union, Gilmer and Fannin counties, Georgia. The shares were

A list of the shareholders is published. They hold 254.027 shares. Of these Captain E. F. G. M. Mayne, of Ellijay, Ga., and of 75 Louisville road, Balham, London, held 196,000 shares.

Among the other shareholders are enum-erated: Several clerks, some widows, C. F. Hall, 10 Victoria Manslons, Holloway, gen tleman, 100; T. J. Long, Ellijay, Ga., U. S. A., merchant, 250; P. A. Kelley, Marble Hill, Ga., mechanical engineer, 500; Colonel T. F. Greer, Ellijay, Ga., attorney at law, W. S. Epperson, Ellijay, Ga., gentleman, 1,000; W. H. McAfee, Dahlonega, 100; Captain R. R. Asbury, Pleasant Retreat, White county, Ga., gentleman, 1,000; T. O. Castleberry, Murrayville, Hall county, Ga., 100: and sundry merchants, saddlers, restaura-teurs, clerks, solicitors and gentlemen in England.

The Financial News figured that about \$3,435 had been actually paid in cash on the

Mr. Corbett, the secretary of the comwill probably reorganize the company. He adds: pany, says in his card that the directors

"The capital of £1,000,000 was not out of the way, of course, if all, or anything like all the properties under options could have been actually acquired. The company now proposes to allow these options to expire (or rather such of them as have not already done so), and confine its attention which is actually in the company's posses sion, and on which, I believe, a very favorable report has been made. Several share-holders have expressed their desire to put up further funds for the purpose of working this area, and I think in a short tim the company will be placed on a sound footing, and be able to make some return to the shareholders. As soon as an agree ment now under consideration has been entered into, Captain Mayne will go out to

Georgia to manage for the company."

The solicitor for the company says, in the course of his letter to the editor of The

Fnancial News: "Your article contains inaccuracies and statements calculated to mislead, but I will content myself for the moment by stating that the company has actually acquired a considerable number of acres of very valua-ble auriferous land, which Captain Mayne acquired for it, as also the options or necessary bonds for title, on the expenditure of some thousands of pounds, derived principally from the sale of his vendor shares, and he is now about to proceed to Georgia again upon the business of the company. It can only be concluded that your informant is one of the many disappointed per-sons who have been and still are trying to obtain options in the district of the company's property, and I trust in fairness you will insert this explanation in reply to your long article."

#### WEAK MAN Gure Yourself



Dr. Grady's wonderful Irish Invigorator, the greatest remedy for Lost Manhood, overcomes prematureness and stops all unnatural drains and losses. All small, weak organs enlarged and strengthened. Sufferers, by remitting \$1 a sealed package containing fifty pills, carefully compound-by remitting \$1 a sealed package containing fifty pills, carefully compound. Success for Fifty from ou'r laboratory, or years. 200,000 we will furnish six packages for \$5, with a GUARANTEE to cure or money letters confidential, and goods sent with full instructions free from observation. Address CRYSTAL MED, CO., Lowell, Mass oct12 tues thur sat

# WOODBURY'S

Grand Toilet Combination for the Skin, Scalp, Complexion and Teeth, Woodbury's Facial Hoap, Facia Cre m, Fa.ial Powder and Doutal Cream are manutactured by a Dermatologist with 28 years' experience treating the skin, scalp and completion. Fo sale everywhere, 25c e.ch. A sample of each maile in receipt of 20c, JOHN H. wOODBURY, Derma ologist, 127 West 424 St. N. Y.

AMERICAN LINE. NEW YORK-SOUTHAMPTON-(London-Paris.)
Sailing every Wednesday at 10 A. M. 
 ST, PAUL
 Nov. 17
 ST, PAUL
 Dec. 8

 ST, LOUIS
 Nov. 24
 ST, LOUIS
 Dec. 18

 PARIS
 Dec. 1
 PARIS
 Dec. 22

RED STAR LINE. NEW YORK TO ANTWERP PRIESIAND Wednesday, Nov, 17, noes KENSINGTON Wednesday, Nov, 24, 0 a.m. Webster SLAND Wednesday, Doe, 1, noon SOUTHWARK Wednesday, Doe, 3, toon SOUTHWARK Wednesday, Doe, 8, 5 a.m. INTERNATIONAL NAVIGATION COMPANY, Piers 14 and 15 North Rives. Office 8 Bowling Green, E. E. KIRBY, Agent, 12 Kimbail House,

# CHAMBERLIN-JOHNSON-DUBOSE CO

### A Review of Current Advertising

Advertising literature dominates the newspapers. To the delight of the counting-rooms the American press from ocean to ocean seethes and teems and brims and bubbles with announcements of merchants. Before the writer are copies of The New York Herald, The Philadelphia Record, The Baltimore Sun, The Washington Post, The Pittsburg Press, The Buffalo News, The Rochester Star, The Boston Globe, The Chicago Tribune, The St. Louis Globe-Democrat, The Kansas City Times, The New Orleans Prcayune, The Milwaukee Sentinel, The Detroit Free Press, The Denver Times and the San Francisco Examiner.

Wanamaker, in New York, is talking entertainingly about the approaching horse show, and as you read you almost hear the blooded steeds "paw and stamp, neigh and champ." Incidentally he renders graceful tribute to millinery, wraps, gloves and the like, not omitting to describe the decorations of roses and chrysanthemums in equine form that make the arcade and rotunda of his store attractive. He affirms that "floral whips, bridles and saddles are in the air and a colossal horse-shoe arches the center aisle." His autumn advertising effusions

are intense and business naturally proceeds in a rapid clatter. Wanamaker, in Philadelphia, prints a page about the "Confidence, Comfortableness and Satisfaction" of the old freight warehouse that he has converted into a model modern store. Marshall Field & Co., of Chicago, are more prim than breezy in their calm enunciation of bargains. Their advertising has more of the New England conservatism than the Western ardor and gush and jargon. Gimbel Bros., of Milwaukee, are writing fervently to attract the denizens of that metropolis. They are exploiting mackintoshes for protection against rain, cold and snow. A Kansas City firm rhapsodizes over "filmy fineries" in the way of mousseline, chiffon, lace and ostrich feather neckwear, and in the next paragraph gives vivid quotations of canvassed hams and pickled pigs' feet in bulk. Think of the inspiration of such a theme! Think of the versatility of an advertiser who can describe the ethereal grace and delicacy of silken fluffs-mere films of fabrics adorned with beautiful traceries of imitation applique, renaissance and point duchesse lace, and without lifting his pen pay lavish praise to Armour's prosaic product-pickled pigs' feet. The long prophesied genius of advertising has risen. He's the man. However, we insist on captiously criticizing by saying that the association of such differing interests beneath a single roof is incongruous and absurd. Pigs' feet and lace-what a commentary on department stores! William Barr, of St. Louis, tries to enthuse his reading constituency with a mass of matter in very small type.

There are as many styles of advertising as there are men who write them. Some are brilliant, some are turgid, some are clever, some are ridiculous and some are provincial. Mr. Antique is still "defying competition." That phrase has done sufficient service to be permanently retired. Mr. Obsolete is still shricking "quick sales" and small profits." Mr. Old-Fogy has "another consignment of goods to be sold at cost." Mr. Mossback is rubbing his eyes. "People don't read advertisements," he occasionally drawls.

Certainly they do not read HIS. Poor cynical fellow, he'll continue to fret and drudge-a victim of his own

### Do You Follow Our Advertising?

Are you en rapport with the daily doings here? Do you understand the spirit and the methods of this business? A very few common-place words suffices to inform you about the policy of this uncommon store. In

one form or another you've been frequently told. The claims of this store upon your interest are manifold. In every way possible we have made it a profitable and charming place for the women of this community and vicinage to do their shopping in.

No convenience, no comfort, no advantage that might tend to make your visit beneath our roof pleasant has been slighted. Our aim has been to anticipate every reasonable need. How well we have succeeded-we

If a great and constantly growing trade be evidence of public appreciation we are amply satisfied with your return for the efforts we have made in your behalf.

Some people need explicit enlightenment upon certain matters that are vital to themselves and to us. It is concerning prices that are current at this store. The mistaken idea still exists among a few that because our store is elegant, and our qualities fine and our

methods dignified that our prices are high.

All these conditions make the reverse actual. It is within the limits of strict truth to say that we are selling dependable merchandise-merchandise that is absolutely guaranteed-for less money than inferior grades are charged for elsewhere.

The foregoing statement is more than a mere boast. It is not a general or undemonstratable assertion. Recent experiences convince us-and hundreds of new customers-that we are selling goods at a smaller per cent of profit than any other store in town. Come in and let us convince you.

We are business men with clear visions. We are not hankering to lose money. We know positively that the only sustained success is created by an unbroken level of low prices.

It would be foolhardy for us to try your patronage by any other persuasion. A nice store; a nice stock; nice attention and nice everything else would fall flat were prices not right. New customers—and old ones—are telling us every day that our prices ARE RIGHT.

# CHAMBERLIN-JOHNSON-Dubose co

### GRANT HOTEL.

# LUMBER GET OUR PRICES. LUMBER SOUTH GEORGIA LUMBER CO., 62 W. Hunter S) Phone 523.

### Maddox-Rucker Banking Co.

| RESOURCES.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | LIABILITIES.          |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------|
| Notes and hills discounted \$306,150 25 Advanced on cotton in store and process of shipment 173,816 32 Demand loans secured, \$4,917.75; unsecured, \$1,600 6,417 75 Overdrafts secured, \$1,494.09; unsecured, \$1,045.09 2,539 18 Bonds, stocks and other securities (property of bank) 53,900 00 Real estate (other than banking house) 2,337 80 Due from banks and bankers (in this state) 43,464 77 Due from banks and bankers (in other states) 157,807 07 Cash on Hand— Currency \$29,664 00 Sold 23,450 00 Silver (including nickles and pennies) 3,117 63 Incollected checks and cash items 34,603 08  Total \$30,834 71 Current expenses \$862,760 73 | Capital stock paid up |

STATE OF GEORGIA. FULTON COUNTY.—Before me came Thomas J. Per ples, cashier of the Maddox-Rucker Banking Company, who, being duly sworn, say the above and foregoing statement is the true condition of said bank, as shown it he books of file in said bank, and he further swears that since last return made the state bank examiner of the condition of said bank, to the best of affiant's know edge and bel of that the said bank, through its officers, has not violated or evade any obligation imposed by law.

Sworn to and subscribed before me this 10th day of November, 1897

THOMAS J. PEEPLES, Cashier.

And

Speaking of Weddings, naturally suggests Wedding Presents and these again propound the perplexing problem, "What to give?" And here your good and generous resolve wrinkles your brow, and you keep on asking yourself the same question "What shall it be?" Under such circumstances the best and wisest thing you can do is to go straightway to some response ble, reputable firm which makes a specialty of not only supplying Wedding Presents, but also suggestions to aid you in making the proper selection. We will cheerfully aid you with both.

Cut Glass... The present chance to buy rich Cut Glassware of the best grade is quite unusual. Bargains of Table Ware this sort are becoming more rare with each passing month. Therefore, if you are wise you will give very special heed to this. The regular prices would be 50 per cent and more higher-have been in our own stock.

DOBBS, WEY & CO., 56 North Pryor St., Next to Equitable Building.

GALLOWAY COAL COMPANY WHOLESALE ANTHRACILE

ELK RIVER) None better. Equal to any for all purposes. E. A. HOLMES, General Agent. Yard W. Hunter Street and Central Railroad. 'Phone 1018.

Now is the Time D to Plant Your ... The C. A. DAHL CO., ID MARIETTA

JUDGE

Says Head il Serv

THE BOSSE

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### COUPER SAYS HE WILL HOLD HIS JOB

Assistant Postmaster Refuses To Be Routed by Republicans.

JUDGE JACKSON'S DECISION

Says Heads of Departments Under Civil Service Cannot Make Transfers.

THE BOSSES SAY COUPER WILL 60 ON 15TH

Every Effort Will Be Made To Ous the Present Incumbent-Postoffice Fight Is Ended.

Major Couper, assistant postmaster of Atlanta, has not resigned yet.

The republican leaders seem to be confident Major Couper will resign before Monday. They say if he does not resign, he will be forced out. They claim he has no right and should not try to hold his position under a postmaster who desires another for associate in office.

Major Couper remains as firm as Gibraltar and is relying on the civil service laws in the controversy. He calls attention to the decision of Judge John J. Jackson, a prominent West Virginia official, rendered several days ago, which, Major Couper states, will materially affect the fight in Atlanta in that the policy he is advocating is upheld to the letter.

Judge Jackson holds that transfer cannot without trial be made under the civil service law, because it is equivalent to a removal. He insists that the appointment of a man to a federal position under the civil service law gives him a right in equity to the place which he is not forced to surrender save for cause. He rules there is no doubt the civil service law is entirely constitutional.

Just what effect this decision will have on local political warfares cannot be told. Major Couper claims it is evidence that the stand he has taken in the matter is correct. The republican leaders, however, will probably ignore this decision, claiming it is not effective in Atlanta, and will continue their fight against the present in-

cumbent The relations between Major Smyth and Major Couper are perfectly friendly. The former is a republican and has certain obligations which he feels he ought to fill, and would of course rather have his (wn appointee in the office. He is waging no bitter war, however, against Major Couper.

There is absolutely no change in the position I have taken on the matter," said Major Ccuper yesterday afternoon, "I am not going to resign. Protected as I am by the civil service law, I expect to hold my position. The postmaster has a right to make an appointment when there is a vacancy. If Major Smyth were to ask for my resignation, I should refuse to comply.

Major Smyth is the authorized postmas ter of Atlanta and will take charge on the 15th instant.

PIONEERS ARE AT WORK.

Special Committees Will Meet To Arrange for Atlanta's Celebration.

The Ploneer Society, which is composed of those citizens of Atlanta who have been residing here for many years and who grew up with the city, is arranging for the celebration of Atlanta's fiftleth anni

It is the intention of the members of the society to make it the most imports celebration of its kind since the birth this city and to this end they have already begun to make their preparations.

was inaugurated time ago, but it was immediately seized upon as a good idea and it is now being supported by many of the leading citizens. A committee was appointed soon after the conception of the idea consisting of Messrs. J. C. Hendrix, chairman; W. L. Calhoun, Anthony Murphy, B. F. Walker

The work of this committee is to arrange all of the preliminary details for the celebration. At this meeting a set of resolutions was passed calling upon the mayor to appoint a committee from the council to co-operate with the committee appointed from the Pioneer Society. Alderman Frank P. Rice and Councilmen E. C. Peters and . J. Barnes were accordingly appointed by the mayor.

This was the committee as it originally stood, but it was deemed advisable to add a few representative citizens in order to make the working of the committee com-plete. Mayor C. A. Collier, Hon. Clark Howell, Hon. F. H. Richardson, Hon. W. H. Venable and Hon. T. A. Hammond were added to the committee under this

BER

W. Hunter St

Phone 523.

Wedding Presents problem, "What to olve wrinkles your

ne same question

f not only supply.

aid you in making

ch Cut Glassware

sual. Bargains of e rare with each

you are wise you

s would be 50 per

CO.,

WHOLESALE

ANTHRACITE.

BLACKSMITH

'Phone 1018.

MARIETTA :

able Building.

to some respons

ou with both.

A meeting of the entire committee will be held in the council chamber within the course of the next few days, when the movement will be commenced in earnest and the members will undertake the work before them. It is now that the work before them. It is more than probable that the committee will meet with a ready response from the citizens of Atlanta in the

It is not a wealthy concern, it is strong in patriotism. Meetings are held by the ploneers once every month and it is really a treat to attend one of their sessions.

JOHN FOX TONIGHT.

He Will Tell of the Cumberland Mountaineer as He Is.

Mr. John Fox, Jr., will appear at the Grand tonight as the Atlanta Lecture Association's second attraction of the season. He will describe the quaint Cumberland mountaineer as he is found in east Kentucky on his native soil, of which there is not an abundance. Harve and Rich and Nance and Abe are cleverly drawn pictures of an interesting people who do exist. To hear Mr. Fox is better even than to read his stories because he gives more of the peculiar flavor of his subjects when he

Mr. Fox has not been writing long, but in a year or two he has won an audience which most authors are years in attracting. When reading after Mr. Fox one knows that the type is faithfully presented.

The New York Critic says of him: "Mr. John Fox, Jr., seems to have hitched his wagon to a star, for each new story he turns out shows something of improve-ment. Mr. Fox has an artist's eye for local color: he knows his scene thoroughly, and has studied the strong and individual charecteristics of the people he depicts. His work is indubitably of the soil and worthy of it, and all Americans should be proud

Socially Mr. Fox is a good deal of a lion in New York, Washington, Louisville and all through the north and west. He has not been in this part of the south before, but being a Kentuckian from Bourbon county, of course he is at home here. There will be some brilliant theater par-ties out tonight in his honor

#### AT THE THEATERS.

The first of a series of matinees, especially for ladies, will be given this afternoon at the Lyceum. Manager Sharp has deter-mined to make amusement for the ladies a feature at the Lyccum in the future, and with this object in view, has decided upon the special matinees. This afternoon that ever popular opera, "Bohemian," will

There will be special scenery, an augmented orchestra and chysanthemums to add pleasure to the occasion. Every lady in the audience will be presented with a beautiful chrysanthemum with Miss Kirwin's compliments, and today's special matinee will be a brilliant one.

"A Southern Romance," which will be seen at the Grand on Friday evening and Saturday afternoon, is the title of B. B. Vallentine's dramatization of Dolly Hig-bee's beautiful story of entucky life, called "In God's Country." When the story appeared it was pronounced one of the most charming additions to literature produced in recent years and the best com-pliment that could be said to Mr. Valentine is the statement that he has lost none of the sweetness, daintiness and appealing charm of the story, while he has brought out fully all the fine dramatic points with rare skill and good taste. "A Southern Romarce" is a play good to Romance" is a play good to see, not once, but twice, thrice, half a dozen times. 11 is pure, elevating, wholesome and is withal intensely interesting and absorbing without ever descending to cheap trickery.

Daniel A. Kelly, the character comedian, supported by Miss Ella Shields and a competent company, will be the attraction all next week at the Columbia. Popular prices, 10, 20 and 20 cents, will prevail during the

For the opening bill a scenic drama entitled "Outcasts of a Great City," will be put on. This play has never been seen here at popular prices and it will be staged here with all the care and attention to de tails that marked its run of forty consecu-tive nights in Boston.

The Dog and Pony Show.

Professor Gentry's dog and pony show ontinues to delight large audiences at every performanc. Th big tent was filled at both shows yesterday.

McCORD-HALL.

Marriage of Mr. Joseph A. McCord and Miss Hall.

One of the most beautiful weddings of the season was that of Mr. Joseph A. McCord, of Atlanta, and Miss Ella Hall, of Warrenton, in Warrenton, yesterday afternoon. The ceremony was performed by Rev. R. F. Eaks, pastor of the Methodist church of that city. A large number of friends of the contracting parties witnessed the ceremony.

The ceremony was performed at the home of the bride's parents. The house was artistically decorated with palms and cut flowers, the effect being beaut.ful and artistic. The groom was accompanied by a party from Atlanta, and quite a number of distinguished people were present.

After the ceremony the happy couple left in a special car over the Georgia road for Atlanta, where they were tendered an informal reception at the residence of Dr. J. P. Rosser, brother-in-law of the groom, on Peachtree street. Mr. and Mrs. McCord will make their future home in Atlanta. The bride is the daughter of Dr. M. R. Hall, one of the most prominent physicians of Warrenton. She is noted for her many accomplishments, as well as many beautiful traits of character, and possesses all those attributes so necessary for the making of a noble wife.

Mr. McCord occupies the responsible po-sition of cashier of the Third National bank of Atlanta, and is one of this city's most prominent and successful business He is a man of sterling character and great business ability, and is held in high esteem by his friends.

Among those who attended the wedding were: Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Witham, of Atlanta; Mr. and Mrs. Henry Y. McCord, The Pioneer Society is an organization well known in the city. It is composed of the oldest citizens of this place, and while the oldest citizens of the oldest citizens of this place, and while the oldest citizens of the oldest citizens

### Look High, Low, Everywhere



But you will find Brown & Allen's prices the cheapest after all. No drug store in the south can show a more perfect stock or closer cut prices on everything reliable in the drug line.

TUESDAY SPECIALS.

Everything Else in Proportion.

A Quick Mail Order Service CAUTION—We are the agents of Huyler's Candy for Atlanta, and receive these dell-cious Bonbons and Chocolates fresh twice a week from New York. Don't be deceived with cheap substitutes! None so good as Huyler's!

Recent Action of the Board of Education Strongly Endorsed.

THE SUB-COMMITTEE'S REPORT

It Is to Determine as to Whose Special System Will Be Used-Much Interest Manifested.

A special committee of the board of ed-ucation is just now considering the merits of the several systems of vertical writing. It will be remembered that the regular board at its last meeting adopted the vertical system, but as to whose special sys tem should be used was referred to a sub-committee consisting of Hon. Hoke Smith, Colonel Hamilton Douglass, Mr. O. Pappen-heimer and Professor E. C. Merry. This committee will in all probability make its decision within the next new days. The one of the simplest and perhaps the most satisfactory. Its ease, grace and rapidity are strong points in its favor. It is not a mere form, but is characterized by a rapid

### WHISKY FIEND LOCKED UP NEWSBOYS FIGHT

Came To Take Keeley Cure and Lost

A PLAN TO BOB HIM ARRANGED

He Left Alexander City, Ala., with \$200 and Had \$60 Last Night. Was Wish of His Mother.

A. C. Walker was brought to the police barracks last night by Officer W. F. Whit-ney to keep him from being robbed. He was found in a house on Thompson street, with \$60 in his pocket, and his sup-posed friend who was with him, had ar-ranged to have him robbed of that amount. Walker came to Atlanta from Alexander City Ale and arrived here on last Fri-City, Ala., and arrived here on last Friday. He says that his mother gave him \$200 to come here and take the Keely cure 5200 to come here and take the Keely cure for the whisky habit. He is an inveterate drinker, and has wrecked his constitu-tion with the liquid. He did not go to the Keely institute

# Tell the time please.

movement, yet perfectly plain and pleasing. A prominent educator in speaking about the action of the board in adopting the vertical system says:
"Issue has been taken with the report of the penmanship committee of the school

"It is alleged that vertical writing is only another name for printing. Those making such a statement are certainly not acquainted with the one system which is founded upon a natural, graceful, con-tinuous, rolling movement of the hand and arm. 'Tis true that most publishers have not kept in mind that acceptable writing must not only be naturally graceful, but speedy. They have cone to the extreme in retaining the print form, but it is mani-festly unfair to sweepingly condemn all vertical writing without proper investiga-

oculists are based upon intelligent investigations and careful study of the facts and

barrooms one whom he thought to be his friend yesterday, and they went together to a house on Thompson street, in the

The supposed friend says he found Walker and was going with him to have some fun, but denies that he tried to rob him. They went together to the house, and one of the inmates told the officer that the friend had touched Walker for \$25 during the day, and he wanted to get some more before he left that place. The officer was notified and took both of the men in cus-

loons closed last night, so that he could not get any more whisky, and went to the Jackson hotel, where he said he would

Quarreled Over Spaniel. A liver colored spaniel dog caused the falling out of two families and the bring-

I shall be un Chicago ment Tuesday, and will call at your office Yours respectfully Percy V Black

Rapid Vertical Writing-Roudebush System.

conditions, and are not mere assertions. "The testimony of leading school super-intendents all over the United States and educators abroad who have tested both systems should stand for something, and ney say that children of all graces of ability learn the vertical more easily and more readily; therefore, it is more natural.

"The large majority of the best school systems have adopted it for the fellowing majority of the best school. systems have adopted it for the following

"It is more easily read; it is more easily learned; it is more rapid; it is more easily taught; it makes good writers of all; it rejuires no special talent on the part of

quires no special talent on the part of teacher or pupil, and it is best for the majority; hence, is best for all.

"The public want vertical, and the publishers have been forced to make it for them. From the standpoint of economy, they would have much preferred to continue the role of the slant books, which tinue the sale of the slant books, which they already had. "Everything points toward the final uni-

versal adoption of vertical writing." GRAND JURY MEETS FRIDAY. Murder of Officer Ponder Is To Be

Fully Investigated. The Fulton county grand jury has been called to meet Friday morning at 10 o'clock to take up the investigation of crimo'clock to take up the investigation of criminal cases. The official call was issued yesterday by Solicitor Hill, and was served upon the members of the jury.

One of the cases to be investigated will be the murder Officer Ponder, which has a contract of Steinau and his least the state of the cases to be investigated will be the murder Officer Ponder, which has a contract of Steinau and his least to the state of the case o

resulted in the arrest of Steinau and his clerks. This one case will doubtless require the undivided attention of the juors for the day, and some new evidence will be brought out at the investigation.

Mr Hills Will Recite.

Mr. L. P. Hills, Atlanta's poet-humorist, will give one of his enjoyable entertain-ments at 60½ North Broad street tomorow night for the benefit of the Central

Mr. Hills is one of the foremost enterainers of the south, and him inimitable dialect recitations are always greeted with much enthusiasm. tickets are only 25 cents, and indications point to a crowded

ouse.

The mission is doing a great work for the city, and is worthy of good patronage. Extensive improvements have been made of late, and the officials are in need of funds. The entertainment will be highly enjoyable.

Mathews's Successor Not Chosen.

The directors of the Young Men's Chrisgeneral secretary, whose resignation will take effect the first of the year. The country is being scoured for a good man, and several candidates are being considered. but it is probable a selection will not be made for some time.

WILL LECTURE ON THE SOUTH Plan of the Southern Railway To Advertise This Section.

Dr. A. G. Rogers, of Reading, Pa., will arrive in the city today from Birmingham. He comes for the purpose of securing information relative to the industries of Dr. Rogers is giving a series of lectures

throughout the north and east under the auspices of the Southern railway on the advantages and resources of the south. The Southern railway has inaugurated the idea of advertising the south in this manner, realizing that all that is needed to bring industries here is for people to know what the south is.

Dr. Rogers is an eloquent man and an entertaining speaker, and his tour will no doubt be of great benefit to this section. He will begin his lectures in Washington and Reading in the very near future.

Call from Box 14 The fire department, responded to a call from box 14 yesterday morning, and found the roof of the old Lawshe residence, on Peachtree, in fames. The quick response prevented much trouble, and besides the burning of a few shingles no other damage was done. It is supposed to have caught from a spark out of the chimney.

ing of both of them into Judge Form court. It was brought out in the evidence in the case that one of them named Wal pert owned a spaniel, and it disappeared. The South family, a short while after that, bought a spaniel from a negro. The Walperts claimed that the dog sold by the negro belonged to them, and they wanted it. The Souths refused to give it up, claiming that it was not their dog. The case was carried before Judge Foute, and he decided that it belonged to the Walperts and the property was given them. Mr. South may appeal the case.

# GEORGIA BONDS

Continued from Fifth Page.

right to say that I repudiate anything. I will not vote to avoid criticism."

Mr. Slaton, of Fulton, said that the state officer and the finance committee had said that the bonds should be paid. The state of Georgia should pay an honest debt whether to a man in New York or a Geor-

know I would accept the statement of the attorney general before that of my distin-guished friend from Lincoln," said Mr.

Slaton. Mr. Boifeuillet said in conclusion: "It has been stated on the floor of this house that all the past due indebtedness had been paid. The treasurer says these bonds are outstanding. These bonds have never been in the hands of Clews, It is a well-known fact that Clews did not net us agent for the state until 1870, and the bonds were bought in 1865 by the same

party who holds them today."

Mr. Boynton, of Calhaun, read the law which compels bondholders to register bonds and he asserted that these bonds Georgia cannot afford to have it pub-

"Georgia cannot afford to have it published forth to the world that she has repudiated an honest debt."

The vote on agreeing to the favorable report of the committee was ordered and Mr. Hogan called for the syes and nays, which call was sustained.

On the motion the vote was: Ayes, 59; nays, 74, and Mr. Boilfeuillet's bill was lost. He will ask for a reconsideration this morning. morning.
The house then adjourned.

# TO SELL PAPERS

A Lively Scrimmage Was Had on the Streets Yesterday.

IT RESEMBLED A SMALL RIOT

White Boys Want Negroes Confined To Shining Shoes.

POLICE DISPERSE THE DISTURBERS They Continue To Sell Their Papers However, and Say They Will

Fight No More.

A small race war is imminent between the white and the negro newsboys and it is thought that the opening battle was fought in Broad, Alabama, Marietta and Forsyth streets yesterday afternoon.

The issue has been growing among them for some time and for several days they have been having preliminary skirmishes The white boys do not think that the negroes should sell newspapers on the streets, but should confine their industry to the shining of shoes.

The colored boys disagree with them, and not only say that they have a right to sell papers and shine shoes, but that they will continue to do so and have for several afternoons insisted upon carrying out their intentions regardless of the edict of the white boys.

Yesterday the matter came to a definite issue and the wrath of the two sides could not be confined within the limits of their little breasts, but must come out through the instrumentality of sticks, rocks and other things that were in reach. Consewere in line of battle yesterday afternoon.

The firing was at fong distance, however, and little damage was done, but the d'sturbance was great and the excitemen greater among the people on the streets.
As a result several of the boys are in the police barracks, spent the night there last night and will be carried before the re-corder, this afternoon charged with disorderly conduct. They protest their in cence and say that they were just look-

A short time before 2 o'clock in the afternoon a few of the boys gathered near the office of The Journal, waiting to get the afternoon's edition. It was a mixed lot and no trouble at that time seemed ap-parent. In a short time more of them had gathered and they began to talk of the old

Words followed one another and in short time all of them were talking. The boys in telling of the difficulty do not know who made the first attack or how it was done, but they say that it was not long before the white boys and the negroes had separated and began to pick up available things for defense or attack as the case

Alabama and Broad streets and the white boys stood up Broad street when the fighting commenced. Both sides began to throw rocks and sticks. A number of bystanders were struck and some of them were searcely missed by the flying articles which filled the streets. The white hove advanced and the negroe

hall and there took their stand and the fight subsided for a short while. Councils of war were held when the police inter-fered and a lively chase followed. It resembled a vicious riot from the begin when a patrol wagon load of them appear d on the scene. The boys scattered in every direction and

some of them were chased as far as Mag-nolla street by the officers. No considerable damage was done. Some of the boys received knocks on the head that made the blood flow, but they got their papers and sold them as usual. The negroes sold papers as usual and both sides said they were too busy to fight after the papers

In telling of the trouble afterwards all of the boys denied that they were in it. They say they will not fight any more. It was the first real newsboys riot seen in At-

AFFIDAVIT FROM GOV. ELLERRE

Mr. Albert Howell Introduces Important Evidence in B. & B. Case.

The case of Bluenthal & Bickart against the Southern railway was called before Judge Pardee in the federal court yester-day morning. Mr. Albert Howell presented an affidavit from Governor Ellerbe, of South Carolina, in which the governor vigorously denies the charges of conspiracy made against him by the Bluthenthal & Blckart Campany.

The Southern's answer to the other charges, and another affidavit from J. M. Culp, were also filed. The answer is a plain statement of facts, taking the objections of the Bluthenthal & Bickart Company and answering them separately. The bills state that the l'quor firm is trying to coerce the Southern into a part-nership for the purpose of evading the state laws of South Carolina.

Sightseers at Barracks.

A party of sightseers visited the police barracks last night and went through all the departments, looking at the various things that the "finest" have for the pro-tection of the city. The party was com-posed of Lieutenant Hackney and Lieu-tenant Butts, of Fort McPherson; Major Wilcoxon and Captain Nash, of the Georgis militia; Mr. W. V. Varty, of The New York Journal, and Mr. W. H. Westmoreland.

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ELECTRIC BELT, famous the world over. No drugs, no ill effects, but simply nature's own remedy-

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DRAINS, NIGHT LOSSES, VARI COCELE, UNDEVELOPMENT, IMPO-TENCY and all results of YOUTH-FUL ERRORS speedily cured.

NO FREE MEDICINE SWINDLE OR C. O. D. FRAUD. Book, "Three Classes of Men," explaining all, sent, sealed, free. SANDEN, 826 Broadway, New York

# Remarkable Silk Offerings

Never has our Silk Department held such inducements to prudent buyers as it is doing now. A vast variety of strikingly interesting Silks are presented there for your thoughtful consideration. Come and see them; note their beauty, their lovely colorings and elegant textures. And then ask the prices. Their cheapness will surprise you.

There is a line of beautiful brocaded evening silks-exquisite blues and pinks and greens, etc.—that we are offering at less than half their value—for 30 cts.

Fancy striped silks for waists at 65 cts Black satin duchesse, 24 inches wide, for \$1.00.

Twenty-four-inch plaid velvets for \$1.50.

A large assortment in all the new plaids and stripes, 75, 80, 90c and \$1.00:

# Douglas & Davison



# Lea Derrins printed in BLUE, diagonally across the OUTSIDE wrapper of every bottle of LEA & PERRINS' SAUCE The Original and Genuine WORCESTERSHIRE, as a further pro-

Agents for the United States, JOHN DUNCAN'S SONS, N. Y.

MUSICAL EVENT OF THE SEASON Signor Randegger's Concert Will Be a Brilliant Event.

The concert of Signor Randegger, on the evening of December 9th, promises to be one of the musical events of the season. Some of Atlanta's leading artists will be on the programme and the concert will be highly artistic in every detail. One of the features will be the rendi-tion of Randegger's "Ave Maria." by Mrs. Charles Sheridan, accompanied by plano, cello and organ. Every one present will be given a handsome souvenir programme which will contain the picture of Signor Randegger and a short biographical sketch of all the composers of the evening's ren-ditions.

The railroads have allowed a rate of one and one-third fare for the round trip Large parties are being formed in severa ons of the state, and the concert wil nark an era in Atlanta's musical world. The participants are now rehearsing an much interest is being manifested.

Death of Mr. Edward Williams. Mr. Edward Williams, a well-known citi sen living on Longley avenue, died Tuesday night at his home of paralysis. The re-mains were interred in the cemetery at Sardis yesterday afternoon.

DAVIDSON BURNS TO DEATH. Young Charlotte Man Cremated in

Young Charlotte Man Cremated in a Burning Residence.
Charlotte, N. C.. November 10.—S. M. Davidson, son of Robert F. Davidson, of this city, was burned to death tonight at 7:15 o'clock at his home on Pine street.
There was no one in the house at the time the fire broke out. Just how he met his death is unknown. There are two tneories, one that he knocked the lamp over, setting fire to the bed on which he was lying, the other that he lay down with a lighted cigar in his mouth and fell asleep.

asleep.
His father, who is quite old, entered the house a few minutes after the flames burst out. He was burned about the head in trying to save his son.
The Davidsons are a prominent family in this section. They come of revolutionary stock and have many relatives in Georgia, Alabama and Florida.

Why Not See Delkin's FINE STOCK OF

ALL THE LEADING MAKES,

Not CHEAP Watches, but good Watches at low prices.

DELKIN'S

10 Peachtree St.

Mrs. Belle Black, Sylvania, Ga. Sylvania, Ga., November 10.—(Special.)—Mrs. Belle Black died at her home near Buck Creek this morning from an attack of appendicitis. An operation was performed but the disease was already too far advanced, and she never railled. She was a daughter of D. C. Bowle, of this county, and a woman highly esteemed by all who knew her. She leaves two sons, Julius and

### LONDON CAME HIGHER

Caused Stocks To Advance from One to Two Points.

#### NEWS WAS OF BULLISH NATURE

Was Realization in Last Half Hour and the Market Closed Irregular, but Fairly Steady.

New York, November 10 .- Prices of stocks today made very substantial recoveries toward the level which prevailed before the heavy declines of last Monday and toward the level which prevailed before the heavy declines of last Monday and Friday. The buying was strong and confident, and the upward course of prices, except in a few cases, was practically uninterrupted all day until some profit taking at the close brought recessions from the best prices. The factor of influence was the decision of the appellate division of the supreme court of Albany in the matter of the coal trust inquiry. Reports of this decision had it that the decree of the lower court, he revoking its own order compelling the coal trust presidents to appear before a referee had been affirmed. As the lower court, in revoking this order, had distinctly expressed its opinion that the so-called anti-trust law was unconstitutional, it was inferred that today's decision had also denied the constitutionality of the law. Apparently this inference was maintained in the stock market until the close of trading, authough the court distinctly disclains that it is passing upon the constitutionality of the law, as it is not necessary for the absolutely determination of the question before it. Hawever, the Wall street interpretation of the decision gave a very strong upward impetus to all stocks affected by the law. The coalers were most markedly affected as being the subject of the special suit under trial, and they showed gains extending to 3½ points in the case of Delaware and Hudson. Every industrial stock on the list was also sharply affected by this report, in view of the fact that the statute was understood to be directed against these great combinations of capital. Cotton Oil preferred was benefited to the extent of 4 points. Tobacco 3½. Sugar nearly 2 points and others to the extent of a point or over. But the strength of the market was by no points. Tobacco 33. Sugar nearly 2 points and others to the extent of a point or over. But the strength of the market was by no means confined to these stocks, though the general strength was in part due to sympathy with them. Much was made of the declaration by the Spanish prime minister as to the friendly intentions of his government tward this givernment, and of the report from Washington of the satisfaction which seemed to be felt by the president and members of the cabinet over the Spanish reply to United States Minister Woodford's note. The returns of railroad earnings for the first week of November showed a continuance of heavy traffic where the cotton movement is augmented by release from quarantine, and also in where the cotton movement is augmented by release from quarantine, and also in the west, where the falling off in the grain movement might cause declines in earnings. There, were quite extensive purchases in this market for London account of several international stocks; St. Paul, however, being sold for that account. The whole spirit of the tracing was distinctly bullish, and gains f a point or over are frequent throughout the list. Norfolk and Western preferred shows a net gain of 2½ and Lake Shore of 2 points.

The total sales of the day were under 400,000 shares, and over one-fourth of these were of Sugar, Burlington and St. Paul. In the bond market there was considerable activity, and prices advanced in sym-

ble activity, and prices advanced in sym-pathy with stocks. Total sales \$1,900,000. United States 4s coupon were advanced The total sales of stocks today were The total sales of stocks today were 297,500 shares including the following: Atchison preferred 5,178. Chesapeake and Ohio 6,015. Chicago, Burlington and Qu ncy 27,720. Louisville and Nashville 13,394. Manhattan 7,910. Missouri Pacific 10,404. Northern Pacific preferred 16,585, Reading 8,579. Rock Island 25,045, St. Paul 39,410, Southern railway preferred 5,385, Union Pacific trust receipts, second assessment paid 16,915, American Tobacoo 6,150, Bay State Gas 16,700. Chicago Gas 17,250, Sugar 65,340, Tenessee Coal and Iron 5,494, Chicago Great Western 8,755.

Money on call steady at 1½@2 per cent; last loan at 2 per cent; closed 1½@2 per cent; prime mercantile paper 3@4½ per cent.

Sterling exchange rather firmer with actual business in bankers' bills at \$4.8574.55% for demand and at \$4.82\\\ 24.82\\\ 24.82\\\ 24.82\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\\ 24.83\\

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| do preferred                   | 27%     | do preferred                  | 1395   |
| Paltimore & Ohio               | 127     | St. Paul & Omaha              | 763    |
| Canada Pacific                 | 81%     | do preferred                  | 140    |
| Canada Southern                | 53      | St. P. & M. M                 | 120    |
| Central Pacific                |         | Southern Pacific              | 193    |
| Chesppeake & Ohlo.             | 9:54    | Southern R'y                  | 93     |
| Chicago & Alton                | 158     | do preferred                  | 293    |
| C.B. & Q                       |         | Texas & Pacific               |        |
| Chi. & E III                   | 8014    | L'aisa Paris.                 | 213    |
| C.C. C. & St. L                | 041-    | Union Pacific                 |        |
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| Del. & Hudson                  | 110%    | do preferred                  | 173    |
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| do let preferred<br>Fort Wayne | 15%     |                               |        |
| do let preferred               | 36%     | Adams Express                 | 105    |
| Fort Wayne                     | 165     | American Express              | 110    |
| Great Northern pref            | 130     | United States                 | 40     |
| Hocking Valley                 | 5%      | Wells Fargo                   |        |
| Illinois Central               | 101     | MISCELLANEO                   | US.    |
| Lake Erie & West'n.            | 16      | A. Cot. Oil                   | 30     |
| do preferred                   | 41936   | do preferred                  | 753    |
| Lake Shore                     | 17136   | American Spirits              | 9      |
| Louisville & Nash              | 55%     | American Spirits              | 223    |
| Manhattan f                    | 9856    | Am. Tobacco                   | 794    |
| Met. Traction                  | 103     | do preferred                  | 110    |
| Michigan Centra!               | 162%    | Chicago Gas                   | 96     |
| Minn. & St. L                  | 2216    | Consolidated Gas              | 196    |
| do do 1st pref                 | 84      | C. C. Co                      | 175    |
| Missouri Pacific               | 98%     | Colo. F. & Iron               | 20%    |
| Mobile & Oble                  | 25      | do preferred                  | 73     |
| Mo., K. & T                    | 1314    | Gen Electric                  | 93     |
| do preferred                   | 9214    | Gen. Electric                 | 393    |
| Chicago, Ind. & L              |         | La Clede Gas                  |        |
| do preferred                   | 98      | Lead                          | 32%    |
| N. J Central                   | 8584    | do preferred                  | 100    |
| N. Y. Central                  | 10036   | Nat'l Lin. Oil                | 15%    |
| N. Y. Chi. & St. L             | 1314    | Pacine Mall                   | 30     |
| do dolst pref.                 | 71      | Pullman Palace                | 168    |
| do do 2d pref                  |         | Silver Certificates.          |        |
| Norfolk & West                 | 124     | Stnd. Rope & Twine            | 43     |
| North American Co.             |         |                               |        |
|                                |         | Sugar                         | 1324   |
| Northern Pacific               | 18      | do preferred                  | 111    |
| dopreferred                    | 521/2   | T. C. &1                      |        |
| Ontario & Western              | 19      | U.S. Leather                  | 7      |
| Ore. R. & Nav                  | 35      | do preferred                  | 60%    |
| Ore. Short Line                | 104     | U.S. Rubber                   | . 1654 |
| Pittsburg                      | 184     | do preferred<br>Western Union | 6534   |
| Reading                        | 21%     | Western Union                 | 87%    |
| Rock Island                    | 8536    | Northwestern                  | 1205   |

| leading                |       | Western Union          |      |
|------------------------|-------|------------------------|------|
| lock Island            |       | Northwestern           | 1209 |
| t. L. & S. F           | 436   |                        | 162  |
| do do pref             | 10    | C G. W                 | 13   |
|                        | BON   | VDS.                   |      |
| J. S. new 4s reg       | 127   | N. Y. Central 1sts     | 1185 |
| co conpon              | 127%  | N. J. Cent. 58         | 1124 |
| J.S. 4s                | 11216 | N. Carolina 6s         | 122  |
| do coupon              | 11334 | do 4s                  | 102  |
| do coupon do 2ds       | 98    | Northern Pac. 1sts .   | 115  |
| U. E. 5s reg           | 114   | do 3s                  | 584  |
| do 5s coupon           | 114   | do 4s                  | 914  |
| District 3 65s         | 139%  | N. Y. C. & St. L. 4s   | 104  |
| la. Class A            | 108   | Nor. & W. 88           | 1213 |
| do Class B             | 109   |                        | 1425 |
| Co Class C             | 100   | do deb. 5s             | 115% |
| do Currency            | 98    | Oregon Nav. 1sts       | 1111 |
| tchison 4s             | 86%   | do 4s                  | 93   |
| do adi. 4s             | 64    | O. S. Line 6s, t. r    | 1194 |
| do adj. 4s             | 108   | o. S. Line 5s, t. r    | 923  |
| an. Pac. 1sta          |       | O. Imp. 1sts. t.r      | 102  |
| hicago Torminals       | 45    | do 58, t. r            | 40   |
| & Ohio os              | 110%  | Pacitic 6s of '95      | 1024 |
| H. & D. 4 98           | 10456 | Reading 4s             | 834  |
| D. & R. G. 1sts        | 107   | RioGrande W. 1sts.     | 811  |
| D. & K. G. 48          | 8736  | St. L. & 1. M. Con. 55 | 83   |
| Cast Tenn. 1sts        | 109   | St. L. & S. F. Gen. 68 | 113  |
| Erie Gen. 4s           | 69    | St. Paul Consols 7s.   | 1364 |
| F. W. & D. 1sts, t. r. | 69    | St. P. C. & P. 1sts    | 1195 |
| len. Elec. 58          | 101%  | do 5s                  | 1165 |
| i. H. & S. A. 68,      | 104   | S. Caro. non-fund      | 1    |
| do 2ds                 | 102%  | Southern Ry os         | 91   |
| H. & T. Cent. 58       | 112   | Stn'd Rope & T. 6s.    | 603  |
| do con. 6s             | 103   | Tenn. new set 3s       | 854  |
| wa. C. 1sts            | 100   | Tex. Pac. L. G. 1sts.  | 95%  |
| ABIL F. COU. b. T      | 8676  | do Rg. 2nds            | 28   |
| K. Pac. 1st (Den.      |       | Union Pac. 1sts        | 1013 |
| div.) t. r             | 110   | U. P. D. & Gulf 1sts.  | 475  |
| .a. new consols. 4s.   | Bh    | Wab. 1st bs            | 105% |
| L. & N. Uni. 48        | 84%   | do 2ds                 | 78   |
| Missourl ds            | 100   | West Shore 4s          | 1094 |
| M. K. T. 2ds           | 60%   | Virginia centuries     | 663  |
| do 4s                  | 861/8 | go deferred            | 4    |
|                        |       |                        |      |

Paine, Murphy & Co.'s Stock Letter. Atlanta, November 10.—The stock market today enjoyed a sharp rally extending to 162 points, and in some instances even further. A number of favorable incidents encouraged the bulls and led to a free covering of shorts. Ing of shorts.

London prices came higher and arbitrage houses, after taking profits early, bought stocks back again before noon.

The decision reaffirming the judgment of the lower court that the so-called Lexow anti-trust law was unconstitutional was the occasion for a sharp advance in the Anthracite Coalers.

All the public had advices from Washington as to the formal declaration by the Spanish prime minister as to the friendly attitude of his government.

The bulls also laid stress upon the favorable returns of railroad earnings, the ease of money, the lifting of quarantine at the south and possibility of currency reform at the coming session of congress. In the last half hour realizations and a renewal of bear aggression caused a general reaction. The market closed irregular but fairly

Swanson & Co.'s Stock Letter. Atlanta, November 10.—The pacific tenor of all advices pertaining to Cuban affairs, combined with the favorable conditions abroad, indicated through the higher range of quotations from that center, encouraged traders at the opening of the stock market, and the start was made at general advences

liet, and the start was made at general advances.

A fair volume of business was accomplished, including the execution of increased orders by commission houses.

The improvement was general through the list, although it was most pronounced in the high-priced Coalers and some of the special issues, which included Lake Erie and Western. Pan Handle and Norfolk and Western. These shares showed gains of a point or over.

The undertone of the early speculation was strong. St. Paul, Kansas and Texas preferred, Sugar, Manhattan and Laclede Gas advanced & per cent.

Illinois Central was a shade lower, but soon recovered.

The Coalers assumed leadership of the market and on good buying rose sharply, the decision of the New York appellate division of the supreme court against the constitutionality of the anti-trust law being the motive of the buying.

constitutionality of the anti-trust law being the motive of the buying.

Lackawanna and Reading first preferred gained 2½, Illinois Central 2½, Delaware and Hudson 2½, and the balance of the group over a point.

Sugar and Manhattan ran off 1½ each later, and the advance in the list was checked, but only for a short time, after which the strength was resumed and prices again began to advance and fully recovered the losses, closing near the top price of the day.

| Opening. | High                                                                              | Low.                                                                   | Wednesday's<br>Closing Bi                                                                                                   | Tuestay's<br>Closing Bi                |
|----------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------|
| 12%      | 13                                                                                | 12                                                                     | 12                                                                                                                          | 1236                                   |
|          |                                                                                   |                                                                        |                                                                                                                             | 27                                     |
| 1324     |                                                                                   |                                                                        | 1324                                                                                                                        | 131%                                   |
|          |                                                                                   |                                                                        | 38%                                                                                                                         | 3214                                   |
|          |                                                                                   |                                                                        |                                                                                                                             | 93%                                    |
| 20%      | 240 38                                                                            | 80                                                                     |                                                                                                                             | 52%                                    |
| *****    | *****                                                                             | *****                                                                  |                                                                                                                             | 154                                    |
| ****     | ******                                                                            |                                                                        |                                                                                                                             | 15%                                    |
| 99       | 9914                                                                              | 201                                                                    |                                                                                                                             | 31%                                    |
|          |                                                                                   | 7012                                                                   |                                                                                                                             | 70%                                    |
|          |                                                                                   |                                                                        |                                                                                                                             | 84                                     |
| 0.58     | 8074                                                                              | 0.478                                                                  |                                                                                                                             | 168%                                   |
|          | *****                                                                             |                                                                        | 3234                                                                                                                        | 32                                     |
| 55       | 5534                                                                              | 54%                                                                    |                                                                                                                             | 844                                    |
|          |                                                                                   |                                                                        |                                                                                                                             | 27%                                    |
|          | 1314                                                                              |                                                                        | 1:396                                                                                                                       | 125                                    |
| 24%      | 251                                                                               | 2434                                                                   | 28%                                                                                                                         | 23%                                    |
| 119%     | 12113                                                                             | 119%                                                                   |                                                                                                                             | 110%                                   |
|          |                                                                                   |                                                                        |                                                                                                                             | 914                                    |
|          |                                                                                   |                                                                        |                                                                                                                             | 2856                                   |
|          |                                                                                   |                                                                        | 5230                                                                                                                        | 51%                                    |
| 106      |                                                                                   |                                                                        |                                                                                                                             | 10358                                  |
|          | 77                                                                                |                                                                        |                                                                                                                             | 75%                                    |
|          | 3016                                                                              |                                                                        |                                                                                                                             | 29%                                    |
|          | 44                                                                                |                                                                        |                                                                                                                             | 20%                                    |
|          |                                                                                   |                                                                        |                                                                                                                             | 914                                    |
| 92×      | 93                                                                                |                                                                        |                                                                                                                             | *20%                                   |
| 20 78    | 2179                                                                              | 20%                                                                    | 20 28                                                                                                                       | 195                                    |
| 971      | 971                                                                               | 888                                                                    |                                                                                                                             | 88%                                    |
|          |                                                                                   |                                                                        |                                                                                                                             | 874                                    |
|          |                                                                                   |                                                                        |                                                                                                                             | 60%                                    |
|          |                                                                                   |                                                                        |                                                                                                                             | 9754                                   |
|          | 12%<br>27%<br>13%<br>13%<br>93%<br>93%<br>93%<br>70%<br>84%<br>12%<br>24%<br>119% | 12% 13° 12° 12° 12° 12° 12° 12° 13° 13° 13° 13° 13° 13° 13° 13° 13° 13 | 12% 13 12 27% 27% 132% 133% 134% 133% 133% 133% 133% 133% 134% 33% 136% 32% 136% 32% 136% 136% 136% 136% 136% 136% 136% 136 | ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## |

Atlanta Clearing House Statement.

| Monday              | 1896.<br>\$328,421.17<br>241,937.23<br>337,154.37 |
|---------------------|---------------------------------------------------|
| Total\$1,117,988.29 | \$907,512.82                                      |

#### The Post's Financial Cable.

New York, November 10.—The Evening Post's London financial cablegram says: The speeches at the lord mayor's banquet last night had a good effect on stocks generally, and all the markets were strong today except Kaffirs.

Americans are stead by rising. There was a fair but cautious demand for them here. a fair but cautious demand for them here, and the close was practically at the best, with Union Pacific as the feature of

with Union Facilic as the strength.

Gold was in strong demand; £40,000 in eagles were sold by the Bank of England today, I understand, for the continent, but no one is quite sure.

The Indian government announces further suspension of weekly drawings for at least four weeks. at least four weeks.
Money is tighter. Probably nearly £1,000,000 has been borrowed from the bank, thus
conliming my former cables that the market would be more or less in the bank's

#### The Paris bourse was firm. LOCAL BONDS AND STOCKS.

7 he following are the bid and asked quotations

| STATE AND                                                               | COUNTY BONDS.                                                   |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------|
| Gn. 51/a, 27 to<br>'(years                                              | All'nta 4s 103\(\)\(\)\(\)\(\)\(\)\(\)\(\)\(\)\(\)\(\           |
| RAILE                                                                   | ROAD BONDS.                                                     |
| Ga. 48, 1910115<br>Ga. 48, 1922116<br>Ga. Puc. 1st118<br>C. C. & A. 1st | Atl'nta & Char<br>lst 7s, 1997119<br>co income 0s,<br>19901011/ |

| RAILROAD STOCKS                                                              |    |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----|
| Georgia 172 173 Aug. & Sav 93\( \) Southwestern 93\( \) 4 \( \) do deben 103 | 93 |
| INVESTMENT STOCKS.                                                           |    |

#### Provisions.

Atlanta, November 10—Clear ribs boxed aidea 51/6c clear sides 51/4; ice-cured bellies 8c. Sugar-cured bams 11@121/4c; California 71/4c; breakfast bacon 10@11c Lard. best quality 51/4c; second quality 51/4c; compound 54.

8t. Louis, November 10—Pork quiet; standard mess
new \$8.25; eld \$5.50. Lard lower; prime steam
\$4.10; choice \$4.12%. Bacon, boxedshoulders, 5.37%;
extra short clear sides \$5.37%; ribs \$5.62½; ahorts
\$5.87½. Dry sais meats, boxed shoulders \$5.26;
extra short clear sides \$5.00; ribs \$6.12½; shorts
\$5.25.

\$5.25.
Chicago, November 10—Pork \$7.40@7.45. Lard \$4.20. Short ribs sides, loose, \$4.45@4.85. Dry saited shoulders, boxed, \$4.87.5@5.00. Short clear sides, boxed, \$4.75@4.87.
Cincinnati, November 10—Flour steady. Wheat firm: No. 2 red \$2. Oorn firm: No. 2 red \$2. Oorn firm: No. 2 mixed 26, Oats quiet but firm: No. 2 mixed 21@21%. quiet but firm; No. 2 mixed 21@215;
Now York, November 10—Lard wea;; western steam
\$4.50; December \$4.50; refined easy, Pork dull;
mess \$8.50@0.25.
Cincinsatt, November 10—Lard quiet at \$4.20.
Bulk meats steady at \$4.85. Bacon quiet at \$6.10.

Swanson & Co.'s Grain Letter.

Atlanta, Ga., November 10.—A decided change in sentiment occurred in the wheat market Wednesday menning. The May delivery, which closed weak last night at 83% spit, started very strong at 90%@40% to day, with very free conveying by snorts, who were, however, supplied with all they wanted by holders. The advance of 13% weakness here, came in the nature of a surprise and upon investigation it developed that the strength abroad had been based on reported froats in Argentine, and the damage sustained was evidently considered quite serious. The Kentucky state crop report placed the acreage as on November 1st, at 30 per cent, the condition at 62 and estimated that 16 per cent of the crop will have to be resown. The government report tonight may drop the yield per acre, and this also caused some anxiety among the short contingent. New York reported a good export business, but it was not up to expectations. Northwest receipts were three times last year at 1,190 cars, against 411 cars. Last week 818 cars were received. After the opening flurry had subsided trading became quiet. May eased off to 80%c and reacted to 80%c. A halt was made at this point, but later a new scare developed in the short crowd, and immediately an advance to 91%c occurred. By 10 clock a recession to 90%c had ensued and in the last 15 minutes the market was practically stationary.

Corn was strong in sympathy with the advance in wheat. Considerable selling was accumulated at the higher level, but prices were sustained. Cables came ½a higher. Swanson & Co.'s Grain Letter.

Country Froduce.

Atlanta, November 10—Eggs 15@18. Butter, western creamery 20@23c: fascy Tennessee 15@20c: choice 12%c: Georgis 12%@15c. Live poultry turkeys 56@10c. hens 25@27%c: spring chickers. large 18@20c: small 12%@14c; ducks, puddle 17@20c; Peking 26@27%c. Irisi potatoes, per bushe 18@30c. Sweet potatoes 65@75c per bu. Honey, dull: strained 6@7c: in the comb 7@8c. Onions, new crop, 85o@\$1.00 per bu; \$2.25@2.50 per bbl.

Trunks and valless, like other goods, must be of honest quality and workmanship to be worth money. Shoddy goods cost some money and are worth nothing. Buy Foote's trunks and valless and get your money's worth. 17 East Alabama street.

Onetations Are Practically Unchanged from Close of Previous Day.

RECEIPTS ARE VERY HEAVY

Continental Mills Are Buying Freely Print Cloths Are Feeling Effect of Decline in Raw Material.

Official closing quotations for spot cot-Atlanta-Steady; middling 5 1-16c.

Liverpool—Demand good; middling 37-32d. New York—Quiet; middling 57/sc. New Orleans—Quiet and steady; middling Savannah-Quiet; middling 51/6c.

Galveston-Easy; middling 5%c. Norfolk—Quiet; middling 5%c.
Mobile—Dull; middling 5%c.
Memphis—Steady; middling 5%c.
Augusta—Quiet; middling 5 5-16 to 5%c. Charleston—Firm; middling 51/2c. Houston—Steady; middling 5 5-16c.

|                                                   | RECE                         | IPTS                      | SHIP                        | M'TS                       | STO                              | CK.                              |
|---------------------------------------------------|------------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
|                                                   | 1807                         | 1896                      | 1897                        | 1596                       | 1857                             | 1896                             |
| Faturday Monday Tuesday Wednesday Thursday Friday | 1890<br>2178<br>2832<br>1582 | 452<br>853<br>984<br>1198 | 762<br>2744<br>1850<br>2916 | 878<br>2680<br>1059<br>491 | 18867<br>18776<br>14258<br>12924 | 12751<br>10024<br>10844<br>11656 |
| Total                                             | 7986                         | 3487                      | 7792                        | 5103                       |                                  | 7                                |

New York, November 10.—By Associated Press: Cotton opened steady at an advance of 2@4 points, following much better early cables than looked for. After the early cables than looked for. After the first call our market gave way on indifirst call our market gave way on indications of heavier port receipts than estimated, while later English advices were less favorable than the early accounts. There was some investment buying during the forenoon, but the outside support was not up to expectations, and liquidation set in which caused a net loss of 1@3 points by noon. During the afternoon the market was quiet and without new feature, and closed steady net unchanged to 2 points lower. Total sales, futures 121,000 bales. The following were the closing questations for cot-

| MONTHS.                                     | Openinz. |                      |      | M.guest.             |      | Lowest               |         | Wedn'sday's<br>Closs             |      | Tuesday's                        |
|---------------------------------------------|----------|----------------------|------|----------------------|------|----------------------|---------|----------------------------------|------|----------------------------------|
| November<br>December<br>January<br>February | 5        | 83<br>84<br>87<br>71 | 8000 | 68<br>64<br>69<br>72 | 5555 | 56<br>57<br>62<br>67 | 5 6 5 5 | 58-60<br>59-61<br>65-66<br>69-70 | 5    | 60-61<br>60-61<br>65-66<br>69-71 |
| March                                       | 5 1      | 78<br>81<br>85<br>90 | 5555 | 77<br>82<br>86<br>91 | 5555 | 71<br>75<br>80<br>89 | 554:5   | 73-74<br>78-79<br>23-84<br>87-89 | 8000 | 74-75<br>78-80<br>83-84<br>87-89 |
| July                                        | 51       |                      | 5    | 94                   | 5    | 92                   | 8 5     | 91-93<br>95-97                   | 5    | 91-98                            |

Closed steady; sales 121,600 bales

|             | RECL   | CIPT'S | EXP    | RTS    | STC    | CKB    |
|-------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
|             | 1637   | 18:00  | 1807   | 1896   | 1897   | 1896   |
| Paterday    | 68759  | 87960  | 50197  | 21571  | 780926 | 110428 |
| Monday      | 68079  |        | 540#2  | 29783  | 793808 | 111585 |
| Tuesday     |        |        | 56530  |        | 80 885 | 109063 |
| Wednesday . | 74364  | 41424  | 86797  | 61928  | H28939 | 106489 |
| Thursday    |        |        |        | *****  |        | *****  |
| Friday      |        |        |        |        | ****   |        |
| Tetal       | 281500 | 178757 | 197468 | 180110 |        |        |

Rior an & Co.'s Cotton Letter.

Clesco steady: sales 42.600 bales

New York, November 10.—(Special.)—The snap shown by the co ton market yesterday afternoon disappeared today. An advance of 2-64d in Liverpool this norning was regarded as quite favorable, and the opening here was 2 to 4 points higher. The hears appeared to have gained fresh courage over night and immediately began to sell again the stuff that they had covered yesterday. Prices yielded at once, and until shortly before the close the undertone was decidedly soft. Receipts were quite full and the outside business was small. The bureau the outside business was small. The bureau report was delayed until Friday noon owing to lateness of returns from important sections. In the last fifteen minutes the execution of some large local and New Orleans buying orders turned the market firm again. January opened at 5.67, advanced to 5.69, declined to 5.62, rallied to 5.66 and closed at 5.656,566 with the tone of market steady. The feeling is still bearish, but less confidently so.

Southern Exchange Cotton Letter.

Atlanta, Ga., November 10.—The Liverpool opening did not show an encouraging response to the little boom of last evening at New Orleans, particularly after hours, and curb purchasers became free sellers, breaking the market at New Orleans to 5.28 for January, against the last evening curb price of 5.37. The market worked within a narrow range after the opening without special news or influences. Short sellers appear to be very cautious, and not inclined to hammer the market at present prices. There was a fairly good undertone throughout the day, and toward the close offerings were freely absorbed, causing a reaction to last evening's official closing prices. Spots are quoted quiet and steady with sales of 7,300 bales at New Orleans and liberal orders reporter in the market, since the official report for the day. The Atlantic markets are generally steady and unchanged except Charlesion and Wilmington, which are quoted 1-16c lower but firm. The bureau report has been deferred until Friday, owing to the delay in reports from some sections. It will bardly cut any figure, as the trade\_expect a large yield and a bullish report would not change their opinion. Southern Exchange Cotton Letter.

Atwood Violett, Lockwood & Co.'s Cotton Letfer.

New York, November 10.—There was a decided disposition here this morning to take the initiative for an advance believing Liverpool would follow. In their decining, the early buyers became sellers, forcing prices several points below last night. The improvement proved an artificial one, as there was not the necessary spot strength to make it permanent, with ficial one, as there was not the necessary spot strength to make it permanent, without which it is useless to attempt bull movements. Any further decline will probably be continuously resisted A decline of 20 points now means relatively much more than the same decline with cotton a cent or 2 cents higher. Evidently what is needed on this side is a Liverpool and continental support, which is as yet not forthcoming.

Paine, Murphy & Co.'s Cotton Letter.

Atlanta, November 10.—The cotton market opened this morning with a more cheerful feeling in evidence at from 2 to 4 points advance as compared with last evening, due chiefly to the advance in Liverpool of about 2-64d and a free demand there for spot cotton. The short interest showed signs of nervousness, and were disposed to cover outstanding contracts. There was also a fair demand for Liverpool account. This buying held the market steady for a while, but subsequently, when it was announced that the government report, which was expected today, would not be issued until Friday, a fresh selling movement developed which has resulted in a loss of the early gain and from 2 to 3 points additional. The frosts which were predicted for last evening did not materialize. The weather map showing frost only at Little Rock, Vicksburg and Atlanta. This also exerted an unfavorable influence upon prices. There has been some selling by commission houses, but the pressure has eased off considerably a compared with the past few days. Receipts, while free, are not likely to reach the figures anticipated earlier in the day, the official estimate being 67,000, vs. 59,350 last week, 41,424 last year and 55,073 in 1234. The inquiry for cotton from outside sources is gradually increasing, and as soon as the pressure selling movement has exhausted itself, and prices show more stability, there is likely to develop a decidedly more active market. It is now estimated that port receipts for the week will aggregate about 410,000 bales, against 365,000 in 1534. The amount coming Paine, Murphy & Co.'s Cotton Letter.

in sight for the week is estimated at 513,000, which is the same as in 1894. Therefore, the total amount in sight at the end of the week for the current season will doubtless be rather at the end of the week for the current season will doubtless be rather under the amount in sight for the same period in 1894, when the crop aggregated 9,900. Nevertheless there is some disposition on the part of the trade to increase crop estimates, doubtless based upon the theory that the movement is likely to increase considerable, owing to the fact that quarrantine restrictions have been entirely removed. Receipts at New Orleans tomorrow are estimated 13,000 to 17,000, against 10,689 last week and 14,216 lagt year. The trade continues bearish as of late. The Houston Post, in a recent issue, says editorially that there is nothing the south of the continues the says the sa week and 14.216 last year. The trade continues beartsh as of late. The Houston Post, in a recent issue, says editorially that there is nothing whatever in the movement or reports from railroads and other authenthic sources to indicate a crop in excess of 10.000,000 bales. The market during the early afternoon continued easy with considerable liquidation in progress for southern account. Toward the close, however, a firmer tone developed under substantial buying for Wall street account, as a result of which prices finally closed at practically last night's level with a very steady undertone. The southern spot markets with the exception of Wilmington and Charleston remain unchanged. The former shows a decline of % and the latter a decline of 1-16c. Spot quotations in the New York market remain unchanged. One of our Augusta correspondents submits receipts thus far this season in the Augusta and Wilmington territories to November 1st, and the totals show an increase as compared with the same time last year of only 4% per cent, which indicates that the yield in those territories is very little in excess of last season. The market closed very steady with a rather better feeling in evidence.

The Markets Reviewed.

The Markets Reviewed.

New York, November 10.—Stuart & Paddock, in their review of the market, say: London prices again came higher and the market here opened quite strong, generally well above yesterday's close. There was some hesitation in early dealings, but a favorable decision in the coal trust cases and further reassuring official statements regarding our relations with Spain, not to mention several railroad reports of earnings showing large fifterases, gave tone to the market and influenced traders to take the long side. The rise was quite sharp in the afternoon, and although profits were taken in some quarters on the buige, there was an all round better feeling and steady close. Notable advances were made in Omaha, Northern Pacific, Union Pacific, Northwest, St. Paul, Wabash, Louisville, Missouri Pacific, Manhattan, Southern Railway, Chesapeake and Ohio, Delaware and Hudson, Jersey Central, Reading, New York Central, Canada Southern, General Electric, Cleveland, Cincinnati, Chicago and St. Lou's, Tennessee Coal and Iron and Burlington. Sales were over 400.000 shares. Commission houses generally report good buying and advise investments. The cotton market was without feature and closed steady at unchanged to 2 points net declines for futures on sales of 12,600 bales. Low prices were made on the announcement that the government report would be withheld until Friday.

The wheat market opened at a sharp advance of the unexpected reports regarding damage by frost in the Argentine, a rise of 1%d in the Liverpool market and rumors that all firm fore gn offers last night were accepted. Foreign houses were moderate good buyers early. Traders expected to be generally short and hastened to cover The Kentucky crop was reported \$6,830,000 bushels, against 122,000,000 last year. At the advance trade was not active, and there was a little feeling of hesitation about buying on the Argentine reports. Rece pts were large. Exports were good. Corn opened firmer following the rise in wheat, and held the advance on reports o

Hubbard Bros. & Co.'s Cotton Letter. Hubbard Bros. & Co.'s Cotton Letter.

New York, November 10.—From the activity of the past two weeks the market has relapsed into comparative quiet. This is due to the long interest of a cent a pound higher having passed into other hands at the decline. These latter buyers now own an article below the cost of production and they are quite prepared to wait for the usual result. Locally and throughout the south the feeling is bearish, and lower naces are expected on the flood of receipts which many believe will follow the raising of the quarantine restrictions. It is an old adage, that markets decline but once a year from the same causes. A more confident short interest exists at the present time than it, any time this season. The continental mills continue to buy free-The continental mills continue to buy freely. Print cloths are feeling the effect of the decline in cotton, which has kept buyers of cotton goods out of the market. They watch the cotton market as closely as do the spinners.

The Liverpool and Port Markets. Liverpool, November 10-12:15 p. m.—Cotton. spet-business good: supply light: demand good with prices unchanged: middling unlands 3 7-32; sales 12:000 bales: American 11:156: meeslettee and export 1:000: receipts 21:000: American 20:900.

|                      | Obsu, &   | Close  |      |  |
|----------------------|-----------|--------|------|--|
| November             | 3 09-62   | 3 09   | Sell |  |
| Nevemberand December |           | 3 07   | Buy  |  |
| Decemberand January  | 3 07 64   | 8 17   |      |  |
| January and February | 3 07-64   | 3 07   |      |  |
| February and March   | 3 08-64   | 3 68   | Sell |  |
| March and April      | 3 09-64   | 3 09   |      |  |
| April and May        | **** **** | 3 10   | Buy  |  |
| May and June         | 3 12-64   | 3 11   | *    |  |
| June and July        | 3 13-64   | 3 12   | 61   |  |
| July and August      | 3 14-61   | 3 1314 | Sell |  |

Futures closed quiet and steady.

New York. November 10—cotton quiet; sales 1.818
bales: middling uplands 5%; middling galf 6%; net recelpts 1.74; gross 2.47; stock 70.640.

Galveston. November 10—Cotton easy; middling
5%; net receipts 20.642 bales; gross 20.042; sales
631; stock 222.609; exports to Great Britain 14.020;
constraise 2.917. constwise 2.917.

Norfolk. November 10—Cotton quiet; middlin # 5%: net receipts 3.246 bales; gross 3.246; sales 1.395; stock 83.216; exports to Great Britain. 545; constwise. 20 +67; to continent 602.

Eaftimore. November 10—Cotton nominal; middling 5%; netreceipts none bales; gross 849; sales none; stock 12.599.

stock 12.469.

Boston, November 10—Cotton quiet; middling 514; net receipts 2.512 bales; gross 9,915; sales none; stock none; to Great Britain, 1.666.

Wilmington, November 10—Cotton firm; middling 5 3-16; net receipts 1,919 bales; gross 1,919 sales none; stock 30.673. none: stock 30,873.
Philadelphia. November 10—Cotton quiet; middling 54; net receipts 598 bales; gross 598; sales none, stock 7,849. stock 7.849.

Savannab. November 10—Cotton quie; middling 514; net receipts 7.376 bales; gross 7.376; sales stock 181.756; exports so continent 9.750;

New Orleans. November 10—Cotton quiet and steady: middling 54; net receipts 14.118bales; gross 15.201; sales 3.000; stock 225.570 exports onstwise 441.

Mobile November 10—Cotton quiet and steady: middling 54; net receipts 14.118bales; gross 15.201; sales 3.000; stock 225.570 exports onstwise 441.

wise 441.

Mobile, November 10—Cotton dull; middling 5½; net receipts 1.889 bales; gross 1,988; sales 400; stock 16.745; coastwise 1.278. 16.746: coastwise 1.278.

Memphis, November 10 — Cotten steady: middling 541; net receipts 3.896 bales, gross, 3,910: sales 566; stock, 75.694.

Augusts, November 10 — Cotton quiet; middling 56-10; net receipts 1,349 bales; gross 2,036; sales 566; stock 41.667. Charleston, November 10—Cotton firm; middling 5½; net receipts 4\*936; gross 4,936; sales none; stock 65.967; coastwise 603. Houston, November 10 - Cotton stendy; middling 55-16; ust receipts 11,967 bales: gross 11.967; sales 711: stock 67,358.

GRAIN, PROVISIONS, ETC.

constitution office.
Atlanta, Ga., November 10, 1837.
Flour, Grain and Meal.

Flour, Grain and Meal.

Atlanta, November 10—Floor, first patent, \$3.10; second patent 5.00; straight 4.75; fairy 4.65; extra family 430. Cern, white 480; mixed 476. Oats, white 350; mixed 32c. Texas russiproof 380406. Hys. Georgia 85c. Hay, No. 1 timothy large bales 80c; small bales 75c; No. 2 timothy small bales 70c. Meal is in 46c; bolted 42c. Wheat bran, large sacks 72c; small sacks 80c. Shorts 355 Stock meal 80c. Oction seed meal 936 per 100 lbs; hols 880.50 per ton. Peas 00cg 81.25 per busnel, according to kind and patally. Grita \$2.50.

New York. November 10—Flour stronger. Wheat, spot firm: No. 2 red 99%; options opened strong and closed strong 1562c advance; May 93%; December 93c. Corn. spot firms: No. 2 33%; options openeds troffeer and closed 466%c higher: May 33%; December 93c. Corn. spot firms: No. 2 33%; options openeds troffeer and closed 466%c higher: May 33%; December 93c. Oats. spot firm: No. 2 25; options quiet: December 24%.

St. Louis, November 10—Flour weak. Wheat, spot higher: No. 2 red cash 876e9; December 974; bid: May 94. Corn. spot strong: No. 2 cash 25%; December 25%; G254; May 25%. Oats. 45pot firm: No. 2 cash 25%; December 25%; G254; May 25%.

Chicago, November 10—Flour easy. No. 2 spring wheat 5.7%; B. 8. No. 2 oats 25%; Co. 2 yellow 2054627% No. 2 oats 20%, No. 2 white 24; No. 3 white f. O. b. 22%6234; No. 2 red 936464. No. 2 oats 20%, No. 2 white 24; No. 3 white f. Oats. 2500 cr. 2 red 47%.

Naval Stores.

Savannah, November 10— Turpentine firm at 29; sales 693 casks: receipts 924 casks. Rosin firm; sales 1.382 bbls; receipts 4.112; A. B. C. D. St. 10; E \$1.15; F \$1.15; G \$1.20; H \$1.25; I \$1.40; K \$1.55; M \$1.30; N \$2.20; window glass \$2.45; water white \$2.35.

Charleston November 10—Turpentine firm at 274; sales none. Rosin firm: A. B. C. D. \$1.00 bid; E \$1.05 bid; F \$1.05; G \$1.10; H \$1.15; I \$1.30; K \$1.46; M \$1.70; N \$2.10; window glass \$2.35; water white \$2.75.

Wilmington, November 10—Rosia, dull; stratest \$1.15; god strateged \$1.20; receipts \$68 barrels. Sprits tarpentine steady at 47-22; receipts \$7 bbls. Crude turpentine steady at 47-22; receipts \$7 bbls. Crude turpentine steady at 1.05; receipts 67 bbls. Crude turpentine steady at 21.400\$1.50; receipts 68 bbls,

### WHEAT WAS STRONG

Weakness Lately Prevailing Disappeared Entirely Yesterday.

CABLES WERE VERY STRONG

Corn Firm and Higher-Oats Ad vanced 1-4c, but Provisions Dragged and Closed Lower.

Chicago, October 10.—Every trace of the weakness which has prevailed in the whea market lately disappeared today. Strong eables and reports of serious damages by frosts in Argentina caused a very substantial opening advance, which was added to the contraction of the contraction 

later by large export engagements, May closing at 2c advance. Corn was firm and \$\phi\phi\colong{\text{sol}}\text{cosing}\$ at 2c advance. Corn was firm and \$\phi\phi\colong{\text{sol}}\text{cosing}\$ at 2c advanced \( \text{cosing}\$ \text{cosing}\$ at 2c advanced \( \text{cosing}\$ \text{cosing}\$ and closed at small declines.

Wheat started with a 1\pmi\mathbb{\text{gol}}\text{value} and closed at small declines.

Wheat started with a 1\pmi\mathbb{\text{gol}}\text{value} accepted for May, opening trades, in that option ranging irom 90\pmi\text{to}\$ to 90\pmi\text{cosing}\$, with a somewhat excited demand existing at those figures The cause was the wifelly unexpected strength from Liverpool, where advances of 1\pmi\text{gol}\text{gol}\text{down}\$ and to a Buenos Ayres dispatch to The London Times stating that wheat and flax crops of 'Argentina had been severely injured by frost, Great efforts were made to discredit the frost news, but it was too well authenticated to be disbelieved. The only possible uncertainty connected with the matter was as to the short sellers. The opening price above mentioned attracted selling orders, but the demand was too sharp, and the opening figures seemed to be maintained. Much selling kept the price from going higher than the opening for about an hour, as there were shorts who refused to buy on the buige. The market sold down very gradually to 30\pmi\colong, then back and forth between these prices and 90\pmi\colong, but by noon was selling around 91c. In some respects the news was bearish, chiefly in connection with domestic receipts. Chicago had 10\pm cars inspected into store, against 40 a year ago. Minneapolis and Duluth got 1,119 cars, against 40 a year ago. Minneapolis and Duluth got 1,119 cars, against 40 a year ago. Minneapolis and Duluth got 1,120 cars, against 40 a year ago of the very seller by cable yesterday and the day before resulted in the largest sales effected in any previous similar time this season. This caused the strengthening of the market as the belittling of th

 
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December. 7.47½ 7.50 7.35 7.40
January ... 8.45 8.45 8.32½ 8.37½
Lard—
December. 4.17½ 4.20 4.12½ 4.15
January ... 4.30 4.32½ 4.27½ 4.30
Short Ribs—
December.

Receipts. Shipm'ts. .... 17,000 11,000 .... 260,000 108,000 Flour, barrels .. ... Corn, bushels. 390,000
Oats, bushels. 533,000
Ryc, bushels. 21,000
Barley, bushels. 201,000 Paine, Murphy & Co.'s Grain Letter.

Groceries.

Atlanta. November 10 -- Roasted comes \$11.60 per 100a cases. Green coffee choice 12: fair 11: primo 10. Sugar standard granulated Suc; New Orleans white 44: do yellow 45c. Sirip, New Orleans open kettle 25@40c: mixed 125@20c: sugar house 26@36c. Teas, back 30:@50c; groen 20:650c. Rice head 65;c: choice 55@66c. Sait. dairy saows 1.25;co bbis 2.25; lee cream 90c; common 65a Cheese, full cream 115, 212c. Matches 65 50c. 100s 1.30s 1.75; 300s 2.75. Soda boxes 65 Canzers, soda 54;: cream 7c; giogersnaps 7c. Candy common stice 6c; fully 122d. Oysters, F. W. 1.65; L. W. 1.20. Chicago, November 10 -- Sugar, out loaf 5.84 igrans. Chicago, November 10—Sugar, cut loaf 5.84; granuated 5.21.

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ary conditions. The kitchen is no longer to be considered a little dark corner of the house, wherever the architect may chose to place it, but an ample, well-ventilated apartment, conducive to the proper preparation of food and consistent with the "chemistry of food," another important factor in the science of household econo-

That the study of this science of the home is not inconsistent with women of higher education is made evident by the women fighting for it, since among those that have not only spoken, but published creditable articles on the subject of university education, are a number of the best housekeepers in the state. They may be recognized as women who are not theorists in the culinary art, but in clean kitch-ens capable of broiling steak and making better biscuits than the women who sit idly by and criticise their more active and

Within the W alls.

O Bertrand, I am dying, I, a nun, But life was not in cloister walls begun,

But midst the surging passions of the

Wrere life in myriad colors lies unfurled,

My years have passed in twilight monotone of kindly nuns and stern, unyielding stone. I lived alone.

In dying, twilight comes to every soul, All passion still, wherein God takes control. God will console.

And now as on dim journeying I start, Where life begins, where life must first de-

If in my face unmasked by death you see The love that needs must live, my love

The love that needs must live, my love to thee.

God gave it me.

Rebuke me not. Earth's love came next to Heaven.

My life thus forced on God was truly given,
Although hear: riven.

So once again I bid my love farewell,
As long ago in sunny Rosendell,
Now in my cell.
No tears, beloved one, as heretofore,
What God has taxen He will fain restore

-Alice Wardwell, in The Bookman.

"There is no country in which the women

pay so little attention to their kitchen affairs as in America," said Mrs. Gesine

Lemcke, a cooking expert, As Mrs.

Lemcke has had the opportunity of seeing

the management of kitchen affairs in Eu-

kitchen, her reflection upon our women

in their kitchers may not be without foun-

dation. Her observation, too, may throw some light on the troubles encountered in

the servant question, one which is paraunt in the domestic affairs of the coun-

ence of dyspepsia among the American

people and their nervous temperaments may

cheer and happiness of the home. Where-

es American women have an international

utation as excellent providers and grace-hostesses, it will be found that in many

cases the department of the kitchen is in the hands of well trained servants and

the lady of the house will boast that she has no cares, but leaves it all to the ser-vants. In other instances, especially in the large cities, the proficiency of cater-

ers and professional cooks render enter-tainment an easy matter. But in those cases where the means of the family will not admit of the luxury of the best trained

servants and the professional culinary

artists, the woman of the house is placed in the position where she must know some-thing about her kitchen and train her

servant, or else be a victim to the troubles

Lemcke when she observes that the Amer-

hould have been cooked. The new cook s discouraged at the messages probably conveyed to her by the butler and declares she can cook "as well as anybody," and that her work exactly suited "Mrs. Jones," her former mistress.

Then the madame finds fault with other

dishes, and so on, till the issue becomes one not bearable and a new cook is ap-plied for. This is repeated till the family complain of the irregularity of meals and

complain of the irregularity of meals and the continued change of cooks brings about a tiresome story on the part of the house-keeper "that good servants are so hard to Sad." It never seems to occur to her that

she should in a sense of the word introduce the new servant to the kitchen and before she ever hires a cook give the latter to understand exactly what should be expect-ed of her. If the family be one of in-dividual tastes this matter should be ex-

vidual tastes this matter should be exained at once to the new servant and not

plained at once to the new servant and not leave her to accomplish by chance just what may suit at the first meal prepared But the housekeeper's duties by no means end with their first introduction of the servant to the kitchen, but her appreciation of the recovery constant and or.

tion of the necessary cleanliness and or-der of her kitchen should prompt her regu-lar review of that department of her

It is here unnecessary to dwell upon the

necessity of a woman's understanding the culinary art, for the old fashioned woman and progressive woman agree alike that it they cannot "actually cook when required to do so" they should know all about the art and be in a position to properly direct it and impress their servants with the fact that imposition cannot be practiced.

ousehold as well as any other.

attributed to the lack of interest taken

has made a study in culinary art

Their Kitchens.

American Women and

rart.
Come thou, sweetheart.
iss the pale hands laid on my

By love reblessed.

Hon. George C. Thomas, of Athens, Ga. tomorrow morning on the subject of the bill pertaining to the admission of women The poor clay loved thee well, this let it in the state university.

Events of Today.

Today will be a busy one socially, as there will be a number of entertainments. This morning at 10:30 o'clock will occur the wedding of Miss Julia Lowry Clarke, the only drughter of the late Robert-Clarke, and Mr. John S. Cohen. The wedding is one of great social interest, as the bride has since her debut been a much admired member of Atlanta society, and a young woman of beauty and womanliness. Mr. Cohen is universally popular and making a brilliant success in his profession

of journalism.

The ceremony will be witnessed only by the relatives and intimate friends of the contracting parties. The bride's gown will be of exquisite white satin duchesse, and her maid of honor, Miss Maud, will also

wear white.
On their return from the north Mr. Cohen and his bride will be at the Aragon.

This faternoon Mrs. Charles Read, presi-

dent of the Atlanta Woman's Club, and Mrs. Lowe, the foundress, will give an elegant reception in the club rooms at the Grand. The occasion celebrates the sec-ond anniversary of the club and will be largely attended. and is at present studying the American

This afternoon Mrs. T. B. relder will give an elegant card party in honor of her sister, Mrs. Nelson. Progressive euchre will be played, and the prizes will be unique and elegant.

Tonight, the marriage of Miss Pendleton and Mr. Charles Nunnally occurs at the residence of the bride's parents, Judge and Mrs. John T. Pendleton. Rev. Dr. McDonald will perform the ceremony and the attendants will be Misses Nunnally, holm and Meador, and Messrs. Nunnally Brown, Hynds and Allen. After the wedding an elegant reception will be held and the young couple will go north for a

Tonight at the Aragon occurs the first euchre party of the series to be given by the ladies and gentlemen of the Aragon Euchre Club.

Concert for Sweet Charity.

The concert given last night at the Grand for the benefit of the Mobile destitute was a success from both an artistic and finan-cial standpoint. Nearly all of the musical embodied in the servant question. The truth is, analysis of the present trouble in regard to domestic help, especially cooks, lies in the very truth uttered by Mrs. Mrs. Leinkauf and Mr. Pearson, in their Lemcke when she observes that the American woman does not take the proper interest in her kitchen. To begin with, she hires a cook probably at the front door, and sending her to the kitchen, awaits a sample of her capacity as cook in the first meal served. The new cook naturally prepares the food just as she did for the family whom she previously served, and sends it to the table cooked, as she thinks, "well enough for anybody." Families in their captured the audience with his violin solo. In response to his first encore, he played with wonderful expression for a child "The Last Rose of Summer" and brought down the house. Master Dittler is a wonderful violinist for one of his age and gives wonderful promise of a brilliant future in the musical world. Following was the programme:

"Mrs. Jones" may not suit "Mrs. Smith." duet, "Love's Command," scored the hit

tasto are quite as individual as the members making them up, and what suited bers making them up, and what suited "Mrs. Smith."

A complaint is sent the new cook that she "must do better," that "the steak was too rare" and the potatoes not as they

A. Sumch.
Soprano solo—"The Maids of Cadis"—Delbes, Mrs. Fannie J. Leinkauf.
Violin solo—"Andante Caprice"—De Bertot, Master Herbert Dittler.
Contraito solo—"Penso"—Tosti, Mrs.
Charles O. Sheviden. Mayer.
Duo-"Love's Command"—Thomas, Mrs.
Leinkauf and Mr. Pearson.
Quartet—"Belia Figlia" (Rigoletto)—Verdi, Mesdames Leinkauf and Sheridan, and
Messrs. Harrison and Pearson.

The Bicycle Meet at

the Piedmont Club The beautiful weather yesterday after-tion highly favored the first meet of the leason of the Winter Wheel Club. The party began to assemble at the Erskine

party began to assemble at the Erskine fountain about 4 o'clock and presented a jaunty appearance.

The "run" was made by many to Brookwood, and then to the Piedmont Driving Club, where is the cozy and artistic apartments there was served an elegant unchaeon. The bright eyes and rosy cheeks of eon. The bright eyes and rosy cheeks of the fair wheel women enhanced their beau-ty and the appetites of all after the ride made the luncheon served more tempting and delicious. These meets of the wheel club should become even more popular than they are for one could secretary traceing they are, for one could scarcely imagine a mode of entertainment more wholesome and at the same time more delightful. The membership includes the belies and beaux fond of riding, and the young married peo The meets will occur weekly.

Burke-Lyndon.

Athens. Ga., November 10.—(Special.)—This evening at half-past 8 o'clock, at the First Methodist church, Rev. W. R. Foote, officiating, occurred the marriage of Mr. Thomas Alexander Burke and Miss Moselle Lyndon, daughter of Dr and Mrs. Edward S. Lyndon, of this city.

Cheves-Little.

Forsyth, Ga., November 10.—(Special.)—The marriage of Mr. W. T. Cheves and Miss Mamie Little, which cocurred yesterday afternoon at the res'dence of the bride's father, is a social event of interest to the people of Forsyth. The ceremony was per ormed by the Rev. E. K. Akin, and the ridal party left on the afternoon train. Mr. Cheves is the county surveyor of Moeroe county, and is a prominent young bus-iness man. He has many friends who congratulate him on winning so fair a prize. This is the second of eleven marriages which are set for the near future, and all are on the qui vive.

Spratling-Allen.

Columbus, Ga., November 10.—(Special.)-The wedding of Miss Mary Leila Allen, of this city, and Mr. Roper Colbert Sprat-tling, of Gold Hill, Ala., occurred this morning at St. Paul's Method st church and was quite an interesting social event. The bride is the accomplished daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Charles H. Allen and the groom is a prominent young planter. The attendants were: Miss Annie Champayne Miss Mary Moore, Miss Lucy Humber, Miss Sue Robinson and Miss Natalie Robinson, of Gold Hill. Miss Lula Allen, the sister of the bride, was bridesmaid. Dr. Palmer, of Opelika, was best man. The other attendants were: Mr. Cliff Hair, of Auburn; Professor Marion McCall and Mr. Lawrence Smith, of Opelika; Mr. Charles Morgan and Professor Albert Allen. Rev A. M. Wynn performed the ceremony. Quite a number of people from a distance were in attendance.

An Important Meeting.

Mrs. T. H. Martin, secretary of the Society of the Sheltering Arms, calls a meeting of that organization this morning at half-past 10 o'clock. The following ladies are urged to be present:

Mrs. Arkwright, Mrs. Jarnigan, Mrs. Barclay, Mrs. Barrow, Mrs. Biggers, Miss Colquitt, Mrs. Crew, Mrs. Drake, Mrs. Forrester, Miss Carrie Fowler, Mrs. Ben Hill, Mrs. George Howard, Mrs. Herrin, Mrs. Carlton, Mrs. Richmond, Miss Raines, Mrs. A. O. M. Gay, Mrs. Hemphill, Mrs. M. C. Morris, Mrs. Kime, Mrs. M. A. Morris, Mrs. Elkins, Mrs. Michael, M'ss Courtney, Mrs. M. L. Reynolds, Mrs. Ed McCandless, Mrs. Drury Powers, Mrs. Stovall, Mrs. Wellborn Hill, Mrs. James Hickey, Mrs. Z. Martin, Miss Merritt, Mrs. C. E. Knight, Mrs. A. B. Phillips, Mrs. Cloudman, Mrs. J. T. Lowry, Miss Simmons, Mrs. Gilbert Frasier, Mrs. Williams, Mrs. Peck, Mrs. A. J. Miller, Mrs. Naylor, Mrs. Carlton Miller, Mrs. Withman, Mrs. Cochrane, Mrs. Charles Northen, Mrs. D. C. Simms, Miss Lizzie Fowler, Misses Ernest and Shaw. Mrs. T. H. Martin, secretary.

Social Items.

The friends of Miss Lena Jackson will be delighted to learn she is in the city with her cousin, Mrs. Cox, at Mr. Ragan's, Miss Jackson has just returned from a delightful trip to Europe and will remain

The ladies of the Catholic church choir are carnestly requested to meet with Mrs. S. W. Dykeman on Thursday afternoon at 3 o'clock

The modern fiction section of the Atlanta Woman's Club held a delightful meeting yesterday afternoon.

Mrs. George Winship will entertain her fr ends at an elegant reception the 16th of Novamber.

Mrs. Thomas J. Hunter is visiting in her old home, Virginia.

Mr. and Mrs. Lew.s Beck will spend the latter part of the week with Mr. and Mrs. Edmond L. Tyler at their beautiful home, The Pines, in Anniston, Ala.

Miss Nell O'Donnelly will vis!t New York the latter part of the month.

Miss Wotton, a very charming young woman from Augusta, is the guest of Miss Nelle Loyd in West End.

The Norwegian dancers are requested to meet at the Gate C.ty Guard armory Thursday evening at 8 o'clock.

The friends of Mrs. John McCaslin will be delighted to learn she has recovered from her recent illness.

The "Kaffeeclatsch" given by the Ladles' Ald Society to the Hebrew orphans' home in the hall of the Young Men's Hebrew Association was a delightful occasior yesterday afternoon. Owing to the many entertainments on the social calendar of the day, M'ss Suste Harwood has postponed her card party that was to have been given this afternoon until Saturday afternoon.

The reception given by Mr. and Mrs. Block Tuesday has been pronounced one of the most elegant ever given in Atlanta. Several hundred guesis were in attendance, and the toilets worn by the many beautiful women present were exceptionally handsome.

Mrs. R. S. Mitchell calls a meeting of the ladies' auxiliary of the Young Men's Christian Association in the parlors at the Young Men's Christian Association build-inf for tomorrow afternoon at 3 o'clock. Important bus'ness will be transacted, and after the sess on a reception and ladies' lunch will be tendered the members of the organization.

The Atlanta Woman's Club will attend the speaking of Professor Boggs at the capitol tonight. The chancellor of the state university will deliver his address beginning at 7:30 o'clock. The ladies will march to the capitol in a body, several hundred in number. Dr. Boggs will speak for the admission of women into the state university.

Newborn, Ga., November 10.—(Special.)—
The staid and sober-minded denizens of our quiet village received a real stir on yesterday by the brilliance of the assembly congregated at the beautiful residence of Mr. and Mrs. John L. Pitts, where a reception and dining was given to the friends and visitors of the family, in honor of the approaching marriage of their beautiful and accomplished daughter, Sadle, to Mr. H. H. Gray, of Barnesville.

The marriage occurred this morning at 9 o'clock. It was a beautiful ceremony, pronounced by the Rev. Mr. Bush, president of the Andrew Female college.

The attendants were Misses Ailene Pitts, sister of the bride; Nannette Carter, Mabelle Davis and Maggie Gunn, of Macon; Foncle Candler, Oxford, and May Childs, Newborn; and the Messrs. Reld Hunt, F. Stevenson, Robert Homes, Dr. W. W. Cox and Mr. Turner, all of Barnesville.

The statements of those who have been cured by Hood's Sarsaparilla prove the great merit of this medicine. Get only Hood's

Blacksmith Coal.

The St. Clair blacksmith coal is guaranteed the best shop eal on the market. Price reasonable. Mined and shipped by the Ragiand Coal Co., Ragland, Ala.

SUIT FOR CASSIN'S BOND. Bill Was Filed Yesterday by Governor

Atkinson in Behalf of State. Atkinson in Benair of State.

A bill was filed in the superior court yesterday in which Governor William Y. Atkinson is the plaintiff and Harry Cassin and F. M. Coker, Jr., are the defendants. The bill was brought by Attorney General Terrell, representing the state of Georgia. The petition declares that Harry A. Cassin was convicted by the grand jury and s'n was convicted by the grand jury and released under a bond of \$10,000, which released under a bond of \$10,000, which was given to secure his appearance in the superior criminal court when his trial should be reached. It set forth the fact that when the trial came up Cassin was not present in the courtroom, and that no excuse was shown as to his absence. The petition asks that Cassin be present, either by his bondsman or attorney, to show cause why he was not present in court and why the bond should not be collected and pad to the state. The case will come up between now and the next term of the court, and if no good excuse is shown, a judgment will be taken against the bondsman.



CHEAP CLOTHES-

"Cheap" is the one argument advanced by four-fifths of those who is literally flooded with so-called "Custom Made" Clothes, backed up by advertising which is an insult to the inteltempted by such offers, which your common sense tells you will never be

We sell the BEST-Clothes, Hats, Furnishings—at the LOWEST of low ing short of THIS sort, then let us deal

"One Price"-Plain Figures.

# Dressed

Some sensible seasonable suggestions on dresses and dressing. In the October PURITAN.

so cents at all news-stands, \$1.00 a year. Frank A. Munsey, New York. BORN SENSON SENS

Important to Visitors!

If any of the visitors in Atlanta will kindly call at our store, No. 31 Whitehall street, and leave their address, we will mail them a copy of our new sterling silver novelty catalogue in the course of a week or ten days. This opportunity costs you nothing, and will save you many dollars on your holiday pur-

MAIER & BERKELE, Jewelers.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—Ordinary's Office, November 10, 1897. Jefferson D. Dunwoody has applied for letters of guardianship of the person and property of John Dunwoody, an insans person. This is, therefore, to notify all concerned that the same will be heard and letters granted therein a the first Monday in December.

next.

W. H. HULSEY, Ordinary.

novil, 18, 25, dec2—thur

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—Ordinary's Office, November 10, 1897. Hinton J. Hopkins, administrator on estate of Mary R. Hopkins, deceased, has applied for leave to sell the land of said deceased. This is, therefore, to norify all concerned to file their objections, if any they have, on or before the first Monday in December next, else leave will then be granted said applicant, as applied for.

W. H. HULSEY, Ordinary.

novil, 18, 25; dec2—thur

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—Ordinary's Office, November 10, 1897. J. G. West, cdm.inistrator on estate of isabelle D. West, deceased, hus applied for leave to sell the land of said deceased. This is, therefore, to notify all concerned to file their objections, if any they have, on or before the first Monday in December next, else leave will then be granted said applicant, as applied for.

W. H. HULSEY, Ordinary.

novil, 18, 25; dec2—thur

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—Ordinary's Office, November 10, 1897. Julia Dugger, guardian of Hennie Dugger, minor, has applied for leave to sell the land of said ninor. This is, therefore, to notify all concerned to file their objections, if any they have, on or before the first Monday in December next, else leave will then be granted said applicant, as applied for.

W. H. HULSEY, Ordinary.

novil, 18, 25; dec2—thur

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—Ordinary.

novil, 18, 25; dec2—thur

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—Ordinary. next.

W. H. HULSEY, Ordinary.
nov11, 18, 25; dec2—thur

novil, 18, 25; dec2—thur

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—Ordinary's Office, November 10, 1897. Wesley Darden, guardian of Charlie, George, Clemmie, Henry and Mamie Darden, minors, has applied for leave to sell interest in land of said minors. This is, therefore, to notify all concerned to file their objections, if any they have, on or before first Monday in December next, else leave will then be granted said applicant, as applied for.

N. H. HULSEY, Ordinary.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—Ordinary's Office, November 10, 1897. Susan M. Deans has applied for letters of administration on the estate of Wiley B. Deans, deceased. This is, therefore, to notify all concerned that the same will be beard on the first Monday in December next.

W. H. HULSEY, Ordinary.

novil, 18, 25; dec2—thur

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—Ordinary.

the first Monday in December next.

nov11, 18, 25; dec2-thur

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY-Ordinary's Office, November 10, 1897. Hulbert H.
Bussey has applied for letters of administration on the estate of Mary C. French, deceased. This is, therefore, to notify all concerned that the same will be heard on the first Monday in December next.

W. H. HULSEY, Ordinary.

nov11, 18, 25; dec2-thur

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY-Court of Ordinary, Chambers, November 19, 1897. The appraisers appointed upon application of Anna Beermann, widow of Charles Beermann, for a second twelve months' support for herself and minor child, having filed their return, all persons concerned are hereby cited to show cause, if any they have, at the next December term of this court, why said application should not be granted. IA. W. 4W. W. H. HULSEY, Ordinary.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY-Ordinary's Office, November 10, 1897. Earle Price has applied for letters of guardianship of the property of Pinkie Price, minor, under the age of fourteen years. This is, therefore, to motify all concerned that the same will be heard and letters granted therein on the first Monday in December next.

W. H. HULSEY, Ordinary.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY-Ordinary's Office, November 10, 1897. Earle Price has applied for letters of guardianship of the property of Pinkie Price, minor, under the age of fourteen years. This is, therefore, to motify all concerned to file therein on the first Monday in December next.

W. H. HULSEY, Ordinary.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY-Ordinary's Office, November 10, 1897. John Terrell, executor of the will of Ledrew R. Hooper, deceased, has applied for leave to sell the land of said deceased. This is, therefore, to notify all concerned to file their objections, if any they have, on or before the first Monday in December next, else leave will then be granted and applicant, as applied for.

W. H. HULSEY, Ordinary.



want to sell you clothes. The market igence of the community. Don't be

orices. If you are satisfied with noth-

EISEMAN & WEIL, 3 Whitehall Street.

> MATINEE 250 WILBUR OPERA COMPANY **THE**

> > **BOHEMIAN GIRL** Miss Kirwin will present to every lady a Chrysanthemum with her

> > compliments. SAME OPERA BALANCE OF THE WEEK

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—Ordinary's Office, November 10, 1897. Mrs. S. E. Ozburn and Charles E. Adams, administratrix and administrator of the estate of Seaborn K. Ozburn, deceased, represent that they have fully discharged the duties of their said trust, and pray for letters of dismission. This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned, to show cause, if any they can, on or before the first Monday in February next, why said administratrix and administrator should not be discharged from said trusts.

W. H. HULSEY, Ordinary.

nov11-3m-thur GEORGIA, FULITON COUNTY—Court of Ordinary, Chambers, November 10, 1897. The appraisers appointed upon application of Isabella Gunn, widow of John Gunn, for a twelve months' support for herself, having filed their return, all persons concerned are hereby cited to show cause, if any they have, at the next December term of this court, why said application should not be granted. 1A. W. 4W.

W. H. HULSEY, Ordinary.

novil, 18, 25; dec2—thur

GEORGIA, FULITON COUNTY—Ordinary's office, November 10, 1897. Martha L. Hardwick and Thomas A. Ward, administrator of estate of John W. Hardwick, deceased, represent that they have fully discharged the duties of their said trust, and pray for letters of dismission. This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned, to show cause, if any they can, on or before the first Monday in February of the control of can, on or before the first Monday in reary next, why said administratrix and administrator should not be discharged from said trusts.

W. H. HULSEY, Ordinary.

administrator should not be discharged from said trusts.

W. H. HULSEY, Ordinary.

nov11—3m—thur

GEORGIA, FULITON COUNTY—Ordinary's Office, November 10, 1897. Mary J. Alexander, guardian of George W. Alexander, minor, represents that she has fully discharged the duties of her said trust, and prays for letters of dismission. This is therefore, to notify all persons concerned, to show cause, if any they can, on or before the first Monday in December next, why said guardian should not be discharged from said trust.

nov11, 18, 25; dec2—thur

GEORGIA, FULITON COUNTY—Ordinary's Office, November 10, 1897. William C. White, administrator of estate of William Hargrove White, deceased, represents that he has fully discharged the duties of his said trust and prays for letters of dismission. This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned, to show cause, if any they can, on or before the first Monday in February next, why said administrator should not be discharged from said trust.

W. H. HULSEY, Ordinary.

nov11—3m—thur

GEORGIA, FULITON COUNTY—Ordinary's Office, November 10, 1897. John N. Malone has applied for letters of administration on the estate of Mary A. Malone, deceased. This is, therefore, to notify all concerned that the same will be heard on the first Monday in December next.

Nov11, 18, 25; dec2—thur

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—Ordinary's Office, November 10, 1897. James L. Hull has applied for letters of administration on the estate of Henry Wright, deceased. This is, therefore, to notify all concerned that the same will be heard on the first Monday in December next.

W. H. HULSEY, Ordinary.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—Ordinary's Office, November 10, 1897. James L. Hull has applied for letters of administration on the estate of Henry Wright, deceased. This is, therefore, to notify all concerned that the same will be heard on the first Monday in December next.

W. H. HULSEY, Ordinary.

novil, 18, 25; dec2—thur

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—Ordinary's Office, November 10, 1897. David N. Freeman has applied for letters of administration on the estate of Amenda N. Freeman, deceased. This is, therefore, to notify all concerned that the same will be heard on the first Monday in December next.

W. H. HULSEY, Ordinary, novil, 18, 25; dec2—thur

novil, 18, 25: dec2-thur

GEORGIA. FULTON COUNTY-Ordinary's Office. November 10. 1897. Blanche G. Caldwell has applied for letters of administration on the estate of Arthur B. Caldwell, deceased. This is, therefore, to notify all concerned that the same will be heard on the first Monday in December next.

W. H. HULSEY, Ordinary.

GEORGIA. FULTON COUNTY-Ordinary's Office, November 10. 1897. Edward Wilson has applied for letters of administration on the estate of Benjamin J. Wilson, deceased. This is, therefore, to notify all concerned that the same will be heard on the first Monday in December next.

novil, 18, 25; dec2-thur

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY-Ordinary.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY-Ordinary.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY-Ordinary's Office, November 10, 1897. Thomas Goosby has applied for letters of administration de bonis non on the estate of John H. Mabry, deceased. This is, therefore, to notify all concerned that the same will be heard on the first Monday in December next.

novil, 18, 25; dec2—thur

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—Ordinary's Office, November 10, 1897. Notice is hereby given to all concerned that Martha Sims, late of said county, died intestate, and no person has applied for administration on the estate of said deceased, and that administration will be vested in the county administrator, or some other fit and proper person, on the first Monday in December next, unless valid objection is made thereto.

# **MUSE'S NEWS**

ATLANTA, THURSDAY, NOV. 11, 1897.

We are approaching Winter. The promise of cold weather makes the store pulse a-new. Sales are the test of progress in retailing. Our business stands the test. In spite of lower prices and an extended period of weather unfavorable to retail trade, we have total figures of goods sold to date very much larger than any former Autumn. We have an honest pride in making the statement. Public appreciation has secured the success. But unmerited success never comes in business, and the results are merely responsive to earnest and prodigious efforts.

# GEORGE MUSE CLOTHING CO

38 WHITEHALL STREET . . .

"IN GOD'S COUNTRY."

SOUTHERN ROMANCE

Beautiful scenery and great cast.
Entire production direct from Fifth Avenue Theater, New York.
Sale opens Wednesday at Grand box office. 'Phone 1079.

THE GRAND.

THE Second Entertainment under the auspices of the Atlanta Lecture Association will be given

THURSDAY, Nov. 11 MR. JOHN FOX,

The Famous Novelist and Dialec-

tician. Thos. Nelson Page and J. Whitcomb Riley say that Mr. Fox has no superior in this country as an interperter of character and entertainer. Box office now open. nov9-3t

REMOVAL LAND CORPORATION

23½ Marietta Street

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY-Ordinary's Office, November 10, 1897. Notice is hereby given to all concerned that Charles Steed, late of said county, died intestate, and no person has applied for administra-tion on the estate of said deceased, and that administration will be vested in the county administrator, or some other fit and proper person, on the first Monday in De-cember next, unless valid objection is made thereto.

novil, 18, 25; dec2-thur\_

novil, 18, 25; dec2-thur

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—Ordinary's Office, September 8, 1897.—Clement R. Harris, administrator, etc., of estate of Nathan O. Harris, deceased, represents that he has fully discharged the duties of his said trust, and prays for letters of dismission. This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned, to show cause, if any they can, on or before the first Monday in December next, why said administrator should not be discharged from said trust.

W. H. HULSEY, Ordinary.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—Ordinary's Office, September 8, 187.—Samuel D. Rambo, administrator of the estate of William M. Jones, deceased, represents that he has fully discharged the duties of his said trust, and prays for letters of dismission. This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned, to show cause, if any they can, on or before the first Monday in December next, why said administrator should not be discharged from said trust.

W. H. HULSEY, Ordinary. sept9-3m-thu

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—Ordinary's Office, September 8, 187.—Julius H. Kuhns, administrator of estate of Jesse W. Nealy, represents that he has fully discharged the duties of his said trust, and prays for letters of dismission. This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned, to show cause, if any they can, on or before the first Monday in December next, why said administrator should not be discharged from said trust.

W. H. HULSEY, Ordinary. sept9-3m-thu

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—Ordinary's Office, September 8, 1897.—Samuel D. Rambo, administrator, etc., of the estate of Mary F. Jones, deceased, represents that he has fully discharged the duties of his said trust, and prays for letters of dismission. This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned, to show cause, if any they can, on or before the first Monday in December next, why said administrator should not be discharged from said trust.

W. H. HULSEY, Ordinary.

GEORGIA, FULITON COUNTY.—Ordinary's Office, October 6, 1897.—George Ware, administrator of the estate of Patrick P. McMahon, deceased, represents that he has fully discharged the duties of his said trust, and prays for letters of dismission. This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned, to show cause, if any they can, on or before the first Monday in January next, why said administrator should not be discharged from said trust.

W. H. HULSEY, Ordmary.

GEORGIA FULTON COUNTY.—Ordinary in the cotter of the cotte

oct 8-3m thurs

GEORGIA. FULTON COUNTY.—Ordinary's Office, September 8, 1897.—John B. Jett,
administrator of the estate of A. W. Jett,
deceased, represents that he has fully discharged the duties of his said trust. and
prays for letters of dismission. This is,
therefore, to notify all persons concerned,
to show cause, if any they can, on or before the first Monday in December next,
why said administrator should not be discharged from said trust.

W. H. HULSEY, Ordinary.
sept3-3m-thu

TERRALINE

use. Their cleanliness and number should really be in accordance with the amount of china and silverware in the dining room, china and silverware in the dining room, and the housekeeper is not a good one who does not see that her kitchen furnishings are consistent with those of her entire house. house.
It is rather strange that the idea of woman's progresslyeness should be considered as opposed to domesticity, for one of the principal studies pursued in the women's clubs of the day and one adopted by many progresslye.

clubs of the day and one adopted by many progressive women not in clubs is that of household economics. It makes the subject of the household in every sense one of scientific importance and studied as a system becomes the most practical study of the day for women.

Having reached this dignity and being included now in the curriculum of the up to date female school there is reason to hope that the American women will not be lacking in their knowledge of their kitchens, but lead in that as in everything else.

As women are the architects of their homes in the living sense, they may become so in the actual sense. The study of household economics embraces an outline it architecture that capacitates the student to appreciate the best mode of plumb-

Diamonds, Watches. Silverware, Cut Glass, **Wedding Presents** J.P. Stevens & Bro. 7-9 W. AlabamaSt.

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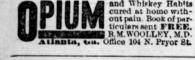
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b. & b.

wholesale whiskies.

atlanta, ga.,

empty barrels for sale.



Cures to Stay Cured.

Thousands of voluntary certificates received during the past fifteen years certify with no uncertain sound that Botanic Blood Balm (B. B. B.) will cure to stay cured Rheumatism. Catarrh, Ulcers, Sores, Blotches, and the most malignant blood and skin diseases. Botanic Blood Balm is the result of forty years' experience of an eminent, scientific and conscientious physician. Send stamp for book of wonderful cures, and learn which is the best remedy. Beware of substitutes said to be "just as good" and buy the long-tested and old reliable Botanic Blood Balm (B. B. B.) Price only \$1\$. per large bottle.

able Botanic Blood Balm (B. B. B.) Price only \$1 per large bottle.

EFFECTED AN ENTIRE CURE.

For over two years I have been a great sufferer from Rheumatism, affecting both shoulders to such an extent that I could not put my coat on without help. The use of six bottles of Botanic Blood Balm, B. B. B., effected an entire cure. I refer to Rev. W. W. Wadsworth, proprietor Coweta Advertiser, and to all merchants of Newman.

JACOB F. SPONCLER,

For sale by druggists. Newnan, Ga.

### The.... Blood Isthe Life!

health. Thousands suffer with impure blood. Thousands who are afflicted could be cured by taking Africana, the only posi-

AFRICANA cures Rheumatism of long

AFRICANA cures Scrofula. AFRICANA cures Syphilis. AFRICANA cures Constipation.

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### COMPETITION IN A CONVICT LEASE

Representative Stone Believes That This Solves the Problem.

HIS BILL TELLS THE STORY Embodies the Principal Features of

the Alabama Law. NO CHANGE IN THE ADMINISTRATION

Favors the Old Lease Plan, Except That Children and Old People Will Be Put on a Farm.

Following is the convict bill introduced by Representative C. A. Stone, of Walton unty. The princ pal feature of the bill is that which provides for the lease of the onvicts in squads rather than as a whole 'I embodied this feature in the measure,' said Mr. Stone yesterday, "In order to prevent a monopoly in the lease of the convicts. By bringing about competition in bidding, the state will realize much more for the lease of the convicts than if it provides for the lease of the convicts to one person, or company, under a general Georgia, and yet that state is deriving from the lease of its conv.cts ten or fifteen times as much as Georgia is getting for hers. While my measure does not prov.de the same system that Alabama has, it embodies some of its principal features. The bill is as follows:

The bill is as follows:

1. Be it enacted by the general assembly of the state of Georgia, and it is nerely enacted by authority of the same, that from and after the passage of this act the principal keeper of the penitentiary shall be elected by the people in the same manner, at the same time and for the same term as other state house omicials are now elected. Should any vacancy occur by reason of death or otherwise it shall be the duty of the governor to appoint his successor for the unexpired term.

The Old Machinery.

The Old Machinery.

2. Before entering upon the discharge of the duties of his office, the principal keeper shall take and subscribe the oath now required to be taken by other state house officers, and shall execute a joint and several bond in the sum of ten thousand dollars (\$10,000), payable to the governor of the state and his successors in office, conditional for the faithful performance of the duties devolving upon him as hereinafter provided. Said bond to be approved by the governor and filed and recorded in the same manner as now required by law for the filing and recording of the bonds of other state house officers. He shall receive for his service a salary of two thousand dollars (\$2,000), and shall be paid in the manner hereinafter provided; and his traveling expenses while in the actual discharge of his duties, which shall be paid by warrant upon itemized statements, certified as true, and approved by the compilation of the paid of the principal of the paid of the

provided.

3. The principal keeper shall have an office in the state cap tol and shall be provided with such books, stationery, stamps and other office supplies in the same way that such things are now furnished to the other state house officers. He shall appoint a clerk, whose duties shall be determined by the principal keeper, and who shall hold office at the pleasure of the principal keeper, and shall receive a salary not to exceed seventy-five dollars (375) per mionth.

month.

4. The governor and the principal keeper shall have full and complete management and control of all felony or state convicts and shall have the power to regulate the hours of their labor, the manner and extent of their corporal punishment, the variety and quantity of the food, the kind and character of their clothing, and shall make such rules and regulations as will insure their safekeeping, humane treatment and proper care.

Old Lease Indorsed.

5. The principal keeper shall at the expiration of the prosent lease, and thereafter whenever the same is necessary, appoint a superintendent for each squad of lifty or more convects, as hereinafter provided, whose duties it shall be to inflict such corporal punishment upon the convicts as may be necessary to insure discipline and obedience, to see that they are properly fed and clothed, that they are safely and properly cared for, that they are humanely treated, and that the rules and regulations prescribed by the governor and principal keeper are faithfully compiled with. Such superintendents shall be provided with such books as are necessary in which to keep a complete and accurate record of all such matters as are required of him in this act and of such other matters and things as may be required of him by the principal keeper, and shall at the end of each three months make a written statement of all such matters and report all violations of or, failures to comply with the rules and regulations on the part of the hirer or lesse of the convicts, as hereinafter provided. He shall hold office at the pleasure of the principal keeper and shall receive for his services the following salary: For a squad of not less than iffty nor more than one hundred convicts six hundred dollars (\$600) per annum. For a squad of not less than one hundred and fifty dollars (\$600) per annum. For a squad of not less than two hundred nor more than two hundred seven hundred and fifty dollars (\$600) per annum. For a squad of not less than two hundred nor more than five hundred one thousand dollars (\$1.000) per annum. Before entering upon the discharge of the duties of his office he shall take and subscribe the same oath prescribed for other officers, and shall execute a joint and several bord, nayable to the governor of the state and his successors in office, in the sum of two thousand dollars (\$2,000), conditional for a faithful compliance of the duties required of him; said bond shall be approved, filed and record Old Lease Indorsed.

To Classify Convicts.

AFRICANA cures Catarrh.
AFRICANA cures all Blood and Skin diseases.
A trial will convince you of its merits.
Sold by Druggists.

SAFETY APPLIANCES.

SAFETY APPLIANCES.

Notice is hereby given that the Atlanta and West Point Railroad Company and the Western Railway of Alabama have applied to the interstate commerce commission for an extension of time beyond January 1, 1858, within which they are required to equip their freight cars with automatic couplers and power or train brakes under sections 2 and 3 of an act approved March 2, 1858, relating to the equipment of cars used in interstate commerce with such safety appliances, and that a hearing upon sald application will be had at the office of the commission in Washington, D. C., op December 1, 1897, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon.

At that hearing all persons interested for against the granting of the relief prayed for will be granting of the relief prayed for a painst the granting of the relief prayed for will be granting of the relief prayed for will be granting of the relief prayed for a painst the granting of the relief prayed for a painst the granting of the relief prayed for a painst the granting of the relief prayed for a painst the granting of the relief prayed for will be granting of the relief prayed for a painst the granting of the relief prayed for will be granting of the relief prayed for

The Order of Leasing. 8. In the advertisement hereinbefore provided the governor shall state the number, sex and color of each class of convicts to be hired or leased, the conditions and requirements and terms upon which said convicts are to be hired or leased, and such other additional information as he may deem necessary to a fair and full understanding of the meaning and spirit of this act.

deem necessary to a fair and full understanding of the meaning and spirit of this act.

9. On or after the said 15th day of November, 1828, as hereinbefore provided, the governor shall proceed to open and examine such offers or bids of hiring or leasing the convicts as hereinbefore provided and shall hire or lease them as heretofore provided in this act, to the highest and best bidder or bidders. Provided that before any contractor to whom convicts have been awarded shall be given the possession and control of said convicts he shall execute a joint bond to be approved by the governor payable to the governor of the state and his successors in office, to be filed and recorded in the same way as hereinbefore provided for the filing and recording the bond of the principal Reeper, and shall aggregate an amount equal to \$100 per capita for a squad of not less than fifty nor more than 100 convicts to the same contractor. Said bond shall provide for the safe-keeping and proper care of the convicts, for their humme treatment, for a faithful compliance with the terms of the contract and for the prompt payment of the hire of the convicts when the same is due. For any willful violation of said comply reasonably with the terms thereof the governor upon the recommendation of the principal keeper may, in his discretion, forfeit said contract and bond as hereinafter provided.

10. Should said contractor, as hereinbe-

limble on his said bond as hereinafter provided.

10. Should said contractor, as hereinbefore provided, violate the terms of said contract, or the provisions of this act, either by himself or any agent or employee under his control, by inflicting corporal punishment upon any convict, or shall cruelly and inhumanely treat any convict, he shall be held liable on his bond in a sum not less than \$100 nor more than \$500 for each such violation, together with all costs and expenses connected with the collection thereof, one-half to be appropriated to the public school fund of the state, the remaining half to belong to said convict to be disposed of as he or she may direct.

In Event of Default. In Event of Default.

In Event of Default.

11.—It shall be the Guty of the principal keeper at the end of each three months to collect the amounts due for the hire of the convicts and pay the same into the state treasury upon a certified statement approved by the comptroller general, five days additional being allowed at the end of each three menths.

12. Upon default in the payment of the hire of the convicts, or forfeiture of the contract, as hereinbafore provided, the comptroller general shall issue instanter, an execution for the amount so due, together with all interest and costs; in case the said contract is, for any cause forfeited, the comptroller general shall, upon notice by the governor of such fact, collect, in addition to the hire or amount of the forfeiture, 25 per cent on the bond as liquidated damages, with all costs. Said executions shall be collected as executions against tax collectors are now collected by law.

13. Be it further enacted that the hirers

executions shall be collected as executions agairst tax collectors are now collected by law.

13. Be it further enacted that the hirers or lersees to whom said convicts may be awarded, as hereinbefore provided, shall pay for the transportation of the convicts, shall erect, at their own expense, such hospitals; prisons, guardhouses and all other necessary buildings for the safe and proper care of the convicts; shall furnish them with food and clothing; shall furnish at their own expense such guards and other officers as may be necessary; shall furnish their own expense such guards and other officers as may be necessary; shall furnish their own machinery, tools, utenslis and such other equipments as they may degire; shall furnish all medicines and medical attention and all other expenses not herein enumerated. Provided, the state rhall pay the salary and expenses of the principal keeper, including clerk bire and all expenses connected with his office, and the salaries of such superintendents as may be appointed as hereinbefore provided.

14. It shall be the duty of the principal keeper to visit, from time to time, at least twice per year, each camp or place where any of said convicts may be confined, and make a written statement to the governor as to the condition of the convicts, the premises where they are confined, and of all other matters which may tend to show whether or not the contract of hiring or leasing is being faithfully kept by such contractors.

all other matters which may tend to show whether or not the contract of hiring or leasing is being faithfully kept by such contractors.

15. That the proceeds from the hiring or leasing of the convicts shall be applied first to the payment of the salagies of the principal keeper. his clerk, and of the superintendents as hereinbefore provided, to gether with all other expenses connected with carrying out the provisions of this act: the remainder, if any, shall be credited and appropriated to the public school fund of the state.

ELECTROLYSIS MEETING SOON. Judge Hillyer Will Probably Call It

for Friday or Saturday. Judge George Hillyer will probably call a meeting of the jo'nt committee on electrolysis for Friday or Saturdây. The committee consists of the water board and the board of electrical control. The question was referred to the two boards by the council a week ago. the council a week ago. City Electrician Harper has received re-

plies to the communications sent to certain northern cities, seeking information as to the workings of electrolysis, and these replies will be read to the joint committee. The question will then be taken up and Mr. Harper will be prepared to tell the

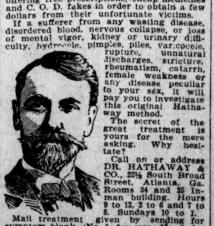
boards all about electrolysis and the whole subject will be gone over. Electrical men-representing all of the electric power companies in the city will be invited to attend

THEIR SUCCESS Dr. Hathaway & Co. s successes have be come a household word. Why? The an-swer is simple. They are men with the courage of their convictions. Originators

come a household word. Why? The answer is simple. They are men with the courage of their convictions. Originators, not imitators. Their methods, like themselves, are in harmony with the people and the times. New and up-to-date. Among the legions of miscalled experts and legitimate specialists they stand today with clean hands in the front rank of respectable professionalism as acknowledged originators of the new and now widely adopted method of treating chronic and complicated disorders.

Their reputation rests not on the cheap, transparent platform of purchased testimony, but on a long list of cured patients, visible local witnesses of their skill. As physicians of business and social status in the community they pledge a complete course of treatment and ultimate cure by the "Hathaway method," unabridged, and at prices within the reach of all.

They are regular graduates in medicine from some of the best medical colleges in the world, and hold licenses to practice from different State Boards of Health. They conduct their business on a strictly professional basis, promising nothing but what they can fulfill, and do not adopt the many fake and fraudulent methods that many doctors and so-called specialists in offering free prescriptions, cheap medicines and C. O. D. fakes in order to obtain a few dollars from their unfortunate victims.



change for Concretes, open a corrhosa, open a corrhosa, open a corrhosa, or any inflammation, irritation or ucorriton of nucesses for the correction of nucesses for the correction of nucesses for the correction of the correction

SINGING

G-D CHICAGO WAIST.



It is an ideal garment. Comfort and perfect fit are combined most effectively in this, the most popular of all the corset waists. Ladies who have tried this waist value it highly. We should like you to give it a trial.

Comes in all sizes. White, Drab and Fast Black. Price, \$1.

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Tooth Powder AN ELEGANT TOILET LUXURY.

Used by people of refirement

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KODAK FILMS AND PLATES Developed, printed and finished. Photograph work of all kinds for the amateur. McCLEERY. 314 Norcross B'd Ig, Atlanta, Ga,

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Interstate Commerce Commission.

(SAFETY APPLIANCES.) Notice is hereby given that the Southern Railway Company, for itself and its affili-Jaruary 1, 1898, within which they are required to equip their freight cars with automatic couriers and power or train brakes under sections 2 and 3 of an act approved March 2, 1893, relating to the equipat the office of the commission in Washington, D. C., on December 1, 1897, at 10

At that hearing all persons interested for or against the granting of the relief prayed for will be heard either in person or b By order of the commission.

EDW. A. MOSELEY, Secretary. A SPEEDY GURE for Lost Manhood, Weakness. Nervous Debility,
Impaired Memory, Resuits of Errors of Youth. Blood Polson, Diseases of
Kidneys, Bladder and other organs. Advice and valuable medical book, sealed, free. Address DR. GRINDLE, 171 West 12th St., New York City.
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Stone by stone we build a mansion,

TRULY it's the little things that count. Watch where you can make little economies and it follows as the night the day that the big economies will take care of themselves. We have a few of the "Little Things" worth mentioning.

> 40 dozen Club Ties in all the latest stripes and plaids, cut narrow in graduated value......25C

A new lot Night Shirts of good standard muslin, neatly trimmed, worth 75c, at...... 50C

3 cases Underwear in natural gray and fawn, a thoroughly reliable quality, worth in eastern market \$1.25



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ESTABLISHED 1857.

Dealer in foreign and domestic Wines, Liquors, Bottleu Beer, Porter, etc., etc. Blackberry and Scuppernong (very old). Imported liquors. All liquors and wines can be safely used for medicinal purposes Pure corn whiskies, old apple and peach brandies, cins, rum. Fye and Bourbon whiskies, California grape brandles. Also guns, pistols and ammunition; boots and shoes, baseball shoes, baseball and bats, and other leather goods; hardware, hollowware, nails, etc., hatchets, axes, etc.; field and garden seeds. Fifteen bushel German millet on hand now; will be sold low. Turnip seeds on hand.

All orders from country will be promptly filled at lowest rates for such goods as I handie. Fruit jars for sale—Mason's and Millville. Terms cash.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS. ANDREW J. BRYAN & CO., Architects, 344 and 346 Equitable Building, ATLANTA, GA. Courthouses a Specialty.

R. T. Dorsey, P. H. Brewster, Albert Howell DORSEY, BREWSTER & HOWELL Offices-1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6 Lowe building.

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Practice in state and federal courts. SCHOOL TEACHERS OUT OF WORK supplied with information as to vacancles in schools or election of teachers. We read all the scuthern newspapers. SOUTHERN PRESS CLIPPING BUREAU,

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Standard Printing Ink Co., Kc. 20 W. Canal St., CINCINNATI, O Established in 1857.

MEXICAN GULF HOTEL

Pass Christian, Miss. This excellent hotel is now open for the eception of guests from all non-infected

H. C. FERGUSON,

ANSLEY BROS. Real Estate and Loan Agents.

Real Estate and Loan Agents.

\$12,000—For a piece of Whitehall street business property in business section of street;
This is a rare chance.

SOUTH PRYOR ST. LOTS—We have some beauties that we can sell for \$1,100 to \$3,500, according to location.

\$5 PER ACRE for 10 acres of nice land six miles from city; 25 acres cleared. \$1,200 FOR PRETTY lot 12 feet front and fine depth, near Peachtree.

\$3,000 FOR A NICE cottage home on north side, very close in; come see it.

BEAUTIFUL LOTS—Part of L. P. Grant estate; nice shade, monthly payments; Boulevard, Park ave., Thomas st., Grant st., etc. st., etc. \$3,000-Beautiful farm near Decatur with nice improvements.
Office, 12 E. Ala, st. Telephone 363.

Walker Dunson Thos. H. Northen. NORTHEN & DUNSON, Real Estate and Loans, 409 Equitable Bidg.
NORTH AVE.—New 2-story house, all
modern conveniences, between Peachtree and West Peachtree, for only \$4,600.
PIEDMONT AVE.—Large corner lot, 83x
200, suitable for subdivision, for just \$3,000.
WEST PEACHTREE lot 50x200, cheapest
ever offered, for only \$3,000.
EOUTEVARD—New, 3-room, two-story,
modern house, east front, best part of
street, good garden and stable, for only
\$5,000; \$1,300 cash, balance easy terms.
CAPITOL AVE.—Six-room house, north
of Georgia avenue, only \$2,000.
PEACHTREE ROAD—Five acres of land
with frontage of 256 feet on finest chert
road in country, just beyond Brookwood,
only \$2,500.

FOR SALE.

\$5,000—Takes the cheapest 10-r. h., close in with large corner lot, on north side. \$3,500—For a good two-story brick store o prominent business street that rents for \$3,500—For a good two-story brick store on prominent business street that rents for \$35 per month.
\$10,000—Nine houses that rent for \$100 per month, on a good street; this is a bargain and a money maker.
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We have a cash customer who wants to invest from \$2,500 to \$3,000 in some good, rent paying property; must be a bargain.

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A. J. WEST & CO. REAL ESTATE.

Within one block of Grand opera house we offer a splendid residence for \$5,000.

10 acres near city limits for sale cheap or for rent.

100x170 feet, Inman Park, only \$1,600.

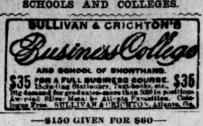
Beautiful lot Juniper street, cheap.

136x136 feet, with large brick building, on Hunter street, near state capitol, \$12,000.

Special bargain in a beautiful West End lot.

lot.
50 acre farm in Douglas county, \$750.
52x150 feet, Washington street, \$4.000.
Pretty lot, best portion of Peachtree street for less than its value.
Board for winter in a lovely home with an out-of-town family. Two south front rooms, on railroad.
A. J. WEST & CO...
16 North Pryor Stre 2.

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Arrival and Departure of All Train from This City—Standard Time

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Georgia Railroad.

Seaboard Air-Line.

Atlanta, Knoxville and Northern 3

(Via W. and A. R. R. to Marietta) Knoxville. 7 30 pm Knoxville.....

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14 Wall St., Kimball House

LARGE central corner, 100x219, for sale at a sacrifice; could build six houses that

CLOSE IN 7-room, two-story residence on north side, lot 40x65, can be bought for 3,500. It's cheap.

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Do you want to sell? Do you want to exchange?

Then list your property here and have it printed in our bulletin and otherwise kept before the public.

This is the era of real estate bargains, as we can readily show you. We have accumulated an enormous list of city and suburban property, farms, mineral and timber lands. Write for circular. Atlanta Real Estate Exchange.

Real Estate, Renting and Loans, 28 Peachtree Street.

\$2,000 buys nice 6-room house, lot 50x196½, on East Fair street; water and gas. \$2,750 buys 7-room house close in, on Spring street.

Modern 8-room house, all conveniences, on St. Charles avenue—\$5,500.

\$2,500 to run five years at 6 per cent. Will trade equity for small place.

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Money on hand to loan in sums of \$500 and up on city property. No delay.

FOR RENT—Corner Marietta and Peachtree streets; best location in city: 165 Marietta street, good stand for meat market.

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25 00 281 Fulton street, see dwelling.

25 00 Corner Mangum and Magnolia streets, good location for grocery stand.

20 0310 Whitehall street, 10 rooms.

35 00 155 Whitehall street, 10 rooms.

35 00 155 Whitehall street, 7 rooms.

36 00 162 Loyd street, 8 rooms.

27 Penchtree Street. Modern 8-room house, all conveniences, or

quantity, quality and considered. Atlanta's dressers say so. A look our stock will count you ar

Roofing and Siding.

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Real Estate and Renting Agent,

A STOREHOUSE and dwelling on a prominent business corner at \$800 less than cost; this is a fine opportunity for one desiring to engage in a good, paying busmess. G. W. Adair, 14 Wall st.

This is the friendly meeting place where the burdened unload and in-

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ISAAC LIEBMAN & SON,

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established, pays good dividends and will bear the closes investigation. None but perienced and reliable ages need apply. Address, with I erences, S. D. J., care Co.

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Wanted sell the stock of a reliable in stitution. The company is we